REPORT OF THE VIRGINIA CODE COMMISSION ON

The Revision Of Chapter 4 of Title 6.1 Of The Code of Virginia

TO THE GOVERNOR AND THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF VIRGINIA



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REPORT OF THE VIRGINIA CODE COMMISSION ON THE REVISION OF CHAPTER 4 OF TITLE 6.1 OF THE CODE OF VIRGINIA TO THE GOVERNOR AND THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF VIRGINIA

Introduction and Summary

House Joint Resolution No. 309, approved by the Virginia General Assembly in 1989, requested the Virginia Code Commission to undertake a revision of Chapter 4 of Title 6.1 of the Code of Virginia. The many changes made by the General Assembly to Virginia's credit union laws since the adoption of the Code of 1950 made it appropriate to reexamine the chapter as a whole, to better organize, simplify and structure the provisions of the chapter, and generally improve the clarity of the law.

The requested revision has been completed, and has resulted in a recodification of Chapter 4 of Title 6.1 as Chapter 4.01 of Title 6.1. The proposed revision consists of fourteen articles and sixty-three sections. A more detailed outline of proposed Chapter 4.01 is contained in Appendix I. A copy of the proposed revision, as approved by the Code Commission, follows this report. Drafting Notes following each section of the proposed text explain the changes.

In revising present Chapter 4 of Title 6.1 the Commission was guided by several goals:

- Simplification of language wherever possible;
- Substitution of commonly used terms for archaic language;
- Alphabetical arrangement of terms in a new definitional section;
- Comporting outdated industry practices and procedures to modern practice and procedure;
- Organizing the Act into articles to provide easier access to the Act;
- Enumerating powers of credit unions rather than continue to rely upon implied powers;
- Clarifying powers and duties of board of directors, credit and supervisory committees and establishing loan officer procedure.

A more detailed summary of the proposal reviewed by the Code Commission, the background for the need of the revision and an explanation of the changes reviewed by the Code Commission is contained in Appendix II.

Consideration was given to include within the proposed revision provisions to allow state chartered credit unions to include in their membership groups with common bonds, if located in the same geographical area, as allowed by federal law. However, the Code Commission felt that this proposal was a substantive change to existing law and would be more properly addressed in a separate piece of legislation introduced to accomplish such a change. For the same reasons the Code Commission decided not to include within the revision a proposal which would make a minor the sole owner of his share account free from the control of others.

During its deliberations the Commission was assisted by Eugene H. Farley, Jr., President of the Virginia Credit Union League, and Reginald N. Jones, counsel to the Virginia Credit Union League, who was the chief draftsman of the revision of Chapter 4 of Title 6.1. The Commission would like to thank them for their hard work and helpful counsel.

> Respectfully submitted, Dudley J. Emick, Jr. (Chairman) J. Samuel Glasscock (Vice Chairman) E. M. Miller, Jr. (Secretary) Russell M. Carneal Joseph V. Gartlan, Jr. H. Lane Kneeler John Wingo Knowles Theodore V. Morrison, Jr. William F. Parkerson, Jr. A. L. Philpott

PROPOSED REVISION

1	CHAPTER 4.01.
2	VIRGINIA CREDIT UNION ACT.
3	Article 1.
4	General Provisions.
5	<u>§ 6.1-225.1. Short titleThis chapter shall be known and may</u>
6	<u>be cited as the Virginia Credit Union Act.</u>
7	<u>§ 6.1-225.2. DefinitionsWhen used in this chapter, unless the</u>
8	context requires a different meaning, the following terms shall have
9	the following meanings;
10	"Capital" means the sum of share accounts, reserves, and
11	undivided earnings of a credit union.
12	"Commission" means the State Corporation Commission.
13	"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Bureau of Financial
14	Institutions of the State Corporation Commission of Virginia.
15	<u>"Corporate credit union" means a credit union whose field of</u>
16	membership consists primarily of other credit unions.
17	"Credit union" means a cooperative, nonprofit corporation,
18	organized under the laws of this Commonwealth and authorized to do
19	business under this chapter for the purposes of encouraging thrift
20	among its members, creating a source of credit at fair and reasonable
21	rates of interest, providing an opportunity for its members to use and
22	control their own money on a democratic basis in order to improve
23	their economic and social condition, and conducting any other
24	business, engaging in any other activity, and providing any other
25	service that may be of benefit to its members. consistent with the
26	provisions of this chapter and any regulations adopted by the
27	Commission under this chapter.
28	Drafting Note: From Model Credit Union Act (1987) (MCUA) and similar

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TITL6CU TMG 1 to various states: Texas, California, North Carolina, Kentucky, West 2 Virginia, and Section 101 (12 U.S.C. & 1752) Fed. Credit Union Act 3 (FCUA).

4 "Immediate family" includes persons related by blood or marriage

5 as well as foster and adopted children.

6 Drafting Note: Section 6.1-198(3) refers to "members of their 7 families" in referring to persons having a common bond in qualifying 8 for membership in a credit union. Current Virginia law is similar to 9 the MCUA. Many states define "immediate family" and the recommended 10 definition is similar to that of North Carolina and most states with a 11 definition in their credit union act.

12 "Insuring organization" means an organization that provides aid

13 and financial assistance to credit unions that are in the process of

14 liquidation or are incurring financial difficulty in order that the

15 share accounts in the credit unions shall be protected or guaranteed

16 against loss up to a specified limit for each account, such as the

17 National Credit Union Administration Share Insurance Fund, a

18 corporation organized under the Virginia Credit Union Share Insurance

19 Act or any other share insurance provider approved by the Commission.

20 "Member" means any person, corporation, association, partnership,

21 society, firm, trust or other legal entity holding a share account in

22 accordance with standards specified by the credit union.

<u>"Reserves" means the total of allowance for loan losses, regular.</u>
special, and any other type of funds held in reserve.

25 "Share account" means a balance held by a credit union and
26 established by a member in accordance with standards specified by the
27 credit union, including balances designated as shares, share
28 certificates, share draft accounts, or other names. Ownership of a
29 share account confers membership and voting rights as set forth in the
30 credit union bylaws and represents an interest in the capital of the

31 <u>credit union upon dissolution or conversion to another type of</u>

32 institution.

TITLECU TMG 1 Drafting Note: Definition from MCUA clarifies that share ownership 2 confers membership, voting rights, and an interest in capital of the 3 credit union. 4 <u>"Shares" means the interest of a member having an account in the</u> 5 credit union, and shall be subordinate to all other obligations of the

- 6 credit union.
- 7 Drafting Note: Defined in § 6.1-196. Corrects current law to include
- 8 the interest of a member who has a share draft account which is
- 9 not a "savings" account.

1	
2	Article 2.
3	Supervision and Regulation,
4	§ <u>6-1-220-6.1-225.3</u> . Supervision and examination-regulation
5	by Commission +-report-+-penalty <u>Corporations-Credit unions</u>
6	organized under the provisions of this chapter shall be subject to
7	such-the supervision and examination-as-regulation of the Commission
8	may,-in-its-discretion,-deem-necessary Every-such-corporation-shall
9	make-a-report-of-condition-to-the-Commission-at-the-close-of-business-
10	on-December-31-of-each-year-These-reports-shall-be-signed-by-the-
11	president-and-the-treasurer-or-secretary-or-by-a-majority-of-the-
12	members-of-the-supervisory-committee,-and-they-shall-make-such-other-
13	reports-as-the-Commission-shall-at-any-time-demandAny-such-
14	corporation-which-neglects,-willfully-fails,-or-refuses-to-make-any-
5 י	report-called-for-shall-be-subject-to-a-fine-of-up-to-\$100-per-day,-to
ō	a-maximum-of-\$1070007-for-each-day-such-neglect7-willful-failure7-or-
17	refusal-continuesThe-Commission-shall-impose-such-a-fine-unless-the-
18	imposition-thereof-be-excused-for-good-cause-shown,-upon-petition-by-
19	the-offending-credit-unionThe Commission may adopt regulations to
20	implement the provisions of this chapter,
21	Bofore promulgating any regulation, the Commission shall give
22	reasonable notice of its content and shall afford interested parties
23	an opportunity to present evidence and be heard, in accordance with
24	the Rules of Practice and Procedure of the Commission.
25 26 27 28 29	Drafting Note: As in current law, establishes that state-chartered credit unions shall be supervised and regulated by the Commission. The word "examination" has been changed to "regulation" to more properly reflect the role of the Commission. The stricken provisions have been relocated within Article 2.

The last sentence is added to specifically authorize the Commission to

1 promulgate regulations to implement the Act.

§ 6-1-221-6.1-225.4. Examinations.--Each credit union shall be 2 examined as often as the Commission deems such an examination to be i 3 the shareholders--interest --Such-of its members. An examination 4 shall be conducted at least twice in every three-year period. 5 The examiners shall be given free access to all books, papers, securities 6 , and other sources of information in respect to such eorporation-7 8 <u>credit union</u>. For the purpose of making such examination <u>the</u> Commission may subpoena and examine personally witnesses on-under____ 9 oath, whether such witnesses are members of the corporation-credit_ 10 union or not, and may require the production of any documents, whether 11 such documents are documents of the eorporation-credit union or not. 12 13 All expenses incident to any special examination which may be necessary may-be-ordered-to-shall_be paid by the credit union so 14 examined. 15

16 Drafting Note: Does not change present examination requirement of at 17 least two examinations every three years or as often as necessary to 18 protect a member's interest. No substantive change.

19 § 6-1-221-1-6.1-225.5. Fees for examination, supervision __and regulation. -- In order to defray the costs of the examination described 20 in § 6-1-221-6.1-225.4 and of supervision and regulation by the 21 Commission, every credit union shall pay an annual fee, to be 22 calculated in accordance with a schedule set by the Commission. Such 23 schedule shall bear a reasonable relationship to the total assets of 24 various individual credit unions, to the actual cost of their 25 26 respective examinations, and to other factors relating to their supervision and regulation. Fees shall be assessed pursuant to this 27 section on or before March-17-19827-and-before-March 1 each year 28 thereafter-. All fees so assessed shall be paid by the credit union to 29

1 the state treasury on or before March 31 following the assessment.

2 Drafting Note: Combines old fee sections for examination and 3 supervision and regulation in same section and updates without any 4 substantive change.

§ 6-1-222-6.1-225.6_. Failure-to-make-reports-or-pay-charges-5 6 Reports to the Commission .-- A. No later than March 31 of each year, every credit union shall report to the Commission regarding its 7 condition as of the close of business on the preceding December 31. 8 These reports shall be signed by the president or the chairman and the 9 treasurer or secretary, or by the majority of the members of the 10 supervisory committee, and every credit union shall make such other 11 12 reports as the Commissioner shall at any time demand, In-the-event-that-B. If any credit union shall-neglect-or-13 14 refuse-neglects or refuses to make its reports as provided in this 15 chapter for more than fifteen days, or in-the-event-that-any-suchcorporation-shall-fail-if any credit union fails to pay such charges 16 as are required under this chapter, including any charges for delay in 17 filing reports, it shall be subject to a fine of up to \$100 per day, 18 to a maximum of \$5,000 or the Commission shall give notice to such 19 corporation-credit union of its intention to revoke the certificate 20 of approval-authority of such eorporation-credit union for such 21 neglect or failure 7-and-if-. If such neglect or failure continues 22 for fifteen days after such notice, then the Commission may revoke or 23 suspend the license-certificate of authority of the corporation-24 credit union . And, in In such event, the Commission may, in its 25 discretion, (i) close such corporation-credit union and take 26 possession of its property and business until such time as it may see 27 fit to allow the eorporation-credit union to resume business 7-or may-28 29 (ii) proceed to finally liquidate such business 7-as-may-seem-proper-.

TITL6CU TMG Penalty for failure to make reports required by State 1 Drafting Note: Corporation Commission ("SCC") for a period of fifteen days or pay 2 3 charges due to SCC. Upon notice to credit union, the SCC can revoke or suspend certificate of authority. Same as current § 6.1-222. 4 5 §-6-1-200-2---Amendment-of-powers-by-regulation-of-Commission---A--In-addition-to-the-powers-specifically-granted-to-6 7 credit-unions-by-the-provisions-of-this-chapter,-the-Commission-may-by

8 appropriate-regulation-amend-the-powers-of-state-credit-unions-so-as-

9 to-allow-them-to-have-powers-at-least-comparable-to-those-granted-to-

10 federal-credit-unions-engaged-in-business-in-this-Commonwealth-or-to-

11 effect-the-purposes-of-this-chapter---Such-regulations-shall-be-

12 effective-upon-their-adoption,-and-shall-continue-in-effect-until-

13 amended-or-revoked-by-the-Commission-or-superseded-by-action-of-the-

14 General-Assembly-of-Virginia---

B--1--- § 6.1-225.7. Cease and desist order: right to hearing.--15 A. The Commissioner may issue and serve upon a credit union an order 16 to cease and desist from any-one or more_unsafe or unsound practice-17 practices or a-violation-violations if, in the opinion of the 18 Commissioner, a credit union (i) is engaging or has engaged, or there 19 20 is reasonable cause to believe is about to engage, in an unsafe or unsound practice in-the-operation-of-the-credit-union-; or (ii) is 21 violating or has violated, or there is reasonable cause to believe is 22 about to violate, this chapter or any other applicable law, regulation 23 An order to cease and desist shall contain a statement of .or order. 24 the facts constituting the alleged violations or unsafe or unsound 25 practice-or-violation-practices or violations, and it-the order may 26 require, in terms that may be mandatory or otherwise, a credit union, 27 28 its officers, directors, employees __or agents to cease and desist from such practices_or violations_. Such-The_ 29 order shall specify the effective date thereof and shall contain a 30

notice to the credit union of its rights-right_to request-a hearing
 on such order in accordance with Rules 3:4 and 5:6 of the "Rules of
 Practice and Procedure of the State Corporation Commission."

2--When-the-B. If an unsafe or unsound practice or violation 4 specified in such-the order to cease and desist, or any continuation 5 6 thereof, is likely to prejudice the interest of the members of the credit union, the Commissioner may issue his-an order effective 7 8 immediately. An order to cease and desist shall remain in effect until it is withdrawn by the Commissioner or is terminated by the Commission 9 after a hearing on the matter. A request for hearing under this 10 11 section shall be given expeditious treatment on the docket of the Commission __ and the Commission need not allow for ten days' notice to 12 the parties. 13

14 Drafting Note: This section is taken from subdivisions B1 and B2 of 15 current § 6.1-200.2. SCC given authority to order a credit union to 6 cease certain unsafe or unsound practices. The procedure is 7 established for an expedited hearing before the Commission. This 18 section is identical to subdivisions D.1 and D.2 of § 6.1-194.83 for 19 savings and loans.

20 <u>§ 6.1-225.8</u>, Powers of Commission in case of nonobservance of

21 law, noncompliance with orders, insufficient reserves or insolvency,

22 etc.--If the Commission finds that (i) a credit union is in violation

23 of some law or regulation applicable to it. (ii) a credit union is

24 being operated in an unsafe or unsound manner, (iii) a credit union

25 has failed to comply with a lawful order of the Commissioner, (iv) the

26 reserve of the credit union fails to meet the requirements set forth

27 in § 6.1-225.58, or (v) a credit union is, or is about to become.

28 insolvent, it shall give immediate notice of its finding to the

29 officers and directors of the credit union. If necessary to conserve

30 the assets of the credit union or protect the interests of the members

1	of the credit union, the Commission may, after reasonable notice to
2	the credit union and an opportunity for it to be heard:
3	1. Close the credit union for a period not exceeding sixty days,
4	which period may be extended for additional like periods as the
5	Commission may deem necessary:
6	2. Require the officers and directors of the credit union to
7	liquidate outstanding loans:
8	3. Require that all lawful orders of the Commission be complied
9	with:
10	4. Require the credit union to make reports daily or otherwise
11	as to the results achieved in carrying out its orders;
12	5. Temporarily suspend the right of such credit union to receive
13	any further investment in its payments into share accounts:
14	6. Grant the right to suspend or limit withdrawals against share
15	accounts for such period as the Commission may deem necessary;
16	7. Appoint a conservator to take charge of the credit union and
17	operate it pending further action by the Commission.
18	If the Commission determines that a credit union is insolvent and
19	that a receiver should be appointed for a credit union, the Commission
20	may close the doors of the credit union, take charge of the books,
21	assets and affairs of the credit union, and apply to any court in the
22	Commonwealth having jurisdiction to appoint receivers for the
23	appointment of a receiver to take charge of the credit union's
24	business and assets. A credit union shall be deemed insolvent when
25	the current value of its assets is less than the current value of the
2 6	<pre>sum_of_its_share_accounts_and_liabilities,</pre>
27 28 29	Drafting Note: This section provides new powers to the Commission when a credit union fails to operate in a safe and sound manner, fails to comply with order of SCC or the law, or is or is about to become

TITL6CU TMG insolvent, has insufficient reserves or is in violation of some law or 1 regulation. "Insolvent" is currently defined in subsection E of § 2 6.1 - 200.4. (Similar to subsections A and B of § 6.1-194.83) 3 4 $\frac{6}{1-223} + \frac{-6}{1-225}$. Penalties for violation of orders of Commission ; removal of official .-- The Commission may impose, enter 5 judgment for, and enforce by its process, a fine of not more than 6 \$10,000 against any credit union or against any of its directors, 7 8 officers <u>.</u>or employees for knowingly or willfully violating any lawful order of the Commission +-and-, The Commission may remove 9 from office, in accordance with the procedure set forth in § 10 6.1-194.84. any director or officer who a-second-time-violates any 11 12 such order but-in-all-cases-the-defendant-shall-have-an-opportunity-to 13 be-heard-and-to-introduce-evidence,-and-the-right-to-appeal-asprovided-by-law-or who knowingly continues to violate any law 14 relating to credit unions or knowingly continues an unsafe or unsound 15 practice in conducting the business of a credit union . 16 7 Drafting Note: Section same as § 6.1-223.1 except may remove an official on first offense rather than getting a free bite at the -8 19 apple. SCC amendment eliminates right of appeal language from statute. 20 § 6-1-200-4---6.1-225.10. Merger-Supervisory merger_or 21 transfer of assets of-insolvent-credit-unions-.--A. If the Commission 22 shall find that a credit union incorporated pursuant to this chapter 23 24 is insolvent or-, that an emergency exists, and that its merger into another credit union incorporated-pursuant-to-this-chapter-or-a-25 federal-credit-union-incorporated-pursuant-to-the-laws-of-the-United-26 Sta es-and-authorized-to-do-business-as-a-credit-union-in-the-27 Commonwealth-of-Virginia-is desirable for the protection of its 28 members, and if the board of directors of both credit unions shall 29 approve a plan of merging such insolvent state credit union into 30 another state credit union or a federal credit union, compliance with :1

§ 13.1-895 shall be dispensed with as to both credit unions and the
 approval of the Commission of such plan of merger shall be the
 equivalent of approval by more than two-thirds of the members of both
 credit unions for all purposes of Article 11 (§ 13.1-894 et seq.) and
 Article 12 (§ 13.1-899 et seq.) of Chapter 10 of Title 13.1.

B. If the Commission finds that a state credit union is 6 insolvent, that the acquisition of its assets by another state credit 7 union or a federal credit union is in the best interests of its 8 members, and that an emergency exists, it may, with consent of the 9 board of directors of both credit unions as to the terms and 10 conditions of such transfer, including the assumption of all or 11 12 certain liabilities, enter an order transferring some or all of the assets of such insolvent state credit union to such other state or 13 federal credit union and no compliance with the provisions of §§ 14 13.1-899 and 13.1-900 shall be required. 15

C. In the case either of such a merger or of such a sale of 16 assets, the Commission shall provide that prompt notice of its 17 findings of insolvency and of the merger or sale of assets be sent to 18 the members of record of the insolvent state credit union for the 19 purpose of providing such members an opportunity to challenge the 20 finding that the state credit union is insolvent. The relevant books 21 and records of such insolvent credit union shall be preserved and be 22 made available to such members for a period of thirty days after such 23 notice is sent. The Commission's finding of insolvency shall become 24 final if a hearing before the Commission is not requested by any such 25 member within such thirty-day period. 26

D. If, after such hearing provided in subsection C of this section, the Commission finds that such state credit union was

solvent, it shall rescind its order entered pursuant to subsection A
 or subsection B of this section and the merger or transfer of assets
 shall be rescinded. After such hearing, however, if the Commission
 finds that such state credit union was insolvent, its order shall be
 final.

6 E---For-the-purposes-of-this-section,-the-word-"insolvent"-shall7 mean-that-the-current-value-of-liabilities-is-in-excess-of-the-current
8 value-of-assets---

9 Fr--E. Notwithstanding the provisions of \$-6-1-198(3)10 subsection B of § 6.1-225.23, or any other provisions of this
11 chapter, the Commission may order a merger pursuant to subsection A of
12 this section or a sale of assets pursuant to subsection B of this
13 section. The continuing credit union, upon approval of the Commission,
14 may-shall amend its bylaws to incorporate the specified common bond
15 of interest of the insolvent credit union.

16 <u>F. The Commission may authorize a financial institution whose</u>

17 deposits are insured by a federal agency to purchase any of the assets

18 of or assume any of the liabilities of a credit union which is

19 insolvent or in danger of insolvency, provided, that prior to

20 exercising this authority the Commission shall use every reasonable

21 effort to effect a merger or consolidation with or purchase and

22 assumption by another credit union and has been advised by the

23 insuring organization that it cannot effect a merger, consolidation or

24 other disposition of the insolvent credit union acceptable to the

25 <u>Commission</u>

26 Drafting Note: Section 6.1-200.4 was adopted in 1982 and amended in 27 1985 to give the Commission the power to force a merger or sale of 28 assets when a credit union becomes insolvent or an emergency exists. 29 It only allows mergers between state and federal credit unions. A 30 procedure for challenging the Commission's actions is provided. This

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TITL6CU TMG does not allow mergers with out-of-state credit unions. FCUA allows 1 purchase of credit union assets by FDIC or FSLIC insured institutions 2 3 if a credit union merger partner cannot be found. [Section 205 (h) 4 (i)] This does not address requirement for consent of insuring agent The Commission will take that into consideration in its approval of 5 No change from current § 6.1-200.4 except that insolven_1 6 the merger. definition shifted to § 6.1-225.8 and SCC added language in subsection 7 F that will allow Commission to effect a sale of assets to any 8 federally insured financial institution if a credit union cannot be 9 found for a merger or consolidation and the insuing organization 10 cannot effect a merger or consolidation acceptable to the Commission. 11 12 §-6,1-200,5,--6.1-225.11. Consolidation or merger.--Notwithstanding the provisions of §-6-1-198-(3)-subsection_B_ 13 14 of § 6.1-225.23, two credit unions may consolidate or merge, subject to the approval of the Commission, when the Commission finds that an 15 emergency exists and that the merger or consolidation will promote the 16 best interests of the members. 17 Drafting Note: This section, while appearing very similar to § 18

18 Drafting Note: This section, while appearing very similar to § 19 6.1-225.23, is distinguishable because it allows the Commission to 20 consolidate or merge credit unions without board approval as required 21 by current § 6.1-200.4 (new § 6.1-225.24). No change in law.

§ 6-1-223---6.1-225.12. Effect-of-violation-of-chapter-or-22 insolveney-Involuntary dissolution .-- In the event that-it-appear-to-23 the Commission determines that any-such-corporation-a_credit_union_is 24 violating any provisions of this chapter, it may, after a hearing or 25 an opportunity for a hearing has been given to such eerperation-26 credit union, direct that it discontinue the illegal methods or 27 practices mentioned-described in the order. If any credit union is 28 insolvent, or has failed or refused to comply with the provisions of 29 this chapter, the Commission may take possession of the business and 30 property of such corporation-credit union and retain such possession 31 until such time as it may permit such <u>corporation-credit union</u> to 32 resume business, or until its affairs are finally liquidated under 33 34 order of the Commission; or the Commission may apply to any court in this Commonwealth having jurisdiction to appoint receivers for the 35

appointment of a receiver to take charge of the business and assets
and to wind up the affairs and business of any such corporation<u>credit union</u>. Such receiver when appointed shall become and be
assignee of the assets of such <u>corporation-credit union</u>.
Drafting Note: Virginia is one of 43 states that provides for

6 involuntary liquidation by supervisory authority. No substantive

7 change.

1	
2	Article_3,
3	Formation of Credit Union.
4	<pre>§ 6+1-196-6.1-225.13 Incorporation +-shares-and-"short-term-</pre>
5	savings-sharesdefined;-shares-subordinate-to-other-obligations
6	A. Five or more matural-persons-residents of the Commonwealth who
7	are of legal age and share a common bond referred to in subsection B
8	of § 6.1-225.23 may establish , pursuant to the provisions of the
9	Virginia Nonstock Corporation Act (§ 13.1-801 et seq.), establish-a
10	corporation for the purpose of accumulating-and-investing-the-savings-
11	of-its-membersmaking-loans-to-members-for-provident-purposes-and-
12	conducting <u>business as a credit union as herein-provided in this</u>
13	<u>chapter</u> . Every corporation organized under this chapter shall
14	include in the corporate name the words "credit union" as well as some
15	other distinguishing word or words.
16	<u>B.</u> Credit unions hereafter-incorporated pursuant to this chapter
17	-and-credit-unions-heretofore-incorporated-shall hereafter-be subject
18	to the provisions of the Virginia Nonstock Corporation Act except as
19	<u>may otherwise herein be provided in this chapter</u> .
20	As-used-in-this-chapter,-the-word-"shares"-means-the-interest-of-
21	a-member-having-a-savings-account-in-the-credit-union;-and-the-words-
22	"short-term-savings-shares"-mean-a-savings-account-which-by-its-terms-
23	will-be-withdrawn-in-less-than-twelve-months-from-the-date-on-which-
24	the-account-is-opened
25	The-shares-of-members-shall-be-debt-obligations-of-a-credit-union
26	subordinate-to-all-other-obligations-of-the-credit-union
27 28	Drafting Note: Changes require Virginia residents to organize a credit union. Remaining language extracted because it is in the

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28 credit union. Remaining language extracted because it is in the 29 definitional section. The provision stating that "members' shares are

TITL6CU TMG debt obligations of the credit union subordinate to other obligations" 1 is put in definction of "shares." 2 3 § 6.1-225.14. Certificate of authority.--Before it begins to do any business, an organizing credit union shall apply for and obtain 4 from the Commission a certificate of authority An application. 5 accompanied by a fee of \$300, shall be made on a form prescribed by 6 the Commission. The Commission shall issue such a certificate if it 7 finds that: 8 The credit union has been formed for no purpose other than 9 1. the conduct of a legitimate credit union business: 10 The moral fitness, financial responsibility, and other 11 2. qualifications of the proposed officers and directors are such as to 12 13 command the confidence of the members: 3. All applicable provisions of law have been complied with: and 14 15 4. Share accounts in the credit union will be insured by an approved insuring organization. 16 The Commission may issue a certificate on condition that the 17 credit union shall not begin to do business until it is actually 18 issued insurance of accounts by such an insuring organization, 19 A credit union that is not so insured shall not receive funds or 20 21 sell any shares. Drafting Note: Replaces current §§ 6.1-197 and 6.1-200.1 with a list of requirements that must be met in order to receive a certificate of 22 23 authority to commence business as a credit union. Allows for a 24 25 conditional certificate while share insurance is pending. § <u>6-1-198-6,1-225,15</u>. Contents of bylaws; amendments to bylaws 26 27 generally .-- The bylaws of every-a_credit union shall specify: (1)-The-date-of-the-annual-meeting-or-that-the-date-thereof-shall 28 be-as-set-from-time-to-time-by-the-board-of-directors,-which-meeting-29 shall-be-held-each-calendar-year7-and-the-requirements-as-to-notice-of 30

1 all-meetings-of-members;-

2 1. The name of the credit union:

3 2. The <u>purpose</u> for which it was formed:

3. The time of the annual meeting of the members of the credit
union, or a provision that the board of directors may set the time for
the meeting. Such a meeting shall be held each calendar year. Notice
of all meetings shall be given in a manner prescribed in the bylaws,
subject to compliance with § 13.1-842;

9 (2)-4. The number of-directors,-which-shall-not-be-less-than-10 five,-the-powers-: authority and the duties of the directors ,-the-11 maximum-compensation-and the authority duties and maximum compensation 12 of all officers;

13 (3)-5.__The conditions and qualifications for membership --which-14 shall-limit-the-membership-to-persons-having-a-specified-common-bond-15 of-interest,-members-of-their-families,-associations-of-such-persons, 16 other-credit-unions-and-employees-of-the-credit-union-;

16 other-credit-unions-and-employees-of-the-credit-union-;

17 (4)-6. The number of members of the credit committee, <u>if any</u>.
18 and of the supervisory committee, with their respective powers19 <u>authorities</u> and duties;

20 (5)-7.__The conditions upon which shares may be issued,

21 transferred to-another-member-, or withdrawn;

22 (6)-{Repealed-}-

23 (7)-Whether-the-corporation-shall-have-the-power-to-borrow;-

24 (8)-{Repealed-}-

25 (9)-8. The conditions upon which loans may be made and repaid;
26 (10)-The-method-of-receipting-for-money-paid-in-on-account-of27 shares-or-loans;-

28 (+++)-9.__The manner of effecting the forfeiture of a member's

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2 established by the bylaws and remains below such amount for a period

3 of two years;

4 (12)-10. The manner in which dividends shall be determined and 5 paid out; and-

6 (13)-11. The manner in which remaining assets are to be
7 distributed in the event of dissolution after all distributions
8 required by subdivisions-subdivision A 1 7-A-2-and-A-3-of § 13.1-907
9 have-has been made 7--; and

10 12. The manner in which bylaws may be amended.

11 Drafting Note: No major substantive changes includes references to 12 Nonstock Corporation Act. In subdivision 4 a change was made to 13 indicate that there is no longer a requirement to have a credit 14 committee if membership allows the board of directors to serve as a 15 credit committee.

16 §-6-1-199---When-amendments-operative---The-bylaws-when-so-

17 approved-and-filed-shall-be-the-bylaws-of-the-corporation-and-no-

18 amendments-shall-be-operative-unless-the-same-shall-conform-to-the-

19 provisions-of-this-chapter-and-be-approved-by-the-Commission---

20 <u>§ 6,1-225,16</u>. Amendments to articles of incorporation and

21 bylaws. -- The articles of incorporation or the bylaws may be amended as

22 provided in the articles and bylaws, as the case may be, subject to §§

23 <u>13.1-886, 13.1-892, and 13.1-893</u>. Amendments to the articles of

24 incorporation shall be accomplished as provided in §§ 13.1-888 and

25 13.1-889. Proposed amendments to bylaws shall be submitted to the

26 <u>Convissioner</u>, who shall approve or disapprove proposed amendments

27 within thirty days. A bylaw amendment will be effective upon its

28 approval by the Commissioner.

29 Drafting Note: Proposed changes to § 6.1-199 are to include articles 30 of incorporation in this process. Virginia is one of seven states 31 that establish process for bylaws only. A few states require 2/3 or

TITL6CU TMG 3/4 vote of members to amend. Some states don't require supervisory 1 approval. § 13.1-886 provides that unless the board requires a 2 greater vote or the articles of incorporation provide for a greater or 3 4 lesser vote, any proposed amendment of the articles of incorporation 5 shall be approved by more than two-thirds of all the votes cast on the amendment, and in no event can the required vote be less than a 6 majority of all votes cast at a meeting at which a quorum exists. 7 8 The bylaws may be amended or repealed by the board except to the 9 extent that the articles of incorporation or the Nonstock Corporation Act reserves this power to the members or the members have expressly 10 provided that the board may not amend or repeal a particular bylaw. 11 See MCUA § 2.32; Virginia Code §§ 13.1-886, 13.1-892, and 13.1-893. 12 <u>§ 6.1-225.17. Bylaws amended by Commission.--</u> Any bylaw may be 13 amended by the Commission by order entered on its order book and 14 certified to the credit union. Before entering any such order the 15 Commission shall notify the credit union of the proposed amendment and 16 17 afford it an opportunity to be heard thereon-. Drafting Note: No substantive change. 18 § 6.1-225.18. Fiscal year. -- The fiscal year of every credit 19 union shall end at the close of business on December 31, 20 21 Drafting Note: This is the same language as existing § 6.1-209, first 22 sentence. Remaining language in § 6.1-209 is in membership article. § 6-1-224-6.1-225.19_. Unlawful use of words "credit union."--23 The-use-by-It shall be unlawful for any unauthorized person, 24 eopartnership-partnership_, association, or corporation --except-25 corporations-formed-under-the-provisions-of-this-chapter-and-or_ 26 associations or corporations whose membership or constituency consists 27 exclusively of credit unions or members of credit unions, of to use 28 29 any name or title which contains the words "credit union 7-..." A violation of the provisions of this section shall be a Class 1 30 31 misdemeanor --and-punishable-by-a-fine-of-not-less-than-\$10-nor-morethan-\$100-for-each-day-of-the-illegal-use-of-such-name,-and may be 32 33 enjoined by any court having equity jurisdiction over the party-

unauthorized user . 1 Drafting Note: Amends only to classify misdemeanor as Class 1. 2 No other substantive change. 3 § 6.1-225.20. Establishing, moving, closing offices.--A. A 4 credit union may maintain service facilities at locations other than 5 its main office if the maintenance of such offices is reasonably 6 necessary to serve its members. subject to the approval of the 7 Commission. An application to establish such a facility, accompanied 8 by a fee of \$200, shall be made on a form prescribed by the 9 Commission. The Commission shall approve the establishment of the 10 proposed service facility if it appears that the interest of the 11 members will be served thereby and that such establishment will not 12 impair the financial condition of the applicant or any other credit 13 14 union. B. A credit union may change the location of its principal 15 office or a branch office, and may close any such office, provided it gives at least thirty days' prior written notice thereof to the 17 Commissioner in such form as he may prescribe. A credit union shall 18 notify the Commissioner in writing within ten days after it 19 establishes, relocates, or closes any office, 20 21 Drafting Note: Commission requested significant change from current 22 law which allows a credit union to change its place of business on written notice to and approval of the Commission. 23 Proposed change requires application on SCC form and prior approval to 24 establish a branch office. Establishes a shareholder's interest test. 25 Requires thirty days' written notice to move or close a credit union 26 office. Also, must notify Commissioner within ten days after it 27 establishes, relocates, or closes any office. 28 29 All changes were requested by the SCC.

Article_4,
Powers.
5-6-1-200Powers-generallyThe-credit-union-may-receive-the-
savings-of-its-members-in-payment-for-shares-and-short-term-savings-
shares,-may-loan-to-its-members-and-may-undertake-such-other-
activities-relating-to-the-purposes-of-the-credit-union-as-its-charter
or-bylaws-may-authorize,-not-inconsistent-with-the-provisions-of-this-
ehapter
<u>§ 6,1-225,21, General powers,In addition to the powers</u>
specified or implied elsewhere in this chapter or in the laws of this
Commonwealth, a credit union may;
<u>1. Enter into contracts.</u>
2. Sue and be sued.
3. Adopt, use, and display a corporate seal,
4. Receive savings from and make loans and extend lines of
credit to its members.
5. Individually or jointly with other credit unions acquire.
<u>lease as lessor or lessee, hold, assign, pledge, exchange, repair,</u>
mortgage, hypothecate, sell, discount, or otherwise dispose of
property or assets, either in whole or in part, as necessary or
incidental to its operations including such property or assets
obtained as a result of defaults under obligations owing to it.
6. Borrow from any source provided that a credit union shall
notify and obtain prior approval of the Commissioner if the total
borrowings will exceed fifty percent of the credit union's outstanding
shares. In no event shall the borrowings exceed ninety percent of the
credit union's oustanding shares.

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Sell all or substantially all of its assets or purchase all 7. 1 or substantially all of the assets of another credit union subject to 2 the approval of the Commission. 3 8. Offer related financial services, including, but not limited 4 to, electronic fund transfers, share draft accounts, safe deposit 5 boxes, leasing of tangible personal property to its members, and 6 correspondent arrangements with other financial institutions. 7 Hold membership in other credit unions organized under this 9. 8 or other acts, and in associations and organizations controlled by or 9 fostering the interest of credit unions, including a central liquidity 10 11 facility organized under state or federal law. 10. Contract with any licensed insurance company or society to 12 insure the lives of its members to the extent of their loans and share 13 accounts, in whole or in part, and to pay all or a portion of the 14 premium therefore, 15 11. Engage in activities or programs as requested by any 16 governmental authority, subject to the approval of the Commissioner, 17 12. Invest its funds, operate a business, manage or deal in 18 property when such actions are reasonably necessary to avoid loss on a 19 loan or investment previously made or an obligation previously created 20 in good faith. Such property or business is not to be held or 21 operated by the credit union for a period longer than reasonably 22 required to protect the interest of the credit union unless 23 specifically authorized by the Commissioner. 24 13. Make contributions to any nonprofit civic, charitable or 25 service organizations. 26

27 14. Undertake such other activities relating to the purposes of
28 the credit union as its charter or bylaws may authorize. provided such

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1 activities are not inconsistent with this chapter.

Drafting Note: Current law does not enumerate the powers for state 2 Subdivisions 1-3 and 5-12 are from Model Act and credit unions. 3 similar to twenty states, and Fed. Act. Subdivision 4 is from 4 existing Virginia law similar to Fed. Act. Subdivision 6 is similar 5 current law in § 6.1-201. Model Act states fifty percent of "capital 6 and deposits" rather than "outstanding shares." Subdivision 8 should 7 allow leasing programs, e.g., auto leasing. Subdivision 13 is a catch 8 9 all similar to present Virginia law.

10 § 6-1-200-2-6,1-225,22_. Amendment of powers by regulation-of-Commission. -- A --- In addition to the powers specifically granted to 11 credit unions by the provisions of this chapter, the Commission may by 12 appropriate regulation amend the powers of state credit unions so as 13 to allow them to have powers at least comparable to those granted to 14 federal credit unions engaged in business in this Commonwealth or to 15 effect the purposes of this chapter. Such regulations shall be 16 17 effective upon their adoption, and shall continue in effect until amended or revoked by the Commission or superseded by action of the 18 General Assembly of Virginia. The requirement of a public hearing 19 shall not automatically apply to regulations promulgated under this 20 section, but the Commission may hold such a hearing as it deems 21

22 appropriate.

B.-1.-The-Commissioner-may-issue-and-serve-upon-a-credit-union-an 23 24 order-to-cease-and-desist-from-any-unsafe-or-unsound-practice-or-aviolation-if,-in-the-opinion-of-the-Commissioner,-a-credit-union-(i)-25 is-engaging-or-has-engaged--or-there-is-reasonable-cause-to-believe-is 26 about-to-engage,-in-an-unsafe-or-unsound-practice-in-the-operation-of-27 the-credit-union;-or-(ii)-is-violating-or-has-violated,-or-there-is-28 reasonable-cause-to-believe-is-about-to-violate,-this-chapter-or-any-29 30 other-applicable-law--regulation-or-order---An-order-to-cease-and-31 desist-shall-contain-a-statement-of-the-facts-constituting-the-alleged

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1 unsafe-or-unsound-practice-or-violation-and-it-may-require;-in-terms-

2 that-may-be-mandatory-or-otherwise--a-credit-union--its-officers--

3 directors,-employees-or-agents-to-cease-and-desist-from-such-practice-

4 or-violation---Such-order-shall-specify-the-effective-date-thereof-and

5 shall-contain-a-notice-to-the-credit-union-of-its-rights-to-request-a-

6 hearing-on-such-order-in-accordance-with-Rules-3+4-and-5+6-of-the-

7 "Rules-of-Practice-and-Procedure-of-the-State-Corporation-Commission-"

8 2--When-the-unsafe-or-unsound-practice-or-violation-specified-in-

9 such-order-to-cease-and-desist,-or-any-continuation-thereof,-is-likely

10 to-prejudice-the-interest-of-the-members-of-the-eredit-union-the-

11 Commissioner-may-issue-his-order-effective-immediately--An-order-to-

12 cease-and-desist-shall-remain-in-effect-until-it-is-withdrawn-by-the-

13 Commissioner-or-is-terminated-by-the-Commission-after-a-hearing-on-the

14 matter --- A-request-for-hearing-under-this-section-shall-be-givenexpeditious-treatment-on-the-docket-of-the-Commission-and-the-

16 Commission-need-not-allow-for-ten-days--notice-to-the-parties---

Drafting Note: This is a federal parity provision. 17 More than forty states have a "wild card" statute which authorizes the regulator by 18 19 appropriate regulation to amend the powers of state credit unions to have powers at least comparable to those granted to federal credit 20 21 unions doing business in the state. A sentence has been added giving the SCC the option to waive the notice period required by the Rules of 22 Practice and Procedure of the Commission. Competitive disadvantages to state credit unions created by broader powers granted federal 23 24 credit unions can be minimized as well as reducing the incentive to 25 26 convert to a federal charter (current § 6.1-200.2A). Section 6.1-200.2 incorporates cease and desist power of Commission and has 27 been moved to $\$^{-}6.1-225.7$. 28

1	
2	Article 5
3	<u>Membership</u>
4	§-6-1-204Qualifications-of-membersofficersetcEvery-
5	member-of-a-credit-union-must-be-a-shareholder-and-shall-satisfy-such-
6	other-prerequisites-for-membership-as-the-bylaws-may-specifyEvery-
7	officer,-director-and-committee-member-must-be-a-member-of-the-credit-
8	union
9	<u>§ 6.1-225.23. Membership defined: common bondA. The</u>
10	membership of a credit union shall consist of the incorporators.
11	employees of such credit union, and other persons within the common
12	bond set forth in the bylaws as have: (i) been fully admitted into
13	membership, (ii) paid any required entrance fee or annual membership
14	fee, or both, (iii) subscribed for one or more shares, (iv) paid the
15	initial installment thereon, and (v) complied with such other
16	requirements as the articles of incorporation or bylaws specify,
17	<u>B. Credit union membership shall be limited to persons having a</u>
18	specified common bond of interest, members of their immediate
19	families, associations of such persons, other credit unions and
20	employees of the credit union.
21	C. A member who leaves the field of membership may be permitted
22	to retain membership in the credit union under such reasonable
23	standards as may be established by the board of directors.
24	D. The board of directors may expel from the credit union any
25	member who: (i) has not carried out his obligations to the credit
26	<u>union: (ii) has been convicted of a criminal offense; (iii) neglects</u>
27	or refuses to comply with the provisions of this chapter or of the
28	<u>bylaws; (iv) neglects to pay his debts, or otherwise causes financia</u>

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loss to the credit union: or (y) has deceived the credit union with 1 regard to the use of borrowed money. However, no member shall be so 2 expelled until he has been informed in writing of the charges against 3 him, and an opportunity has been given to him, after reasonable 4 5 notice, to be heard. E. Members of the credit union shall not be personally liable 6 for payment of the debts of the credit union. 7 The surviving spouse of a deceased member and the blood or F. 8 adoptive relative of either of them and their spouses may become 9 members. 10 G. Societies, associations, organizations, partnerships, and 11 corporations composed of persons who are eligible for membership may 12 be admitted to membership in the same manner and under the same 13 conditions as such persons. 14 A. Virginia law currently does not have a membership Drafting Note: 5 section or definition (§ 6.1-204); proposed subsection A establishes .6 qualifications for membership in statute rather than as specified in 17 bylaws. 18 Virginia law currently similar to Model Act without word 19 Β. "immediate" before family. 20 Similar to Texas and Georgia and about 25 states which provide for 21 C. some retention of membership. Virginia and 23 states do not address. 22 D. Similar to Texas. 23 24 Ε. Florida statute. Surviving spouse provision from Connecticut and Maine. 25 F. Blood or adoptive relatives and their spouses included in field of membership. 26 Taken from Georgia act. 27 G. § 6-1-209-6.1-225.24_. Fiscal-year;-Membership_meetings; 28 29 voting.-- The-fiscal-year-of-every-credit-union-shall-end-at-theelese-of-business-on-December-31---A. The annual meeting and any 30 special meeting of the credit union shall be held in accordance with 1

1 the bylaws.

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2	<u>B.</u> At all meetings of-members-a member shall have but one vo ⁺
3	Except as hereinafter provided, no member may vote by proxy, but a
4	member may vote by absentee ballot, mail, or other method if the
5	<u>bylaws so provide. A</u> society, association, copartnership_partnership_
6	or corporation, having membership in the credit union may be
7	represented by one person authorized by such society, association,
8	<pre>copartnership_partnership_or corporation to so represent it +-</pre>
9	provided-that-atAt_any meeting called for the purpose of amending
10	the articles of incorporation or dissolving the corporation-credit_
11	union_any member may vote thereon-by proxy. A-member-may-vote-by-
12	absentee-ballot-if-the-bylaws-of-the-credit-union-so-provide
13	C. The board of directors may establish a minimum age, not
14	greater than eighteen years of age, as a gualification of eligibility
15	to vote at meetings of the members, to hold office, or both,
16 17 18 19	Drafting Note: The fiscal year provision of § 6.1-209 has been removed from this section on meetings of members and voting rights. (See § 6.1-225.15). A. This section should be read in conjunction with § 6.1-225.12.
20 21 22	B. Provides more flexibility in exercising right to vote by allowing absentee or mail ballots or other methods provided in bylaws. Change "co-partnership" to partnership and "corporation" to credit union.
23 24 25 26 27	C. Also allows the board to establish a minimum age of not more than 18 to be able to vote or hold office. Provision from Model Act - 5 states' minimum age is 16; 4 states have set 18; some leave it to bylaws and about 25 have not addressed issue. [See MCUA § 4.60; Virginia Code § 6.1-209]
28	<u>§ 6.1-225.25. Special meetingsA. The supervisory committee</u>
29	by a majority vote may call a meeting of the members to consider any
30	violation of this chapter, the credit union's articles of
31	incorporation or bylaws or any practice of the credit union deemed by
32	the supervisory committee to be unsafe or unauthorized.

1 B. The bylaws may also prescribe the manner in which a special

2 meeting of the members may be called by the members or by the board of

3 directors.

Drafting Note: This section is taken from the current § 6.1-213 4 (Powers and duties of supervisory committee) to incorporate all 5 meetings of members in one section. Wording has been changed in form, 6 7 but essentially no substantive change. For consistency the word "shareholders" has been changed to "members," "in the opinion of the 8 committee" changed to "deemed by the supervisory committee" and 9 "unsafe and unauthorized" put in the disjunctive, not conjunctive, by 10 stating "unsafe or unauthorized." Allows majority of supervisory 11 committee to call a meeting of the members. 12

1	
2	Article 6.
3	Share_Insurance,
4	§-6-1-200-1Insurance-requiredAny-credit-union-whose-shares-
5	and-short-term-savings-shares-are-not-insured-on-or-before-July-1;-
6	1976,-by-a-state-or-federal-agency-up-to-the-limits-of-the-insurance-
7	provided-thereby-or-under-a-plan-of-share-insurance-acceptable-to-and-
8	approved-by-the-Commission-shall-not-thereafter-receive-the-savings-of
9	its-members-or-issue-thereto-any-other-debt-obligations-of-the-credit-
10	union
11	<u>§ 6.1-225.26. Insurance of sharesEvery credit union</u>
12	authorized to do business in this Commonwealth shall insure its
13	members' shares with an approved insuring organization. A credit
14	union which has been denied a commitment for insurance or fails to
15	<u>maintain insurance upon its shares shall either dissolve or merge wi</u>
16	another credit union which is insured by such an insuring
17	organization.
18 19 20	Drafting Note: This section establishes a continuing requirement for share insurance as in current law. (See MCUA § 6.60; Va. Code § 6.1-200.1)

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2	<u>Article 7.</u>
3	Change in Corporate Status: Mergers, Dissolutions, and Conversions,
4	§ 6.1-200.36.1-225.27. Voluntary mergerA. Two-credit -
5	unions-incorporated-pursuant-to-this-chapter-may-merge-and-a-federal-
6	credit-union-may-merge-into-a-state-credit-union,-subject-to-the-
7	approval-of-the-CommissionIn-either-case-a-merger-application-
8	accompanied-by-the-prescribed-application-fee,-shall-be-filed-with-the
9	<u>CommissionA credit union organized under this chapter may merge.</u>
10	with the approval of the Commission, without regard to common bond
11	with one or more other credit unions, state or federal. In any case
12	<u>in which the surviving credit union will be a Virginia state-chartered</u>
13	credit union, a merger application, accompanied by an application fee
14	of #300, shall be filed with the Commission. The Commission shall
15	approve the application if:
5	1. The common bond of interest specified in the bylaws of the
17	credit union which is to survive the merger is amended to include the
18	common bond of interest specified in the bylaws of both credit unions;
19	2The-board-of-directors-of-each-credit-union-adopts-a-plan-of-
20	merger-setting-forth-its-terms-and-conditions;-
21	3Notwithstanding-the-provisions-of-subdivision-5-of-subsection-
22	A-of-§-13-1-8957-the-plan-of-merger-so-adopted-is-approved-by-at-least
23	a-majority-of-all-the-votes-cast-on-the-plan-at-an-annual-or-special-
24	meeting-of-the-members-of-each-credit-unionNotice-of-the-date
25	timeand-place-of-such-a-meeting-shall-be-given-to-each-member-
26	entitled-to-vote-not-less-than-twenty-five-nor-more-than-sixty-days-
27	befere-the-meeting-in-the-manner-prescribed-by-the-articles-of-
	incorporation-or-the-bylaws-of-the-credit-unionThe-notice-shall-
	30

1 contain-or-be-accompanied-by-a-copy-of-the-plan-of-merger-or-a-summary 2 of-it-and-shall-state-that-the-purpose;-or-one-of-the-purpose;-of-the 3 meeting-is-to-consider-the-plan;-and-

4 4---2. The Commission finds that the plan of merger will
5 promote the best interests of the members of the credit unions ---.
6 and

3. The members of the merging credit unions have approved the 7 plan of merger in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. 8 Notwithstanding subdivision A.5 of § 13.1-895, the members of a 9 Virginia credit union may authorize a plan of merger by vote of at 10 least a majority of all votes cast thereon at an annual or special 11 meeting at which a guorum is present. Notice of the meeting may be 12 given in a manner prescribed in the articles of incorporation or 13 bylaws, the terms of § 13.1-842 relating to the manner of notice 14 notwithstanding. A federal credit union merging with a state credit 15 union may give notice to its members as prescribed by federal 16

17 regulation.

B. 1. If the Commission finds that the requirements of subsection 18 A of this section have been met and all required fees have been paid, 19 it shall by-order-approve the merger and issue a certificate of 20 merger which shall be admitted to record in its office and in the 21 office for the recording of deeds in the city or county in which the 22 registered office of each credit union is located. However, no such 23 24 further recordation shall be required in the City of Richmond, County of Chesterfield or the County of Henrico. 25

26 2. Upon the issuance of the certificate of merger the provisions
27 of § 13.1-897, mutatis mutandis, shall become effective.

28 C. For the purposes of this section, a member entitled to vote

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 may vote in person or, unless the articles of incorporation or bylaws
 otherwise provide, by proxy. A member may appoint a proxy to vote or otherwise act for him by signing an appointment form. An appointment
 of a proxy becomes effective when received by the secretary or other
 officer or agent authorized to tabulate votes. An appointment is
 valid for eleven months unless a different period is expressly
 provided in the appointment form or the appointment is revoked by the

Drafting Note: This section was rewritten in 1988. Section 13.1-895 9 is the Nonstock Corporation Act section which sets forth the procedure 10 for adoption of plan by members which requires two-thirds votes cast. 11 12 Section 13.1-897 sets forth the effect of a merger, e.g., how real estate is owned, responsibility for liabilities and effect on pending 13 proceedings. The new subsection A allows interstate mergers. Current 14 law provides for merger of two Virginia state-chartered credit unions 15 subject to the approval of the Commission. This does not change the 16 current law. Federally chartered credit unions can merge without 17 regard to common bond under the rules and regulations of the NCUA. 18 [See FCUA § 120 (12 U.S.C. 1766) and § 205(h)(i) (12 U.S.C. 1785) in 19 the case of insolvency or threatened insolvency.] 20

The amendments will allow the merger of a state-chartered credit union with another credit union regardless of state or federal charter. If 23 the surviving credit union will be a Virginia state-chartered credit 24 union, an application must be approved by the Commission.

25 The amendment to subsection A.3 allows the federally chartered credit 26 union in a merger with a Virginia state-chartered credit union to give 27 notice of the plan of merger in accordance with the requirements for a 28 federally chartered credit union and not the state law.

- 29 <u>§ 6.1-225.28.</u> Voluntary dissolution.--A. A credit union may
- 30 dissolve in accordance with the provisions of Article 13 (§ 13.1-902
- 31 et seq.) of Chapter 10 of Title 13,1. Within ten days after the board
- 32 of directors votes to recommend dissolution to the members, the board
- 33 shall notify the Commissioner and the insuring organization of that
- 34 fact in writing, setting forth the reasons for the proposed
- 35 dissolution.
- 36 B. The dissolving credit union shall also notify the

Commissioner of the result when the members have voted on the proposal 1 to dissolve, and shall file with the Commissioner a copy of the 2 certificate of dissolution and the certificate of termination of 3 corporate existence of the credit union within ten days of the 4 issuance of each. 5 Drafting Note: Virginia is one of two states without a voluntary 6 dissolution statute. We probably have relied upon the provisions of 7 the Nonstock Corporation Act. This section incorporates the nonstock 8 act provisions and requires certain notices to the Commissioner. 9 § 6-1-200-6---6.1-225.29. Conversion of federal credit union to 10 state credit union. -- A credit union, organized under the laws of the 11 United States and authorized to do business in this Commonwealth, may 12 convert to a credit union organized under the laws of this 13 14 Commonwealth by the following procedure: 1. The directors of the federal credit union shall organize a 15 corporation under this chapter and the Virginia Nonstock Corporation 16 Act (§ 13.1-801 et seq.) for the purpose_set forth in § 17 6-1-196-6.1-225.13. 18 2. The new corporation shall apply for a certificate of authority 19 to do business as a credit union as provided in § <u>6-1-197-6.1-225.14</u> 20 21 3. The federal credit union shall follow the procedures set forth 22 23 in § 125 (a) (12 U.S.C. § 1771) of the Federal Credit Union Act, as it now exists or may hereafter be amended, for conversion. 24 25 4. Upon completion of the requirements of the Federal Credit Union Act, the authorized officers of the federal credit union shall 26 execute a certificate setting forth the procedures followed, the 27 number of members eligible to vote and the number voting in favor of 28 the plan of conversion and file said certificate with the Commission. 29

5. When the Commission has been satisfied that all of the 1 requirements of this section have been complied with, and that the 2 criteria of § 6-1-197-6.1-225.14 have been met, the Commission shall authorize the state-chartered credit union to commence business as of 4 5 the date it ceases to be a federal credit union. The successor state-chartered credit union shall be vested with all of the assets 6 and shall continue to be responsible for all of the obligations of the 7 federal credit union to the same extent as though the conversion had 8 9 not taken place.

10 Drafting Note: The Virginia statute is more extensive than Model Act 11 and Fed. where certain details are left to regulations to implement 12 statutes. Nearly all states and FCUA grant a right to convert 13 charters. Corrects only cross-references.

14 § 6.1-200.7.-6.1-225.30. Conversion of state credit union to 15 federal credit union.--A state credit union may convert to a federal 16 credit union by the following procedure:

At any meeting of the members called and held in accordance
 with the Virginia Nonstock Corporation Act (§ 13.1-801 et seq.) to
 consider such action, the members by an affirmative vote of those
 holding and voting two-thirds of the votes present in person or by
 proxy, may resolve to convert the credit union into a federal credit
 union.

2. A copy of the minutes of the meeting duly certified by the
authorized officer of the credit union shall be transmitted to the
Commission.

3. The state credit union shall take such action as is necessary under § 125 (b) (12 U.S.C. § 1771) of the Federal Credit Union Act <u>.</u> as it now exists or may_hereafter be amended. to make it a federal credit union.

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4. It shall file with the Commission a certified copy of the
 organization certificate approved by the National Credit Union
 Administration Board.

5. Upon receipt of the organization certificate the state credit union shall become a federal credit union which shall be vested with all of the assets and shall continue to be responsible for all of the obligations of the state credit union to the same extent as though the conversion had not taken place.

9 Drafting Note: Current § 6.1-200.7 provides procedure for conversion 10 of state credit union to federal. The amendment to subdivision 1 11 clarifies that the notice to members of the federal credit union may 12 be given in the manner prescribed in the bylaws of the federal credit 13 union.

1	
5	Article 8.
3	Direction of Affairs.
4	<pre>§-6-1-210Election-of-board-of-directorsAnnually-the-members</pre>
5	of-each-credit-union-shall-elect-a-board-of-directors-of-not-less-than
6	five-membersIn-the-discretion-of-the-members-the-board-of-directors-
7	as-such-may-also-be-the-credit-committeeExcept-as-herein-specified
8	no-member-of-the-board-of-directors-shall-be-a-member-of-the-credit-
9	committee-or-the-supervisory-committee,-nor-shall-one-person-be-a-
10	member-of-more-than-one-of-such-committees
11	<pre>§-6-1-211Election-of-officers-powers-and-duties-of-directors;</pre>
12	compensation-of-members-of-board-or-committeesAt-their-first-
13	meeting-following-the-annual-meeting,-the-board-of-directors-shall-
14	elect-from-their-number-officers-provided-for-in-the-bylaws-of-the-
;	credit-unionThe-offices-of-secretary-and-treasurer-mayif-the-
16	bylaws-so-provide,-be-held-by-one-person
17	The-board-of-directors-shall-have-the-general-management-of-the-
18	affairs,-funds-and-records-of-the-corporation,-shall-meet-as-often-as-
19	may-be-necessary,-and-it-shall-be-the-duty-of-the-directors:-(1)-to-
20	act-upon-applications-for-membership-and-upon-the-expulsion-of-a-
21	member;-(2)-to-fix-the-amount-of-the-blanket-surety-bond-which-shall-
22	be-required-of-each-official,-committee-member-or-employee-of-the-
23	credit-union,-the-surety-on-the-bond-to-be-a-surety-company-licensed-
24	to-do-business-in-Virginia,-and-the-amount-thereof-to-be-approved-by-
25	the-Commission;-(3)-to-determine-from-time-to-time-the-rate-of-
26	interest-which-shall-be-charged-on-loans-and-to-prescribe-the-
27	conditions-under-which-interest-refunds,-if-any,-may-be-made;-(3a)-to-
	fix-the-amount,-if-any,-that-may-be-charged-for-initial-and-annual-

36

membership-fees;-(4)-to-fix-the-maximum-amount-of-shares-which-may-be-1 held-by,-and-the-maximum-amount-which-may-be-lent-to,-any-one-member;-2 (5)-to-declare-dividends;-(6)-to-determine-the-manner-in-which-3 dividends-shall-be-paid-on-shares-issued-or-withdrawn-during-a-4 dividend-period;-(6a)-to-appoint-a-supervisory-committee-of-not-less-5 than-three-members;-(6b)-to-appoint-a-credit-committee-of-not-less-6 than-three-members-unless-the-members-determine-that-the-board-of-7 8 directors-shall-serve-as-the-credit-committee;-(7)-to-fill-vacancies-9 in-the-board-of-directors,-in-the-supervisory-committee-or-in-the-10 eredit-committee-until-the-election-or-appointment,-as-the-case-maybe,-and-qualification-of-successors;-(7a)-to-remove-any-member-of-the-11 board-of-directors-failing-to-attend-regular-meetings-of-the-board-12 13 without-cause-for-three-consecutive-months-or-otherwise-failing-toperform-any-of-the-duties-devolving-upon-him-as-a-director;-(7b)-to-14 remove-any-member-of-the-credit-committee-failing-to-attend-three-15 consecutive-regular-meetings-of-the-credit-committee-without-cause-or-16 otherwise-failing-to-perform-any-of-the-duties-devolving-upon-him-as-a 17 eredit-committee-member;-(7c)-to-suspend-any-member-of-the-supervisory 18 19 committee-failing-to-attend-regular-meetings-of-the-supervisory-20 committee-without-cause-or-otherwise-failing-to-perform-any-of-the-21 duties-devolving-upon-him-as-a-supervisory-committee-member--providedthat-the-members-shall-decide-at-a-meeting-held-not-less-than-seven-22 nor-more-than-twenty-one-days-after-such-suspension-if-such-suspended-23 24 committee-member-shall-be-removed-from-or-restored-to-the-supervisorycommittee;-{8}-to-have-charge-of-the-investment-of-the-funds-of-the-25 corporation;-and-(9)-to-perform-such-other-duties-as-the-members-may-26 27 from-time-to-time-authorize----

28 No-member-of-the-board-of-directors-shall-receive-any-

compensation-for-his-services-as-a-member-of-such-board--The-members-1 2 of-the-credit-or-supervisory-committee-of-any-credit-union-havingassets-in-excess-of-\$50,000-may-receive-for-their-services,-as-such-3 4 members,-such-compensation-as-the-board-of-directors-may-determine---Health,-accident-and-term-life-insurance-protection-for-a-director-or-5 committee-member-shall-not-be-considered-compensation--Directors-and-6 committee-members-while-on-official-business-of-the-credit-union--may-7 8 be-reimbursed-for-necessary-expenses-incidental-to-performing-the-9 business-of-the-credit-union---

§ 6.1-225.31. Board of directors: number: election: term:
 appointment of supervisory and credit committee.--A. The board of
 directors shall have the authority and responsibility for directing
 the business affairs. funds. and records of the credit union.

B. The board shall consist of an odd number of directors, at I least five in number, to be elected by and from the members. After the election of the initial board at the organizational meeting, the election of the board shall be held at the annual meeting or at such other time as the bylaws provide.

C. A director shall be elected for a term of not less than one 19 year nor more than four years, as provided in the bylaws, provided 20 that if the term is more than one year, the bylaws shall establish 21 terms of office so that an approximately equal number of directors 22 23 shall be elected each year. A director, unless removed from office. 24 shall hold office until a successor is elected and gualified. Directors may serve more than ore term. Any vacancy on the board of 25 directors shall be filled until the next annual election by 26 appointment by the remainder of the directors. 27

28 D. The board of directors at its first meeting following the

1	annual election shall appoint (i) a supervisory committee from the
2	membership which shall consist of an odd number. not less than three,
3	and (ii) a credit committee from the membership which shall consist of
4	an odd number, not less than three, or in lieu thereof, appoint one or
5	more loan officers and. in such instances. duties and responsibilities
6	of the credit committee shall be carried out by a loan officer or
7	officers. The members may authorize and direct the board of directors
8	to serve as the credit committee. No member of the board of directors
9	or the credit committee shall serve on the supervisory committee and
10	no member of the board of directors or the supervisory committee shall
11	serve on the credit committee unless authorized by the provisions of
12	this section. The terms for the members of both committees shall be
13	as provided in the bylaws.

Drafting Note: The first sentence is new to expressly provide that the 14 board of a credit union is the body primarily responsible to the 15 members for the direction for the business affairs, finances and 16 records of credit union. The second and third sentences state that 17 the board shall have not less than five directors (who must be 18 19 members), and that they are elected at the annual meeting unless the 20 bylaws provide different manner of election. The additions to current 21 Virginia law are: (a) odd number of directors, (b) directors must be 22 members, and (c) election takes place at annual meeting or as otherwise specified in bylaws of credit union. Current Virginia law 23 simply requires annual elections. Most states (N.C., Wisc.) elect at 24 25 annual meeting; however, Virginia only requires annual elections and 26 not at annual meeting. Fla. "in the manner prescribed in the bylaws"; Colorado "at annual meeting or by other proper balloting within 30 27 28 days before and 20 days after the annual meeting." There also has been added a clarification that the "initial board" is elected at the 29 30 organizational meeting. Virginia is the only state in which the statutes do not address the term for which directors are elected. 31 The 32 proposal is for a one- to four-year term as set forth in bylaws, thereby giving each credit union flexibility to choose method. 33 It 34 does require staggered terms if the term of office is more than one 35 year. Directors are elected to serve until a successor is elected and 36 qualified (See Ga. and Ill.). The next to last sentence will allow a 37 director to serve more than one term (Texas). The last sentence provides for filling vacancies [FCUA § 111 (a)]. The board has the 38 39 duty to appoint the supervisory and credit committee (§ 6.1-211 (6b)). FCUA allows one director, other than a compensated director (formerly 40 41 the treasurer), to be appointed to the supervisory committee. Section 42 6.1-210 does not allow and is not a proposed change. Consistent with

TITL6CU TMG 1 MCUA § 5.12 and many states, appointments must come from the membership, consist of not less than 3 members and serve a term as set 2 in bylaws. Also included is option from FCUA § 114 (12 U.S.C. § 3 1761c) and Virginia Code § 6.1-212 to appoint loan officers to approve 4 loans. A difference in the proposed section is to allow the board to 5 6 appoint loan officers in lieu of having a credit committee. Sections 6.1-210 and 6.1-211 (b) allow members to determine if the board will 7 serve as the credit committee. Current Virginia Code § 6.1-212 8 contemplates the credit committee appointing the loan officer and 9 continuing to function as an appellate review committee when loan 10 applications are rejected. Section 6.1-211 (6a) provides for board to 11 appoint a supervisory committee of not less than three members and 12 (6b) provides for a credit committee of not less than three members 13 unless the members determine that the board shall serve as a credit 14 15 committee.

§ 6.1-225.32, Board of directors; election of officers. -- A. At 16 its first meeting after the annual election, the board of directors 17 shall elect from its own number an executive officer, who may be 18 designated as chairman of the board or president; a vice chairman of 19 the board or one or more vice presidents; a secretary and a treasurer. 20 The same member may simultaneously hold more than one office in the 21 credit union, if the bylaws so provide. They shall also elect any 22 other officers that are specified in the bylaws. **_**3 B. The terms of the officers shall be one year or until their 24 25 successors are elected and gualified. C. The duties of the officers shall be as prescribed in the 26

26 <u>C. The duties of the officers shall be as prescribed in the</u> 27 <u>bylaws.</u>

28 D. The board of directors shall appoint (i) a chief operating

29 officer of the credit union to be in active charge of its operations

30 and (ii) a financial officer. The chief operating officer may also

31 serve as the financial officer.

32 <u>E. A credit union may use any other title it chooses for</u>

33 officers, so long as such titles are not misleading.

34 Drafting Note: At the beginning of the article is current Virginia 35 law (§ 6.1-211). The MCUA §§ 5.40 and 5.50, FCUA § 112 and many 6 states including North Carolina, Maryland, Florida, etc., provide for 7 the election of board officers and an executive committee. FCUA § 112

TITL6CU TMG does not list titles of officers. The amendments allow flexibility in 1 2 the designation of board officers, e.g., chairman of the board or president, establishes the term of office as one year, and requires 3 the designation of a chief operating officer and a financial officer 4 who shall give a bond with surety. 5 6 § 6.1-225.33. Executive committee. -- The board of directors may appoint from its own number an executive committee, consisting of not 7 less than three directors, which may be authorized to act for the 8 board in all respects, subject to such conditions and limitations as 9 are prescribed by the board and § 13.1-869(d). 10 Drafting Note: Virginia is one of 16 states without an executive 11 committee statute. Proposal similar to MCUA § 5.50, N.C., Fla., Ky., 12 Wisc., and FCUA \S 113(13). 13 14 § 6.1-225.34. Meetings of directors, -- The board of directors and the executive committee shall meet as often as the bylaws prescribe. 15 16 Drafting Note: Section 6.1-211 states that board "shall meet as often as may be necessary." This draft includes the executive committee of 17 18 the board and requires the bylaws to prescribe when each shall meet. § 6.1-225.35. Compensation of officials. -- No member of the board 19 of directors shall receive any compensation for his services as a 20 member of such board. The members of the credit or supervisory 21 committee may receive for their services, as such members, such 22 compensation as the board of directors may determine. Health. 23 24 accident, and term life insurance protection for a director or committee member shall not be considered compensation. Directors and 25 26 committee members, while on official business of the credit union, may be reimbursed for necessary expenses incidential to performing the 27 business of the credit union. 28 Drafting Note: This is current law in Virginia found in the last 29 subdivision of § 6.1-211. The last sentences were added in 1988 to 30 allow reimbursed expenses and protection for board members in the form 31 32 of insurance. FCUA §§ 111 and 112 allow only one board officer to be 33 compensated and no compensation to remaining board members or member of a committee but reasonable insurance shall not be considered 34

35 "compensation." Most credit unions compensate at least one or more 36 officers. (See N.C., Kansas, California.). Eliminates the \$50,000

1 threshold for compensation of members serving on the credit or

2 supervisory committee.

§ 6-1-211-6.1-225.36_. Election-of-officers;-powers-Powers_and 3 duties of directors +-compensation-of-members-of-board-or-committees-١ .-- At-their-first-meeting-following-the-annual-meeting-the-board-of 5 directors-shall-elect-from-their-number-officers-provided-for-in-the-6 bylaws-of-the-credit-union---The-offices-of-secretary-and-treasurer-7 8 may,-if-the-bylaws-so-provide,-be-held-by-one-person---The-board-of-directors-shall-have-the-general-management-of-the-9 affairs,-funds-and-records-of-the-corporation,-shall-meet-as-often-as-10 may-be-necessary--and-it-shall-be-the-duty-of-the-directors+--11 (1)-to-In addition to any other duties set forth in this 12 chapter, the board of directors shall have the following powers and 13 duties: 14 1. To act upon applications for membership and upon the 15 expulsion of a member . The board of directors may appoint one or 16 more membership officers to act upon applications for membership, A ./ record of membership officer's approval or denial of membership shall 18 be available to the board of directors for inspection. A person 19 denied membership by a membership officer may appeal the denial to the 20 board_; 21 Drafting Note: FCUA § 113(1) and several states provide alternative 22 23 of a membership officer; federal credit unions require that officer to come from non-compensated member of board. Many state credit unions 24 appoint from membership (Col., Fla., N.C.). 25 26 (2)-to-fix-the-amount-of-the-blanket-surety-bond-which-shall-berequired-of-each-official,-committee-member-or-employee-of-the-credit-27 28 union,-the-surety-on-the-bond-to-be-a-surety-company-licensed-to-dobusiness-in-Virginia,-and-the-amount-thereof-to-be-approved-by-the-29

30 Commission +- 2. To purchase and maintain fidelity bond coverage, in

42

1 accordance with any rules and regulations of the Commission;

(3)-to-3. To_determine from time to time the <u>rate-rates_of</u>
interest which shall be charged on loans and to prescribe the
conditions under which interest refunds <u>-if-any, may-will</u> be made;

5 (3a)-to-4. To fix the amount, if any, that may be charged for 6 initial and annual membership fees;

7 <u>(4)-to-fix-5. To determine the maximum amount of shares which</u> 8 may be held by, and the maximum amount which may be <u>lent-loaned</u> to, 9 any one member;

10 (5)-to-6. To declare dividends on share accounts ;

11 (6)-to-7.__To_determine the manner in which dividends shall be 12 paid on shares issued or withdrawn during a dividend period; (6a)-to-13 appoint-a-supervisory-committee-of-not-less-than-three-members;-(6b)-14 to-appoint-a-credit-committee-of-not-less-than-three-members-unless-15 the-members-determine-that-the-board-of-directors-shall-serve-as-the-16 credit-committee;-

17 (7)-to-8. To fill vacancies in-the-board-of-directors, in the 18 supervisory committee or in the credit committee until the election or 19 appointment, as the case may be, and qualification of successors;

(7a)-to-9. To remove any member of the board of directors
failing to attend regular meetings of the board without good cause
shown for three consecutive months or otherwise failing to perform any
of the duties devolving upon him as a director;

24 (7b)-to-10. To remove any member of the credit committee
25 failing to attend three consecutive regular meetings of the credit
26 committee without good cause shown or otherwise failing to perform any
27 of the duties devolving upon him as a credit committee member;

28 <u>(7e)-to-11</u>. To_suspend any member of the supervisory committee

1 failing to attend regular meetings of the supervisory committee

2 without cause or otherwise failing to perform any of the duties

3 devolving upon him as a supervisory committee member, provided that

4 the members shall decide at a meeting held not less than seven-ten_

5 nor more than twenty-one-twenty-five days after such suspension if

6 such suspended committee member shall be removed from or restored to

7 the supervisory committee;

8 Drafting Note: This is old subsection (7c) of § 6.1-212.

9 Legislatures have been reluctant to give board the right to remove 10 members of supervisory committee without certain safeguards since the 11 supervisory committee provides certain checks and balances with the 12 board. Many states allow suspension of supervisory committee members 13 by board. (North Carolina and Maine do, Florida does not; Arkansas 14 and Minnesota like current Virginia statute.)

15 (8)-to-12. To have charge of the investment of the funds of the

16 corporation; -and-credit union, except that the board of directors may

17 designate an investment committee or any gualified individual to have

18 charge of making investments pursuant to written policies established

J by the board of directors:

20 Drafting Note: Corporation changed to credit union for consistency. 21 Last clause authorizing an investiment committee consistent with MCUA 22 § 5.56(7); FCUA § 113(6); N.C. and Florida. Many states exclude loans 23 to members from board directed investments. (Col., Md., Mich., Pa., 24 N.C.)

25 13. To establish policy on loans to members, which policy shall

26 provide that the rates, terms, and conditions on any loan or line of

27 credit either made to, or endorsed or guaranteed by (i) an official,

28 (ii) an immediate family member of an official, or (iii) any

29 individual having a common ownership, investment, or other pecuniary

30 interest in a business enterprise with an official or with an

31 immediate family member of an official shall not be more favorable

32 than the rates, terms, and conditions for comparable loans or lines of

<u>oredit to other credit union members:</u>

1	14. To designate a depository or depositories for the funds of
2	the_credit_union:
3	15. To authorize the acquisition or conveyance of real property
4	16. To authorize the employment and compensation of the
5	president or person named by the board to manage the affairs of the
6	credit union:
7	17. To make adequate provisions for reserves; and
8	(9)-te-18. To p erform such other duties as the members may from
9	time to time authorize.
10	No-member-of-the-board-of-directors-shall-receive-any-
11	compensation-for-his-services-as-a-member-of-such-boardThe-members-
12	of-the-credit-or-supervisory-committee-of-any-credit-union-having-
13	assets-in-excess-of-\$50,000-may-receive-for-their-services,-as-such-
14	members7-such-compensation-as-the-board-of-directors-may-determine
15	Health,-accident-and-term-life-insurance-protection-for-a-director-or
16	committee-member-shall-not-be-considered-compensationDirectors-and-
17	committee-members-while-on-official-business-of-the-credit-union,-may-
18	be-reimbursed-for-necessary-expenses-incidental-to-performing-the-
19	business-of-the-credit-union
20 21 22 23	Drafting Note: Amendment to (1) allows board to appoint a membership officer and establishes the right of appeal to the board if membership is denied. Amendment is similar to FCUA 113(1) and several state acts.
24 25	Amendment to (2) simply requires the board to purchase a blanket fidelity bond as required by the Commissioner.
26 27 28	Amendment to (3) "rate" changed to "rates" because there is more than one rate of interest at any one time because of different types of share accounts.
29 30	There is no change to (3a) regarding the charge for a membership fee, if any.
31	No substantive change to (4).

TITL6CU TMG Amendment to (5) added term "share accounts" which represents all of 1 the types of accounts in a credit union. 2 No change to (6). 3 Subdivisions (6a) and (6b) moved to § 6.1-225.31. Amended (7) because filling vacancies on board is in § 6.1-225.31.C.5 Amendments to (7a), (7b) and (7c) are not substantive, just using some 6 conforming language. 7 Amendment to (8) allows the board to designate a committee or an 8 individual to make investment decisions pursuant to board policies. 9 Adds subdivision 13 requiring the board to establish policies for loans to members which shall include provisions stating that an 10 11 official of the credit union will not get favorable rates, terms or 12 conditions on their loans. 13 Adds subdivision 14 to require that board designate the depository for 14 15 its funds. Adds subdivision 15 to authorize the conveyance of property. 16 Adds subdivision 16 to authorize board to employ and compensate a 17 18 manager. 19 Add subdivision 17 to require board to make provisions for reserves. No change to (9). § 6-1-212---6,1-225,37. Credit committee or loan officer-to-21 approve-loans-or-advances;-review-of-applications-disapproved-by-loan-22 officer-or-credit-committee;-meetings-officers; appeal .-- A. The 23 credit committee of such-a_credit union shall approve every loan or 24 advance made by the corporation-credit union to members, except-that-25 the-credit-committee-unless it is replaced by a loan officer, as 26 provided in subsection D of § 6.1-225.31. 27 B. If the credit committee has not been replaced by action of 28 29 the board of directors, it may appoint and delegate to loan officers the authority to approve or disapprove loan applications . subject to 30 the written policies prescribed by the board of directors . The 31 approval of an application by the credit committee shall be by a ்.2

majority of the committee who are present at the meeting at which it 1 is considered, provided a majority of the full committee is present. 2 <u>C.</u> All applications disapproved by a loan officer may, upon 3 request of the applicant, be reviewed by the credit committee and-the-4 5 <u>. The</u> approval of a majority of the credit committee who are present at the meeting when such review is undertaken shall be required to 6 reverse the loan officer's decision provided-a-, A majority of the 7 full committee is-shall be present at such review . No individual 8 shall have the authority to disburse funds of the credit union for any 9 loan for which the application has been approved by him in his 10 capacity as a loan officer. A member whose application was disapproved 11 12 by a loan officer or the credit committee may appeal such action to 13 the board of directors.

D. The credit committee shall meet as often as the business of the credit union may require to consider applications for loans or to review the work of the loan officers, as the case may be. Reasonable notice of each such meeting shall be given to each member of the committee.

19 Drafting Note: The amendments to A and B provide option for a loan officer in lieu of credit committee. Present law (§ 6.1-212) requires 20 a credit committee, unless the members decide that board of directors 21 should be the credit committee (§ 6.1-210). The credit committee can 22 23 appoint loan officers to do its work. As credit unions have become 24 larger it becomes more difficult for credit committees consisting of 25 volunteers to act promptly and with appropriate scrutiny of each The loan officer approach is one possible solution. 26 application. This provides a safequard for allowing a member to appeal an adverse 27 loan action to board of directors. 28

29 §-6.1-213.--Powers-and-duties-of-supervisory-committee;-audit-and 30 report.--The-supervisory-committee-of-such-credit-union-shall-inspect-31 the-securities,-cash-and-accounts-of-the-corporation,-At-any-time-the-32 supervisory-committee,-by-unanimous-vote,-may,-if-it-deems-such-action

47

necessary-to-the-proper-conduct-of-the-credit-union,-suspend-any-1 2 officer-or-director-or-any-member-of-the-credit-committee-and-shall7if-any-such-officer,-director-or-member-of-the-committee-be-so-; suspended,-call-the-members-together-to-act-on-such-suspension-as-4 hereinafter-provided--The-members-at-such-meeting-may-sustain-such-5 6 suspension-and-remove-such-officer-permanently-or-may-reinstate-such-7 officer--By-a-majority-vote-they-may-call-a-meeting-of-theshareholders-to-consider-any-violation-of-this-chapter-or-of-the-8 9 bylaws,-or-any-practice-of-the-corporation-which,-in-the-opinion-of-10 the-committee,-is-unsafe-and-unauthorized,-Within-seven-days-after-the suspension-of-the-credit-committee,-or-any-member-thereof,-or-of-any-11 12 director-or-officer,-the-supervisory-committee-shall-cause-notice-to-13 be-given-of-a-special-meeting-of-the-members-to-take-action-relative-14 to-such-suspension---15 The-supervisory-committee-shall-make-or-cause-to-be-made-at-least once-in-each-calendar-year-a-thorough-audit-of-the-receipts;-, 17 disbursements,-income,-assets-and-liabilities-of-the-corporation-for-18 the-twelve-calendar-months-next-preceding-the-month-in-which-the-audit is-commenced, and shall-make a full report thereon to the directors ---19 20 Such-report-shall-be-read-at-the-next-annual-meeting-of-the-members-21 and-shall-be-filed-and-preserved-with-the-records-of-the-corporation-22 Such-committee-shall-make-or-cause-to-be-made-such-supplementary-23 audits-as-it-may-deem-necessary-or-as-may-be-ordered-by-the-24 Commission---§ 6.1-225.38. Supervisory committee: suspension and removal of 25 officia's, --- The supervisory committee; 26

27 1. Shall make or cause to be made an annual audit of the credit union and shall submit a report of that audit to the board of

directors and a summary of the report to the members at the next 1 2 annual meeting of the credit union; 3 2. Shall make or cause to be made such supplementary audits an, verification of members' accounts as it deems necessary or as may be 4 ordered by the board of directors, and submit such report to the board 5 of directors; and 6 7 3. May by unanimous vote suspend any officer of the credit union or any member of the credit committee or of the board of directors. 8 until the next meeting of members, which shall be held not less than 9 ten nor more than twenty-five days after any such suspension, at which 10 11 meeting such suspension shall be acted upon by the members. Drafting Note: This replaces current § 6.1-213. It provides for an 12 annual audit by the supervisory committee and a report to the board as 13 under current law. New language requires a summary of the audit 14 15 report to be submitted to the members at the next annual meeting in 16 lieu of reading the entire report. There is no change in requiring supplementary audits, but adds "and verification of members' accounts" 17 as deemed necessary or ordered by the board. This section provides a 18 19 procedure for supervisory committee to suspend officers, directors, 20 and credit committee members and to call a meeting to have such perso. 21 permanently removed. Some acts and MCUA allow suspension by two-thirds vote and don't require unanimous vote as in Virginia. 22 This section is taken from 115 (12 U.S.C. § 1761d) of the FCUA. 23 This does not provide for board's removal of supervisory committee members with 24 25 subsequent approval of members. 26 $\frac{6}{6-1}-213-1-6.1-225.39$. Special audit. -- The Commission-27 Commissioner may require a credit union to have an independent audit made of its books, records, and methods of operation, by a certified 28 public accountant or other gualified person or firm approved by the 29 Commission-Commissioner, whenever it appears to the Commission-30

31 <u>Commissioner</u> that the system of internal controls pertaining to such

32 credit union is not adequate, or that such credit union is engaging in

33 dangerously-unsafe_or_unsound practices, or that the financial

34 condition of such credit union makes such an audit necessary.

TITL6CU TMG Drafting Note: This is former § 6.1-213.1. Changes authority to 1 2 require such audit from the Commission to the Commissioner. § 6-1-204-6.1-225.40 ... Qualifications of members,-officers, 3 etc.-- Every-member-of-a-eredit-union-must-be-a-shareholder-and-shall 2 1 satisfy-such-other-prerequisites-for-membership-as-the-bylaws-may-5 specify---Every officer, director and committee member <u>must-shall_be</u> б a member of the credit union. 7 Drafting Note: No change to second sentence. 8

1	
2	Article 9.
3	Accounts.
4	<u>§ 6.1-225.41. Share accountsA. Every credit union may issue</u>
5	shares to and maintain share accounts for any member qualified
6	pursuant to the credit union's bylaws,
7	Drafting Note: Establishes authority to issue shares to members.
8	B. Shares and share accounts may be withdrawn for payment to the
9	account holder or to third parties in such manner and in accordance
10	with such procedures as may be established by the board of directors.
11 12 13 14 15	Drafting Note: Establishes right of withdrawal for payment to third party. From MCUA § 6.26(1) and similar to Ky., Kansas, and N.J. Somewhat similar language authorizing share draft or transactional accounts is set forth in FCUA § 107 (6)(c) and in 12 states and with some variation in 12 additional states.
16	C. Shares and share accounts shall be subject to any withdrawal
17	notice requirement which may be imposed in the credit union bylaws.
18 19 20	Drafting Note: Allows bylaws to establish notice requirement for withdrawal. See MCUA § 6.26(2). Similar to Ky. and Md. Several states establish specific number of days notice in state act.
21	§ 6-1-206-6.1-225.42 Payment for shares; transfers; lien on
22	sharesShares shall be paid for in money. Shares-shall-not-be-
23	transferable-except-to-the-account-of-another-member-or-to-a-federal-
24	agency-or-a-corporation-organized-pursuant-to-the-Virginia-Credit-
25	Union-Share-Insurance-Act-(§-6-1-226-1-et-seq-),-upon-payment-by-such-
26	agency-or-corporation-of-a-claim-based-upon-such-sharesShares_may_
27	be subscribed to, paid for, and transferred in such manner as the
28	bylaws prescribe. The credit union shall have a lien on the shares
29	<u>including share accounts of a member in his individual, joint, or</u>
30	trust accounts and upon any dividends payable thereon as security for
31	all debts and obligations owed by-him-to-it-, and for any loan_

1 endorsed by. such member to the credit union .

Drafting Note: Requires shares to be purchased for cash and not 2 3 exchanged for goods or services. The last sentence continues the statutory lien on shares in Virginia, but expands provisions to 4 include loans endorsed by a member. There has been some erosion by a 5 federal case in Kansas regarding federal tax liens. (Check U.C.C. § б 9-31 for creation of a super lien protected by Federal Tax Lien Act.) 7 8 § <u>6-1-219-6.1-225.43</u>. Dividends.-- <u>A.</u> At such intervals <u>and</u> 9 for such periods as the bylaws provide and after provision for the required reserves, the <u>board of directors may declare dividends</u> on 10 shares-share accounts from the undivided earnings or other funds set 11 aside for dividends . If-the-bylaws-permit-the-opening-of-more-than-12 13 one-class-of-share-account,-dividends-may-be-declared-at-varying-rates 14 upon-each-class---B. Dividends may be paid at different rates on different types 15 16 of share accounts and at different rates and maturity dates in the 17 case of share certificates. C. Dividend credit may be accrued on shares as authorized by the 3 19 board of directors. D. The rates of dividends and terms of payment may be declared -2.0 in advance by the board of directors. 21 22 E. No-In no event shall a dividend shall-be paid, if, after the payment thereof, the liabilities of the credit union would exceed 23 24 its assets. Drafting Note: This section allows different rates for different 25 types of share accounts and share certificates and allows for 26 dividends to be declared in advance. Dividends would be paid from 27 28 undivided earnings after providing for the reserves required by statute. The period for dividends being declared can be established 29 by bylaws, thus allowing a credit union to pay dividends from the 30 first of the month on funds received by the tenth. 31

32 <u>§ 6.1-225.44</u>. Ascertaining value of assets.--___In ascertaining 33 the value of the assets of a credit union, a loan delinquent for more

1 than two but less than six months shall be valued at ninety percent of 2 the unpaid balance; a loan delinquent for six months but less than 3 twelve months shall be valued at seventy-five percent of the unpaid 4 balance; and a loan delinquent for twelve months or more shall be 5 treated as of no value.

6 Drafting Note: No change.

§ <u>6-1-207-6.1-225.45</u>. <u>Share-of-minors-Minors' accounts</u>.-8 Shares of a credit union may be issued in the name of a minor, and
9 such shares may be withdrawn by such minor, and in such case payments
10 made on such withdrawals shall be valid.

11 Drafting Note: No change.

§ 6-1-207-1-6.1-225.46. Individual retirement accounts 12 established-under-Federal-Employee-Retirement-Security-Act-,_etc_.--13 To-the-extent-allowed-by-federal-law-a-A_credit union may act as 14 trustee or custodian (i) of individual retirement accounts establishe 15 with <u>it-the credit union</u> for the benefit of its members under the 16 Federal Employee Retirement Security Act of 1974, as amended from time 17 to time : (ii) pension funds of self-employed individuals or of a 18 company or organization sponsoring the credit union; or (iii) other 19 similar retirement or pension plans . Contributions thereto and 20 earnings thereon may be accepted and retained in accordance with said-21 that act but must-shall be invested in shares of the credit union. 22 23 If the credit union bylaws so provide such accounts may be established for the benefit of members in the names of other trustees or 24 25 custodians who are qualified to serve as such under the laws of this Commonwealth and said-that_act. The-lien-given-by-§-6-1-2067-shall-26 27 not-attach-to-shares-held-in-such-accounts---

28 Drafting Note: The proposed changes will broaden the authority of

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TITL6CU credit unions to serve as trustee or custodian of self-employed 1 pension plans (SEPs), profit sharing plans or accounts under ERISA of 2 1974. Removes the exclusion of such plans from the statutory lien 3 credit unions have on share accounts. (See § 6.1-207.1(i).) 4

§ 6-1-207-2-6.1-225.47 . Acceptance of money under Virginia 5 Uniform Gifts-Transfers to Minors Act. -- If the custodian or the minor 6 is a member of the credit union, the credit union may accept money 7 paid to it pursuant to the Virginia Uniform Transfers to Minors Act (§ 8 31-37 et seq.) for credit to an account in the name of the custodian 9 or custodians as provided in such act. 10

Drafting Note: Other than correcting title of section, no change. 11 § 6-1-208-3-6.1-225.48 . Balance-due-Accounts of deceased or 12 13 incompetent_person +-payment-to-personal-representation+-guardianeter--.--A credit union may pay any share balance due a deceased 14 15 person or any person under <u>a disability</u> to the personal representative, guardian, curator, or committee of such person upon a-16 **`.7** letter-of-qualification-as-such-personal-representative,-quardian,eurator-or-committee-issued-by-any-court-of-competent-jurisdiction-of-18 this-Commonwealth-proper proof of the appointment and gualification 19 of such fiduciary 7-and-such-, Such letter-gualification_shall be 20 sufficient authority for making such payment. A credit union making 21 such payment shall no longer be liable for the amount so paid to any 22 person whomseever-. The presentation of a duly certified letter or 23 24 certificate of qualification as personal representative, or other 25 fiduciary, guardian, curator, or committee shall be conclusive proof of the jurisdiction of the court issuing the same. 26

A credit union which has received no written notice and does not 27 have actual notice that a member is deceased or has been adjudicated 28 incompetent, may pay or deliver shares in such member's account in 29 accordance with the provisions of the account contract without 0

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1 <u>liability to any person for the amounts so paid.</u>

2 Drafting Note: Updates terms and adds protection for credit union 3 when not aware of death or disability of member with a joint account 4 (See § 6.1-208.3.). Second paragraph from § 6.1-194.57; also see § 5 6.1-70.

§ 6-1-208-4-6.1-225.49 . Balance-due-deceased-person;-payment-6 7 <u>Payment of small balances to spouses,-distributees or other</u> persons.--When the share balance of a deceased person upon whose 8 estate there shall-have-has been no qualification does not exceed 9 \$5,000 ___it shall be lawful for the credit union, after sixty days 10 from the death of such person, to pay such balance to his or her 11 spouse, and if none, to the distributees of the decedent or other 12 persons entitled thereto under the laws of this Commonwealth. 13 The receipt therefor shall be a full discharge and-acquittance-of the 14 credit union as-to-all-persons-whomsoever-for the amount so paid. 15 16 Provided,-such_balance or any part thereof shall_not to-exceed the amount given a priority by § 64.1-157 after thirty days from the 17 death of such person 7-and-upon-, Upon the written request of the 18 spouse, or if there be-is none, then, the distributees of the 19 decedent or other persons entitled thereto under the laws of the 20 21 Commonwealth the balance may be paid to the funeral director or mortuary handling the funeral of such decedent and -a-. A receipt of 22 23 the payee shall be a full and final release of the credit union for the amount so paid. 24

25 Drafting Note: No change. Comparable to §§ 6.1-71 and 6.1-194.58. 26 (See § 6.1-208.4.)

27 § 6-1-208-5-6.1-225.50. Application of §§ 6-1-208-3-and28 6-1-208-4-6.1-225.48 and 6.1-225.49 to federal credit unions.--The
29 provisions of §§ 6-1-208-3-and-6-1-208-4-6.1-225.48 and 6.1-225.49
30 shall apply to federal credit unions operating in this Commonwealth *

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- 1 the extent that the same are not inconsistent with any federal law
- ? applicable to such credit unions.

Drafting Note: Only change is reference to code sections. (See § 4 - 6.1 - 208.5.)

1	
2	Article 10.
3	Loans.
4	<u>§ 6.1-225.51. Purpose and condition of loans,A credit union</u>
5	may lend to its members for such purposes and upon such conditions as
6	the bylaws may prescribe. The board of directors shall establish
7	written policies with respect to granting loans and extending lines of
8	credit, including the terms, conditions, and acceptable forms of
9	security.
10 11 12 13	Drafting Note: Current § 6.1-198(9) simply states that bylaws shall specify conditions for making loans. Proposal follows MCUA in flexible provision to allow the board to create a loan policy that fits the credit union, its resources, and its members. (MCUA § 710)
14	<u>§ 6.1-225.52. Other chargesA. In addition to interest</u>
15	<u>charged on loans, a credit union may charge members all reasonable</u>
16	expenses in connection with making, closing, disbursing, extending,
17	collecting, or renewing loans.
18	<u>B. In accordance with the bylaws, a credit union may assess</u>
19	charges to members for failure to meet in a timely manner their
20	obligations to the credit union.
21 22 23	Drafting Note: Allows credit union to assess late charges and charge fees for expenses of services rendered to a member. Subsection B addresses the assessment of late charges, etc. See § 6.1-330.80.
24	<pre>§ 6-1-217-6.1-225.53 Leans-generally-Loan_limit ANo</pre>
25	loan may be made to an-individual-<u>a</u> member if, upon making the loan,
26	<u>he-the member would be indebted to the credit union on loans to him-</u>
27	such member_in an aggregate amount which would exceed ten percent of
28	its outstanding-shares-share accounts_and reserve fund, or the
29	maximum amount as authorized by its bylaws, whichever is less. $\pm f - \pm he$
30	borrower-or-endorser-is-a-member-of-the-credit-committee-the-loan-must

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1 be-approved-by-the-supervisory-committee-instead-of-by-the-credit-

2 committee;-however,-where-such-loan-is-fully-secured-by-shares,-such-

3 loan-may-be-approved-by-the-credit-committee---

B.-No-loan-shall-be-made-to-an-individual-who-is-not-a-member-ofthe-credit-union.-If-the-credit-committee-should-knowingly-approvesuch-a-loan,-its-members-shall-be-jointly-and-severally-liable-to-thecredit-union-for-the-immediate-repayment-thereof.--

8 Drafting Note: No substantive change from current ten percent 9 limitation. MCUA--ten percent of "total assets"; FCUA--ten percent of 10 "unimpaired capital and surplus"; Cal.--ten percent of "shares." (See 11 § 6.1-217.)

12 § <u>6-1-217-6.1-225.54</u>. Loans <u>generally-to members of credit</u>
13 <u>committee: nonmember loans</u>.--A. No-loan-may-be-made-to-an-individual
14 if,-upon-making-the-loan,-he-would-be-indebted-to-the-credit-union-on15 loans-to-him-in-an-aggregate-amount-which-would-exceed-ten-percent-of16 its-outstanding-shares-and-reserve-fund,-or-the-maximum-amount-as17 authorized-by-its-bylaws,-whichever-is-less---If the borrower or
18 endorser is a member of the credit committee, <u>or a member of the board</u>

of directors if the board is serving as the credit committee, the loan 19 must-shall be approved by the supervisory committee or a loan officer 20 instead of by the credit committee; however, where such loan is fully 21 secured by shares, such loan may be approved by the credit committee. 22 B. No loan shall be made to an individual or entity who is not a 23 member of the credit union. If the credit committee or loan officer_ 24 should knowingly approve such a loan, its-the members of the credit 25 26 <u>committee</u> shall be jointly and severally <u>liable</u>, or in the case of a 27 loan officer, he shall be individually liable, to the credit union for the immediate repayment thereof. 28

⁹ Drafting Note: The amendments to subsection A include restrictions on approval of loans to board members, if the board also serves as the

TMG TITL6CU credit committee. In such event, the loan would be approved by the 1 supervisory committee or a loan officer. The amendment to subsection 2 B establishes the same liability for a loan officer who knowingly 3 4 approves a loan for a nonmember. § 6.1-225.55. Lines of credit. -- Notwithstanding the requiremen: 5 6 of § 6,1-225,37, the credit committee or a loan officer may approve an application for a line of credit. When a line of credit has been 7 8 approved, advances may be made as requested without further loan application or approval if the aggregate outstanding balance on all 9 advances does not exceed the limit specified. 10 11 Drafting Note: Some refer to this as a self-replenishing line of credit. It allows open-end loan plans, e.g., credit cards. 12 13 <u>§ 6,1-225,56. Cooperative loans.--A credit union may originate</u> loans to credit union members jointly with other credit unions. credit 14 union organizations, or other financial institutions pursuant to 15 written policies established by the board of directors which shall 16 17 include the limitation set forth in § 6.1-225.53. A credit union which originates such a loan shall retain at least a ten percent 18

19 <u>interest in such loan.</u>

Article 11.

Investments.

§ 6-1-216-6.1-225.57 . Investment-of-funds-Authorized

<u>investments</u>.--The funds of a credit <u>union</u>, <u>not</u> <u>used in loans to</u> <u>members</u>, may be invested in the following ways only:

(1)-Lent-to-members-of-the-eredit-union;-

Drafting Note: This change places more emphasis on the primary duty of credit unions to invest their funds in loans to members. Many credit unions refer to investment of capital (deposits) reserves and surplus rather than just "funds." FCUA and MCUA use term "funds" as in Virginia.

(2)-1. Lent-Loans to other insured credit unions to the extent permitted in the bylaws;

(3)-Deposited-in-banks-in-which-the-accounts-are-insured-by-the-Federal-Deposit-Insurance-Corporation;-

(4)-2. Invested-In shares, share accounts, or deposits of other insured credit unions to the extent authorized in its bylaws, but not to exceed twenty-five percent of outstanding shares and reserve fund, in shares of other insured credit unions;

3. In shares or deposits of any corporate credit union provided such investments are specifically authorized by the board of director making the investment;

Drafting Note: Old (10).

4. In federally insured banks and savings institutions: Drafting Note: Old (3) and (6) dropping the FDIC and FSLIC reference

(5)-Invested in 5. In the capital stock of the National Credit Union Central Liquidity Facility or any central liquidity facility established under the laws of the Commonwealth --in-obligations-of-

-United-States,-of-the-Commonwealth-of-Virginia-or-any-political-

subdivision-or-agency-of-the-Commonwealth-of-Virginia,-including-1 2 revenue-bonds-; 6. In obligations of the United States and securities fully 3 guaranteed as to principal and interest thereby; 4 7. In obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia and any 5 political subdivision thereof, including but not limited to, revenue 6 bonds: 7 Drafting Note: Old (6). 8 (6)-Invested-in-savings-accounts-of-any-savings-and-loan-9 10 association-whose-accounts-are-insured-by-the-Federal-Savings-and-Loan Insurance-Corporation;-11 (7)-Invested-in-8. In such stock, securities, obligations, or 12 other investments as may be approved from time to time by the 13 Commission: 14 15 (8)-Invested-in-the-2. In real estate, office buildingbuildings, equipment , and furnishings of the credit union provided 16 that the aggregate investment in all such fixed assets shall not 17 exceed five percent of the total of the members' shares-share_ 18 accounts without the prior written authorization of the Commissioner 19 20 of-Financial-Institutions-; 21 (9)-Invested-to-the-extent-authorized-in-its-bylaws-in-the-22 purchase-of-stock-and-other-securities-or-obligations-of-a-servicecorporation-or-corporations-in-an-amount-not-to-exceed-five-percent-of 23 24 outstanding-shares-and-reserve-fund--Such-credit-union-may-not-investin-any-such-service-corporation-unless-it-uses-or-intends-to-use-the-25 services-of-such-service-corporation--For-the-purposes-of-this-26 section,-a-"service-corporation"-is-defined-as-one-engaged-primarily-27 in-rendering-services-to-two-or-more-credit-unions--The-Commission-may 28

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allow-such-investment-to-exceed-five-percent-of-the-outstanding-shares

(10)-Notwithstanding-any-other-provisions-of-this-section,invested-in-shares-or-deposits-of-any-central-credit-union-providedsuch-investments-are-specifically-authorized-by-the-board-of-directors of-the-credit-union-making-the-investment.--

10. In shares. stock. deposits in. loans. or other obligations of any organization. corporation. or association. if (i) the membership or ownership. as the case may be, of such organization. corporation. or association is primarily confined or restricted to credit unions or organizations of credit unions and (ii) the purpose for which such organization. corporation. or association is organized is to strengthen or advance the development of credit unions or credit union organizations: provided such investment by any credit union

all not exceed five percent of the credit union's outstanding shares

and reserves without the prior approval of the Commissioner:

Drafting Note: Allows credit union to invest in a credit union service organization which can furnish essential services to the credit union.

<u>11. In deposits in, loans to, or shares of any Federal Reserve</u> Bank: and

Drafting Note: Conforms to legislation allowing financial institutions other than banks access to the Federal Reserve.

12. In cooperative loans with other credit unions or credit union organizations: provided such investment shall not exceed ten percent of outstanding shares and reserves of the investing credit union.___

Drafting Note: This provision allows credit unions to join together to invest in a loan which may be larger than any one credit union may ant to invest in. The proposed section is similar to the MCUA § 7.40 d the FCUA § 107 (5)(E).

1	
2	Article 12.
3	<u>Reserves</u>
4	§ 6.1-218-6.1-225.58 . Reserve-fund -Transfer to regular_
5	reserves: special reserves AAt the end of each accounting
6	period, as provided in the bylaws, whether a dividend is to be paid or
7	not, the gross earnings of the credit union shall be determined. From
8	this amount, there shall be set aside sums as a regular reserve in
9	accordance with the following schedule:
10	1. A credit union in operation for more than four years and
11	having assets of \$500,000 or more shall set aside (i) ten percent of
12	gross income until the regular reserve shall equal four percent of the
13	total of outstanding loans and risk assets, then (ii) five percent of
14	gross income until the regular reserve shall equal six percent of the
15	total of outstanding loans and risk assets.
16	2. A credit union in operation less than four years or having
17	assets less than \$500,000 shall set aside (i) ten percent of the gross
18	income until the regular reserve shall equal seven and one-half
19	percent of the total of outstanding loans and risk assets, then (ii)
20	five percent of gross income until the regular reserve shall equal ten
21	percent of the total of outstanding loans and risk assets.
22	3. Whenever the regular reserve falls below the stated percent of
23	the total of outstanding loans and risk assets, it shall be
24	replenished by regular contributions in such amounts as may be needed
25	to maintain the stated reserve goals.
26	4. The Commission may increase or decrease the stated reserve
27	requirement when in its opinion such an increase or decrease is

28 necessary or desirable.

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5. In addition to such regular reserve, special reserves shall be established when found by the board of directors of the credit union _____ by the Commission to be necessary to protect the interest of `members.

6. Unless otherwise prohibited by the Commission, the board of directors of the credit union may establish additional, regular reserves when in its opinion such an increase is necessary or desirable.

Drafting Note: No change.

<u>B---§ 6.1-225.59.</u> Use of reserves. --Losses may be charged to the reserve fund. Any sums recovered on items previously charged to it shall be credited to the reserve fund. No dividends shall be paid out of the reserve fund unless the fund, after such payment, exceeds the total amount required to be set aside in the regular reserve and

cial reserves of the credit union.

Drafting Note: No substantive change.

<u>E---§ 6.1-225.60. Risk assets defined.</u>--For the purposes-<u>purpose</u> of establishing the reserves required by this section-article. , all assets except the following shall be considered risk assets:

1. Cash on hand;

2. Deposits and shares in federal or state banks, savings andlean-associations-institutions, and credit unions;

3. Assets which are issued by, fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by, or due from the United States government, its agencies, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Government National Mortgage Association, or the Commonwealth of Virginia or any political subdivision thereof;

4. Loans to other credit unions;

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5. Insured student loans: 1 2 6. Loans insured under Title I of the National Housing Act (12 § 1703) by the Federal Housing Administration; U.S.C. 3 4 7. Shares or deposits in <u>eentral-corporate_credit</u> unions organized under the laws of this Commonwealth or the Federal Credit 5 Union Act; 6 8. Prepaid expenses; 7 Accrued interest on nonrisk investment; 9. 8 9 10. Loans fully secured by a pledge of shares in the lending credit union, equal to and maintained to at least the amount of the 10 loan outstanding; 11 Loans which are purchased from liquidating credit unions and 12 11. quaranteed by the Virginia Credit Union Share Insurance Corporation of 13 14 or the National Credit Union Administration; Investments in the insuring organization and in the National 15 12. 16 Credit Union Administration Central Liquidity Facility; 17 13. Furniture and equipment; and-Land and buildings ---: 18 14. 15. Investments with a maturity of three years or less; and 19 16. In addition to subdivisions 1 through 16 of this section, 20 such assets as the Commissioner may classify as not being risk assets 21

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22 for the purpose of this section.

23 Drafting Note: Virginia's reserve section was rewritten in 1986 and is similar to the FCUA § 116(a) and (b). The MCUA has adopted a 24 different approach which reflects the recommendations of the 25 Capitalization Commission. That approach keeps the formula for 26 reserving out of the statutes and allows for it to be set by 27 The Commissioner is directed to establish a reserve 28 regulation. schedule by regulation. Certain guidelines for the Commissioner are 29 set by statute by requiring that reserves be based on risk assets and 30 31 the transfer to reserves based on gross income of the credit union. It also sets lower transfer to reserves requirement for credit unions 32 in operation more than a specified number of years and having assets 33

in excess of certain dollar amounts.

Virginia law allows board of directors to establish special reserves hen necessary to protect the interest of members and additional gular reserves. Section 6.1-225.59 provides that losses may be charged to the reserve fund, and no dividends shall be paid therefrom unless an excess reserve would remain after such payment.

(See N.C. § 54-109.86; MCUA § 10-12.)

Drafting Note: This new section will allow a credit union to pool its resources with other credit unions, service organizations or other financial institutions to make loans to its members. Cooperative loans would enhance smaller credit unions' ability to make large loans to their members, such as in purchasing a residence with a long term loan. There is a ten percent limitation on loans to any one member and a requirement that the originating credit union must retain at least ten percent interest in such loan.

1	
2	Article_13
3	<u>Out-of-State Credit Unions,</u>
4	§ 6-1-208-6-6.1-225.61. Out-of-state credit unionsA. A
5	credit union organized and doing business in another state may conduct
6	business as a credit union in Virginia with the approval of the
7	Commission. The Commission shall find that the out-of-state credit
8	union:
9	1. Is a credit union duly organized under the laws of another
10	state which would allow credit unions organized in this Commonwealth
11	to conduct business in that state;
12	2. Has share insurance for its members;
13	3. Reasonably needs to establish a place of business in this
14	Commonwealth to adequately serve its members in this Commonwealth;
15	4. Is examined and supervised by the supervisory authority of t
16	state in which the out-of-state credit union is organized; and
17	5. Has filed an application with the Commission to conduct such
18	business.
19	B. The out-of-state credit union shall:
20	1. Grant loans at rates of interest not in excess of the rates
21	permitted for credit unions organized under the laws of this
22	Commonwealth;
23	2. Comply with the same consumer protection provisions that
24	credit unions organized under the laws of this Commonwealth are
25	required to obey;
26	3. Designate and maintain a registered agent in this
27	Commonwealth;
28	4. Submit all examination reports from its supervisory agency t
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1 the Commission;

5. Have any insurer of shares designate an agent for service of
 process and agree that in the absence of such designation service may
 4 be upon the clerk of the Commission; and

6. Inform the members of the credit union who use any facility
authorized pursuant to this section of the state where the
organization, supervision, and share insurance of the credit union
are, and of the fact that it is not regulated, supervised __or insured
by any agency of this Commonwealth.

C. Credit unions organized in this Commonwealth may establish
offices outside the Commonwealth upon approval of the Commission.

2 D. The Commission may suspend or revoke the authority of an 3 out-of-state credit union to do business in Virginia if the Commission 4 finds that such credit union is not in compliance with the equirements of this section.

Drafting Note: Virginia adopted § 6.1-208.6 in 1985. Virginia
requires reciprocal authority, share insurance, reasonable need to
establish business in Virginia, examination and supervision by state's
supervisory authority where organized and must file application with
Commission. Also allows Virginia credit unions to open offices out of
state with approval of Commission. No change.

1	
2	Article 14.
3	Miscellaneous.
4	<pre>§ 6-1-223-2-6.1-225.62 . Penalty-for-certain-acts-by-officer-</pre>
5	director, -etc:OffensesAny officer, director, employee, receiver
6	<u>_</u> or agent of a credit union who willfully does any of the following
7	shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony:
8	1. With the intent to deceive, falsifies any book of account,
9	report, statement, record <u>, or</u> other document of a credit union
10	whether by alteration, false entry, omission <u>, or</u> otherwise;
11	2. Signs, issues, publishesor transmits to a government agency
12	any book of account, report, statement, record <u></u> or other document
13	which he knows to be false;
14	3. By means of deceit, obtains a signature to a writing which is
15	a subject of forgery;
16	4. With intent to deceive, destroys any credit union book of
17	account, report, statement, record <u>,</u> or other document; or
18	5. With the intent to defraud, shares or receives directly or
19	indirectly any money profit -, property <u>,</u> or benefits through any
20	transaction of the credit union.
21	Drafting Note: No change.
22	§ <u>6-1-225-6.1-225.63</u> . Exemption-of-credit-unions-from-payment-
23	of-franchise-tax-Taxation All credit unions organized under the
24	laws of this Commonwealth and doing business purely as credit unions
25	shall be exempt from the payment of any franchise tax.
26	Drafting Note: No change.
27	2. That Chapter 4 of Title 6.1 of the Code of Virginia, consisting of
28	<pre>§§ 6.1-196 through 6.1-225, is repealed.</pre>
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3. That whenever any section of Chapter 4 of Title 6.1 of this Code
 is referenced in any other section of this Code such reference shall
 be construed to apply to the new or renumbered section of Chapter 4.01
 of Title 6.1 of this Code.

5 4. That the regulations of the State Corporation Commission in effect 6 on the effective date of this act shall continue in effect to the 7 extent that they are not in conflict with this act and shall be deemed 8 to be regulations promulgated in accordance with this act.

9 5. That the provisions of this Act shall become effective January 1,10 1991.

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APPENDICES

- 1. Outline of Proposed Chapter 4.01.
- 2. Presentation by the Virginia Credit Union League.
- 3. Comparative Tables.
- 4. Members of the Virginia Code Commission.

APPENDIX I

CHAPTER 4.01

VIRGINIA CREDIT UNION ACT

Article 1. General Provisions.

New Section

- Sec.
- 6.1-225.1 Short Title.
- 6.1-225.2 Definitions.
- Article 2. Supervision and Regulation.

Sec.

6.1–225.3 Supervision and regulation by Commission.

- 6.1-225.4 Examinations.
- 6.1–225.5 Fees for examination, supervision and regulation.
- 6.1-225.6 Penalty for failure to make reports.
- 6.1-225.7 Cease and desist order; right to hearing.
- 6.1-225.8 Powers of Commission in case of nonobservance of law, etc.
- 6.1-225.9 Penalties for violation of orders of Commission.
- 6.1-225.10 Supervisory merger or transfer of assets.
- 6.1-225.11 Consolidation or merger.
- 6.1-225.12 Involuntary dissolution.
- Article 3. Formation of Credit Union.

Sec.

- 6.1-225.13 Incorporation.
- 6.1-225.14 Certificate of authority.
- 6.1-225.15 Contents of bylaws; amendments to bylaws.
- 6.1-225.16 Amendments to articles of incorporation and bylaws.
- 6.1-225.17 Bylaws amended by Commission.
- 6.1-225.18 Fiscal year.
- 6.1-225.19 Unlawful use of words "credit union".
- 6.1-225.20 Establishing, moving, closing offices.

Article 4. Powers.

Sec.

- 6.1-225.21 General powers.
- 6.1-225.22 Amendment of powers by Commission.

Article 5.	Membership.
6.1-225.23 6.1-225.24 6.1-225.25	Membership defined; common bond. Membership meetings; voting. Special meetings.
Article 6.	Share Insurance.
Sec. 6.1-225.26	Insurance of shares.
Article 7.	Change in corporate status; mergers, dissolutions and conversions.
Sec. 6.1-225.27 6.1-225.28 6.1-225.29 6.1-225.30	Voluntary merger. Voluntary dissolution. Conversion of federal credit union to state credit union. Conversion of state credit union to federal credit union.
Article 8.	Direction of affairs.
Sec. 6.1-225.31 6.1-225.32 6.1-225.33 6.1-225.34 6.1-225.35 6.1-225.36 6.1-225.37 6.1-225.38 6.1-225.39 6.1-225.40	Board of directors; number; election; term; appointment of supervisory and credit committee. Board of directors; election of officers. Executive committee. Meetings of directors. Compensation of officials. Powers and duties of directors. Credit committee; loan officers; appeal. Supervisory committee; suspension and removal of officials. Special audit. Qualification of officers, etc.

Article 9.	Accounts
Sec. 6.1-225.41 6.1-225.42 6.1-225.43 6.1-225.44 6.1-225.45 6.1-225.46 6.1-225.47 6.1-225.48 6.1-225.49 6.1-225.50	Share accounts. Payment for shares; transfers; liens on shares. Dividends. Ascertaining value of assets. Minor accounts. Individual retirement accounts, etc. Acceptance of money under Virginia Uniform Transfers to Minors Act. Accounts of deceased or incompetent person. Payment of small balances to distributees or other persons. Application of §§6.1-225.47 and 6.1-225.48 to federal credit unions.
Article 10.	Loans.
Sec. 6.1-225.51 6.1-225.52 6.1-225.53 6.1-225.54 6.1-225.55 6.1-225.56	Purpose and condition of loans. Other charges. Loan limit. Loans to members of credit committees; non-member loans. Lines of credit. Cooperative loans.
Article 11.	Investments.
Sec. 6.1-225.57	Authorized investments.
Article 12.	Reserves.
Sec. 6.1-225.58 6.1-225.59 6.1-225.60	Transfer to regular reserves; special reserves. Use of reserves. Risk assets defined.
Article 13.	Out-of-State Credit Unions.
Sec. 6.1-225.61	Out-of-State Credit Unions.
Article 14.	Miscellaneous.
Sec. 6.1-225.62	Offenses.

6.1-225.63 Taxation.

APPENDIX II

TO: Members of the Virginia Code Commission

- FROM: Virginia Credit Union League, Eugene H. Farley, Jr., President, and Reginald N. Jones, counsel
- RE: Recodification of Credit Union Law

DATE: December 19, 1989

Today we will be presenting to you a proposal to recodify the credit union law in Virginia by creating the Virginia Credit Union Act as Chapter 4, Title 6.1 of the Code cf Virginia of 1950, as amended.

BACKGROUND

The idea for recodification was born out of the conversion of all state chartered credit unions from share insurance with the Virginia Credit Union Share Insurance Corporation ("VACUSIC") to National Credit Union Administration Share Insurance Fund ("NCUASIF") on December 31, 1987. On that date, through the cooperative effort of VACUSIC, the State Corporation Commission ("SCC"), the Virginia Credit Union League ("VCUL") and the National Credit Union Administration ("NCUA") and the approximately one hundred credit unions with state insurance of accounts, Virginia became the first state to have all of its state insured credit unions convert to federal share insurance on the same day and without NCUASIF requiring the usual obligatory examination. This was a tribute to the safety and soundness of the Virginia credit unions and the regulatory respect the NCUA has for the Virginia Bureau of Financial Institutions ("BFI").

In the spring of 1988 in a meeting with Sidney A. Bailey, Commissioner of the Bureau of Financial Institutions, we discussed the feelings expressed by many state chartered credit union leaders that since they had lost their state insurance fund and had been forced to accept federal insurance, they might as well convert to a federal charter because it would cost less as a federal credit union and the Federal Credit Union Act provides a better operating environment than we have in Virginia. At that time, we recognized that the Virginia law was not organized and was in real need of modernization.

In the 1989 Session of the Virginia General Assembly, Delegate J. Samuel Glasscock and Speaker A. L. Philpott co-patroned a bill which was merged into House Bill 309 authorizing a Code Commission study of the credit union laws in Virginia.

During the past nine months, representatives of the Bureau of Financial Institutions (namely, Commissioner Bailey, George T. Latham, Supervisor of Credit Union Regulations, and William F. Schutt, Senior Counsel to the Bureau of Financial Institutions), C. W. "Bill" Cramme, III, Senior Counsel for the Division of Legislative Services, and representatives of the Virginia Credit Union League have been involved in research and writing in preparation of the product before you.

In preparing the proposed recodification, we reviewed the state credit union acts in about twenty selected states, the Federal Credit Union Act ("FCUA"), and the Model Credit Union Act ("MCUA"). Through this process, we found that the Virginia Act was terribly disorganized, had not kept pace with many changes in the credit union movement and was woefully inadecuate as compared to the credit union acts in the states surrounding Virginia.

To find a state that has made most of the changes we are seeking, one only needs to look to North Carolina. It would probably be difficult to find any substantive changes we are suggesting that are not just a part of the federal law controlling the activities of federally chartered credit unions doing business in Virginia but has been the law in North Carolina for several years.

A draft proposal was delivered to Bill Cramme on October 11, 1989. A revised draft with Bill Cramme's recommendations incorporated was submitted to Commissioner Bailey and representatives of the BFI on October 19, 1989 for review and comment. Gene Farley and I met on November 14 and November 15, 1989 with Bill Schutt and George Latham. In those meetings we reached an agreement on numerous modifications and the BFI agreed to submit some specific proposals for parts of Article 2 (Supervision and Regulation), Article 3 (Formation of Credit Union) and Article 7 (Change in Corporate Status, Mergers, Dissolutions and Conversions). On December 13, 1989, we received the proposal from the BFI and immediately agreed to incorporate their recommendations into the proposed bill previously delivered to Bill Cramme at Legislative Services with the mutual understanding that the proposal is not yet cast in stone and we will continue to note improvements acceptable to the Code Commission and the eventual patrons of the bill.

The draft could not be ready in time for review by representatives of other financial institutions. There have been informal discussions with Jack Edmonds, counsel, and Walter Ayers, President of the Virginia Bankers Association, as well as Mark Saurs, President of the Virginia League of Savings Institutions, advising them some of the more significant proposals; however, they have not had the opportunity to review the proposal before you today. We intend to deliver a copy to representatives of other financial institutions immediately.

Highlights of the proposal are:

 An organized Act entitled the "Virginia Credit Union Act," divided into articles to provide easier access to the Act and a definitional section.

2. Codification of certain existing and accepted practices to provide clearer direction for the regulators and credit unions.

3. Allows state chartered credit unions to include in

their membership groups with divergent common bonds if located in the same geographical area. (Section 6.1-225.15)

4. Article 4 enumerates the powers of a credit union rather than continue to rely upon implied powers.

Membership rights are defined in Article 5, Section
 6.1-225.23, et seq.

6. Establishes procedures for loan officers to operate under the direction of the board and in lieu of a credit committee with a right of appeal for members receiving an adverse loan decision.

7. Clarifies the powers and duties of the board of directors of a credit union.

8. Defines ownership of a share account as an interest in the capital of the credit union.

9. Clarifies the interest of a minor in a share account.

10. Provides for cooperative loans with other credit unions and financial institutions.

11. Allows investment in credit union service organizations, with certain limitations, and in shares of the Federal Reserve Bank. We lock forward to reviewing the proposed recodification in more detail with you.

Respectfully submitted,

Reginald N. Jones

RECODIFICATION OF CREDIT UNION LAW

REVIEW BY ARTICLE AND SECTION

Article 1. General Provisions.

§6.1-225.1. Short Title. - Creates a reference title for the Act.

S6.1-225.2. Definitions. - No definitional section in old Act. The definition of "credit union" is similar to that found in the Model Credit Union Act ("MCUA"), Federal Credit Union Act ("FCUA") and many states including North Carolina.

"Immediate family" is defined. Current law speaks of "members of their families" without definition. The proposed definition, we believe, codifies current practice. The FCUA does not define but we believe the proposed language follows the practice in most states and for federal credit unions.

"Insuring organization" definition allows an alternative to NCUA Share Insurance Fund if approved by the Commission.

"Shares" as defined will correct current law to include the interest of a member who has a share draft account which is not a "savings" account. "Share account" includes all types of share accounts a member may hold to include savings and transactional accounts. Further, it clarifies that owning shares confers membership, voting rights, and an interest in the capital of the credit union.

Article. Supervision and Regulation.

§ 6.1-225.3. Supervision and regulation. - As in current law, establishes that state chartred credit unions shall be supervised and regulated by the Commission. The word "examination" has been changed to "regulation" to more properly reflect the role of the Commission. The stricken provisions have been relocated within Article 2.

The last sentence is added to specifically authorize the Commission to promulgate regulations to implement the Act. [See §6.1-220]

§6.1-225.4. Examinations. - Does not change present examination requirement of at least two examinations every three years or as often as necessary to protect a member's interest. No substantive change. [See § 6.1-221] \$6.1-225.5. Fees for examination, supervision and regulation. - Combined old fee sections for examination (\$6.1-221) and supervision and regulation (\$6.1-221.1) in same section and updated without any sustantive change.

\$6.1-225.6. Reports; penalty for failure to make a
report. - Penalty for failure to make reports required by
State Corporation Commission ("SCC") for a period of fifteen
days or pay charges due to SCC, upon notice to credit union,
the SCC can revoke or suspend certificate of authority.
Same as current \$6.1-222. [\$6.1-222]

\$6.1-225.7. Cease and desist authority. - SCC given authority to order a credit union to cease and desist certain unsafe or unsound practices. The procedure is established for an expedited hearing before the Commission. (Identical to \$6.1-194.83.D.1. & 2 for savings and loans.) New section included in BFI proposals. [S&L Act \$6.1-194.83.D.1 & 2; \$6.1-200.2.B.]

\$6.1-225.8. Powers of Commission in case of nonobservance of the law, noncompliance with orders, insufficient reserves or insolvency, etc. This section provides new powers to the Commission when a credit union fails to operate in a safe and sound manner, failed to comply with order of SCC or the law, or is or about to become insolvent, has insufficient reserves or is in violation of some law or regulation. (Similar to §6.1-194.83.A. & B.)

S6.1-225.9. Penalties for violation of orders of the Commission; removal of official. - Section same as S6.1-223.1 except may remove an official on first offense rather than getting a free bite at the apple. SCC amendment eliminated right of appeal language from statute.

\$6.1-225.10. Supervisory merger or transfer of assets. No change from current \$6.1-200.4 except that insolvency
definition shifted to definition section and SCC added
language in subparagraph F that will allow Commission to
effect a sale of assets to any federally insured financial
institution if cannot find a credit union for a merger or
consolidation. [\$6.1-200.4]

\$6.1-225.11. Consolidation or merger. - No change.
[\$6.1-200.5]

§ 6.1-225.12. Involuntary dissolution. - No substantive change.

Article 3. Formation of Credit Union.

§6.1-225.13. Incorporation. - Amendments require Virginia residents to organize a credit union. Remaining language extracted because it is in the definitional section.

[§ 6.1-196]

§ 6.1-225.14. Certificate of authority. - SCC proposal to replace current § 6.1-197 with a list of requirements that must be met in order to receive a certificate of authority to commence business as a credit union.

Allows for a conditional certificate while share insurance application is pending. [\$6.1-197]

§ 6.1-225.15. Contents of bylaws; amendments to bylaws generally. -

(1) No substantive change but did include reference to notice section of Nonstock Corporate Act.

(3) Qualifications for membership changed from "a specified common bond of interest" to "groups having a common bond of occupation or association" or to groups within a well-defined neighborhood, etc. (community based credit union), other credit unions and employees of the credit union. This is more restrictive than allowed by FCUA \$109 (12 U.S.C. 1759).

(4) No longer required to have a credit committee if membership allows board of directors to serve as credit committee.

(11) Section A2 and A3 of \$13.1-907 do not apply to a credit union's distribution of assets in dissolution.

(12) Added "The manner in which bylaws may be amended".

[6.1 - 198]

§ 6.1-225.16. Amendments to articles of incorporation and bylaws. - Statute refers to appropriate section in Nonstock Corporate Act for amendments. Amendments to bylaws must be approved or disapproved by the Commissioner within thirty (30) days of submission. Amendments are not effective until approved by the Commissioner. [§6.1-199]

\$6.1-225.17. Bylaws; amendments by Commission. - No change. [\$6.1-198] §6.1-225.18. Fiscal year. - No change. [§6.1-209]

§6.1-225.19. Unlawful use of words "credit union". Amended only to classify as a Class 1 misdemeanor. No other
substantive change.

§6.1-225.20. Establishing, moving, closing offices. -Commission requested significant change from current law which allows a credit union to change its place of business on written notice to and approval of the Commission.

Proposed change requires application on SCC form and prior approval to establish a branch office. Establishes a shareholder's interest test. Requires thirty (30) days written notice to move or close a credit union office. Also, must notify Commissioner within ten (10) days after it establishes, relocates or closes any office.

All changes were requested by the SCC-BFI.

Article 4. Powers.

\$6.1-225.21. General Powers. - Current law does
not enumerate the powers for state chartered credit unions.
It simply states that a credit union may receive savings,
may loan to its members, and "may undertake such other

activites relating to the purposes of the credit union as its charter or bylaws may authorize".

The recodification approach is to enumerate the general powers of a credit union rather than relying upon an "implied power" theory.

Specific powers:

1. Receive savings from and make loans to its members.

 Acquire, lease, etc. property necessary or incidental to its operation, including property or assets obtained as a result of a default.

3. Borrowing limitations from current act (6.1-201) remain unchanged, i.e., credit union must notify and obtain prior approval from the Commission if borrowings exceed fifty percent of credit union's outstanding shares and in no event shall borrowings exceed ninety percent of outstanding shares. [§6.1-201]

4. Offer related financial services, e.g., EFT, safe deposit boxes, leasing of automobiles, etc.

[§6.1-200 & §6.1-201] §6.1-225.22. "Wild card" section authorizing Commission by appropriate regulation to amend the powers of state chartered credit unions to have powers "at least comparable to those granted to federal credit unions doing business in Virginia". No change in current statute except that amendment offered to allow the SCC to waive the requirement of a public hearing when deemed appropriate by SCC.

[\$6.1-200.2.A.]

§6.1-225.23. Membership defined; common bond. - Current law does not have a membership section or definition, it simply states that the conditions and qualifications for membership shall be in the bylaws. [§6.1-198(3)] Section 6.1-225.23 provides the criteria for membership; that member who leaves the field of membership may be permitted to retain membership if standards have been adopted by the board; board of directors right to expel from membership; that members are not liable for the debt of the credit union; the surviving spouse of a deceased member may become a member; and associations of members may become members of credit union, e.g., company union.

[§6.1-198(3)]

§ 6.1-225.24. Membership meetings; voting. - Provides more flexibility in exercising right to vote as a member of the credit union to include absentee and mail ballots and other methods approved in bylaws. Also allows the board of directors to establish a minimum age of not more than eighteen to be eligible to vote or hold office.

[§ 6.1-209]

\$6.1-225.25. Special meetings. - Allows majority
of supervisory committee to call a meeting of the members.
No substantive change from \$6.1-213.

Article 6. Share Insurance.

§6.1-225.26. Insurance of shares. - As in §6.1-200.1 of the current law, this section establishes the continuing requirement for existing credit unions to maintain share insurance or dissolve or merge with a credit union which is insured. This has been the law since 1974.

[§6.1-200.1]

Article 7. Changes in corporate status; mergers, dissolutions and conversions.

\$6.1-225.27. Merger. - Current law provides for merger of two Virginia state chartered credit unions subject to the approval of the Commission. This does not change the current law. Federally chartered credit unions can merge without regard to common bond under the rules and regulations of the NCUA. [See FCUA \$120 (12 U.S.C. 1766) and \$205(h)(i) (12 U.S.C. 1785) in the case of insolvency or threatened insolvency.]

The amendments will allow the merger of a state chartered credit union with another credit union regardless of state or federal charter. If the surviving credit union will be a Virginia state chartered credit union an application must be approved by the Commission.

The amendment to subsection A.3. allows the federally chartered credit union in a merger with a Virginia state chartered credit union to give notice of the plan of merger in accordance with the requirements for a federally chartered credit union and not the state law.

The amendment to subsection A.5. requires the surviving credit union, if it is a credit union organized under the laws of another state, to comply with the relevant provisions of this Act relating to out-of-state credit unions. (§6.1-225.61) [§6.1-200.3]

\$6.1-225.28. Voluntary dissolution. - Virginia is one of two states without a voluntary dissolution statute. We probably have relied upon the provisions of the Nonstock Corporate Act. This section incorporates the nonstock act provisions and requires certain notices to the Commissioner. [No existing section]

\$6.1-225.29. Conversion of federal credit union to state credit union. - Current \$ 6.1-200.6 allows the conversion. The amendments are only to correct references. [\$6.1-200.6]

\$6.1-225.30. Conversion of state credit union to federal credit union. - Current \$6.1-200.7 provides procedure for conversion of state credit union to federal. The amendment to subsection 1 clarifies that the notice to members of the federal credit union may be given in the manner prescribed in the bylaws of the federal credit union. [\$6.1-200.7] Article 8. Direction of Affairs.

\$6.1-225.31. Board of directors; number; election; term; appointment of supervisory and credit committee. - Subsection (1) makes it clear that the board of directors has the authority and responsibility to direct the credit union.

Subsection (2) provides for election of an odd number of directors annually and not necessarily at the annual meeting.

Subsection (3) establishes the term of directors from one to four years and staggered terms if elected for more than one year. Also provides for filling vacancies on the board.

Subsection (4) - current law requires board to appoint the supervisory and credit committees. The amendments allow loan officers to be appointed from outside the membership and the members to direct the board to serve as the credit committee and thereby eliminate the need for a credit committee. The law has not been changed regarding the appointment of a supervisory committee and the checks and balances between the board of directors and the supervisory committee. Also, if there is no credit committee and the board delegates its power to approve or disapprove loans to a committee of the board, then any member shall have the right to appeal any adverse loan decision to the full board. [S6.1-210, S6.1-211 6(a) & 6(b)]

§6.1-225.32. Board of directors; election of officers. -The amendments allow flexibility in the designation of board officers, e.g., Chairman of the board or president, establishes the term of office as one year, and requires the designation of a chief operating officer and a financial officer who shall give a bond with surety.

S6.1-225.33. Executive committee. - Virginia is one of a few states without authority for an executive committee. Proposal allows an executive committee of the board with authority to act for the board subject to limitations and is similar to the MCUA and the law in North Carolina.

[No current law]

\$6.1-225.34. Meetings of directors. - Section amended to include the executive committee of the board and to require that the bylaws prescribe when each shall meet.

[\$6.1-221]

§6.1-225.35. Compensation of officials. - The amendment eliminates the \$50,000 threshold for compensation of members serving on the credit or supervisory committee.

Virginia law does not allow members of the board of directors to be compensated for their services on the board. [§6.1-211]

\$6.1-225.36. Powers and duties of directors. - Amendment to (1) allows board to appoint a membership officer and establishes the right of appeal to the board if membership is denied. Amendment is similar to FCUA 113(1) and several state acts.

Amendment to (2) simply requires the board to purchase a blanket fidelity bond as required by the Commissioner.

Amendment to (3) "rate" changed to "rates" because there is more than one rate of interest at any one time because of different types of share accounts.

There is no change to (4) regarding the charge for a membership fee, if any.

No substantive change to (5).

Amendment to (6) added words "share accounts" which represents all of the types of accounts in a credit union. No change to (7).

Amended (8) because filling vacancies on board is in \$6.1-225.31(3).

Amendments to (9), (10) and (11) are not substantive, just using some conforming language.

Amendment to (12) allows the board to designate a committee or an individual to make investment decisions pursuant to board policies.

Amendment (13) adds subsection requiring the board to establish policies for loans to members which shall include provisions stating that an official of the credit union will not get favorable rates, terms or conditions on their loans.

Amendment (14) adds requirement that board designate the depository for its funds.

Amendment (15) authorizes the conveyance of property.

Amendment (16) authorizes board to employ and compensate a manager.

Amendment (17) requires board to make provisions for reserves.

No change to (18).

[§6.1-211]

§6.1-225.37. Credit committee; loan officers; appeal. The amendments to (1) and (2) provide option for a loan
officer to approve loans in lieu of a credit committee.

There are no substantive changes in (3) and (4). [§ 6.1-212]

§6.1-225.38. Supervisory committee; supervision and removal of officers. - Rewording of § 6.1-213 provides for an annual audit by the supervisory committee and a report to the board as under current law. New language requires a summary of the audit report to be submitted to the members at the next annual meeting in lieu of reading the entire report. There is no change in requiring supplementary audits, but added "and verification of members' accounts" as deemed necessary or ordered by the board.

As in current law, the supervisory committee may suspend any officer, director or member of the credit committee until the next meeting of the members, which shall be set within seven to fourteen days of such suspension; at which time the members shall act upon the suspension. The current act required notice of the membership meeting be given within seven days. This section parallels the FCUA §115 (12 U.S.C. 1761d); however, supervisory committee members cannot be removed by the board of directors as in many states and FCUA.

[§6.1-213]

\$6.1-225.39. Qualification of officers, etc. No change in second sentence of \$6.1-204 which requires
membership as a prerequisite to holding office in a credit
union.

\$6.1-225.40. Audit. - Changed the authority to require
an independent audit from the Commission to the Commissioner.
[\$6.1-213.1]

Article 9. Accounts.

\$6.1-225.41. Share accounts. - (1) establishes authority
to issue shares to members;

(2) establishes the right of withdrawal for payment to the members or to third parties. (Taken from MCUA)

(3) will allow credit union to establish a withdrawal notice requirement. (From MCUA)

[§6.1-206]

§ 6.1-225.42. Payment for shares; transfers, liens on shares. - Amendment leaves it to the bylaws, which must be approved by the Commission, to prescribe how shares are subscribed to, paid for and transferred.

The statutory lien on shares has been clarified and expanded to include loans endorsed by a member.

[§ 6.1-206]

§ 6.1-225.43. Dividends. - Section was updated by
providing for dividends on varying types of share accounts
and share certificates and allow credit unions to declare
a dividend in advance; however, a dividend cannot be paid
if such dividend will render the credit union insolvent.
(3) Allows credit union practice of paying dividends from
the first of the month on all funds received by the tenth.

[§6.1-198 & §6.1-219]

§6.1-225.44. Ascertaining the value of assets. -No change from current §6.1-219.

§6.1-225.45. Minor accounts. - Current §6.1-207 allows shares to be issued to minors and states that withdrawals by minors are valid. The revised section makes it clear that the minor is the sole owner free from the control of others, except creditors, and may be withdrawn by written order of the minor.

The parent or guardian cannot withdraw from the minor's account without the minor's approval.

[§ 6.1-207]

S6.1-225.46. Individual retirement accounts, etc. -Amendments allow a credit union to serve as trustee for self-employed pension plans ("SEPS") and other similar retirement plans similar to its current authority for IRAS. Also removes the exclusion of such plans from the statutory lien credit unions have on shares of members. [§6.1-207.1]

\$6.1-225.47. Acceptance of money under Virginia
Uniform Transfer to Minors Act. - No change except correcting
title to Act.

[§6.1-207.2]

\$6.1-225.48. Accounts of deceased or incompetent persons.
No substantive change except protection for credit union

paying shares in good faith without actual knowledge that the member is deceased.

[§6.1-208.3]

\$6.1-225.49. Payment of small balances to distributees
or other persons. - No change.

[\$6.1-208.4]

§6.1-225.50. Application of §§6.1-225.48 and 6.1-225.49
to federal credit unions. - Only changes in code references.

Article 10. Loans.

§6.1-225.51. Purpose and condition of loans. - Amends §6.1-198(9) to allow credit union to adopt a loan policy that fits the credit union, its resources and its members. Language taken from MCUA.

[§6.1-198(9)]

\$6.1-225.52. Other changes. - Amended language allows a credit union to assess late charges and to charge fees to the members creating expenses by the services required to serve the member and not spread the cost to all members in the form of lower dividends.

[No section]

S6.1-225.53. Loan limit. - No substantive change from current limitation that no more than ten percent of the outstanding share account and reserve fund may be loaned to one member and the bylaws may authorize less than ten percent.

6.1-225.54. Loans to members of credit committee; non-member loans. - Amendments to (1) include restrictions on approval of loans to board members, if the board also serves as the credit committee. In such event, the loan would be approved by the supervisory committee or a loan officer.

Amendment to (2) establishes the same liability for a loan officer who knowingly approves a loan for a nonmember.

[§6.1-217]

§6.1-225.55. Lines of credit. - Deleted sentence unnecessary since borrower is no longer required to state the purposes for which advances are made.

\$6.1-225.56. Cooperative loans. - New section which will allow a credit union to pool its resources with other credit unions, service organizations or other financial institutions to make loans to its members. Cooperative loans would enhance smaller credit unions' ability to make large loans to its members, such as in purchasing a residence with a long term loan.

There is a ten percent limitation on loans to any one member and a requirement that the originating credit union must retain at least ten percent interest in such loan.

[No section]

Article 11. Investments.

§6.1-225.57. Authorized investments. - Credit unions primary emphasis is lending to its members. Funds not loaned to members may be invested in the enumerated investments. The amendments update terminology and added investment in a central liquidity facility established under the laws of Virginia, in obligations fully guaranteed by the United States, in common trust investments, in office buildings (with limitation as to five percent of share accounts without prior approval from the Commissioner), in a credit union service organization, in the shares of the Federal Reserve Bank and in cooperative loans.

[§6.1-216]

Article 12. Reserves.

§6.1-225.58. Transfer to regular reserves; special
reserves. - No change.

§6.1-225.59. Use of reserves. - No substantive change.
[\$6.1-218]

§6.1-225.60. Risk assets defined. Changed "central"
credit union to "corporate" credit union and added common
trust investments to the list of risk assets.

[§5.1-218]

Article 13. Out-of-state credit unions.

\$6.1-225.61. Out-of-state credit unions. - Section
6.1-208 passed in 1985 and is not being amended.
Article 14. Miscellaneous.

\$6.1-225.62. Offenses. - No change. [\$6.1-223.2] \$6.1-225.63. Taxation. - No change. [\$6.1-225]

APPENDIX III COMPARATIVE TABLES

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6.1-212.1 6.1-213	6.1-225.25 6.1-225.25 6.1-225.38
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Existing Section	New Section
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New Section

Existing Section

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6.1-225.15 6.1-225.16 6.1-225.17 6.1-225.18 6.1-225.20 6.1-225.20 6.1-225.21 6.1-225.22 6.1-225.23 6.1-225.24 6.1-225.24 6.1-225.25 6.1-225.26 6.1-225.27 6.1-225.28 6.1-225.29 6.1-225.30 6.1-225.31	6.1-200.1 6.1-198 6.1-199 6.1-198 6.1-209 6.1-224 6.1-203 6.1-200 6.1-200.2 6.1-200.2 6.1-204 6.1-209 6.1-213 6.1-200.1 6.1-200.3 New 6.1-200.6 6.1-200.7 6.1-210
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New Section	Existing Section
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6.1-225.49	6.1-208.4
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6.1-225.51	6.1-198
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6.1-225.53	6.1-217
6.1-225.54	6.1-217
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APPENDIX IV

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