

# COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA

#### DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

P.O. BOX 2120 RICHMOND, VA 23218-2120

July 10, 2006

The Honorable Timothy M. Kaine Governor of Virginia Patrick Henry Building, 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor 1111 East Broad Street Richmond, Virginia 23219

Members of the General Assembly of Virginia General Assembly Building Richmond, Virginia 23219

Dear Governor Kaine and Members of the General Assembly:

I am pleased to submit the Board of Education's Adult Education Annual Performance Report for 2006 pursuant to Section 22.1-226.B of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The legislation requires the Board of Education to report annually its findings and evaluations of adult education programs to the Governor and the General Assembly.

If you have questions or require additional information relative to this transmittal, please do not hesitate to contact me at 804-225-2979.

Sincerely,

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Patricia I. Wright, Ed.D. Chief Deputy Superintendent of Public Instruction

PIW/EMH/gjm

Enclosure



VIRGINIA BOARD OF EDUCATION

2006 Annual Report

# ADULT EDUCATION ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORT

PRESENTED TO

THE HONORABLE TIMOTHY M. KAINE GOVERNOR OF VIRGINIA AND THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

**JUNE 2006** 

VIRGINIA BOARD OF EDUCATION

## ADULT EDUCATION ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORT For 2004-2005

The Office of Adult Education and Literacy (OAEL), located in the Virginia Department of Education (VDOE), Division of Instruction, provides leadership and oversight to adult education programs and services in Virginia, including Adult Basic Education (ABE), Adult Secondary Education (ASE), and English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL). Although the Code of Virginia places the responsibility for adult education with Virginia's 134 local school divisions, services are delivered through a partnership of public and community-based providers that includes local school boards; community colleges; not-for-profit and faith-based literacy groups; employers; state, local and regional correctional facilities; and state institutions.

OAEL manages federal and state funds allocated for these programs. This report describes progress made in reaching programmatic goals established for providers that utilize federal and state resources to augment other public or private funds to conduct adult education programs. Virginia's adult education programs have been successful in meeting the goal of continuous improvement as prescribed by the Workforce Investment Act (WIA). Other state programs that are operated under the WIA include WIA, Title I and the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education Act. While OAEL was eligible for incentive funds by successfully meeting its targets, incentive funds were not awarded because all of the Virginia WIA entities did not reach their targets.

The FY05 data indicate that progress is being made to meet the goals cooperatively established by the U. S. Department of Education and the Virginia Department of Education. This report presents quantitative information in the following areas: (1) characteristics of the adult education population, (2) program performance summary, (3) educational functioning level (EFL) performance, and (4) follow-up outcome measures. Also included is a section on state management of the performance data.

Demographic Indicator	Description
Total Enrollment	Virginia's total enrollment (29,222) is comprised of 42 percent Adult Basic Education, 13 percent Adult Secondary Education, and 45 percent English for Speakers of Other Language students.
Ethnicity	Virginia's adult student ethnic composition includes 8,779 Hispanic; 8,661 White; 8,472 Black; 3,173 Asian; 101 American Indian/Alaskan Native; and 36 Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander.
Age	Nine percent (2,560) of Virginia's adult student enrollment is 16-18; 23 percent (6,678) is 19-24; 50 percent (14,718) is 25-44 years of age; 15 percent (4,399) is 45-59; and three percent (867) is 60 or older.
Gender	Fifty-eight percent (17,085) of Virginia's adult student enrollment is female and 42 percent (12,137) is male.

### CHARACTERISTICS OF THE ADULT EDUCATION POPULATION

Demographic Indicator	Description
Employment Status	Virginia's adult students reflect the following employment statuses: 14,671 are employed; 14,551 are unemployed; 2,654 are in a correctional setting; 67 are in another institutional setting; and 1,398 are on public assistance.
Annual Average Hours of Attendance	Average hours of attendance for students enrolled in Adult Basic Education are 61, in Adult Secondary Education 45, and in English for Speakers of Other Languages 82. The overall average is 68.

## PROGRAM PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

Areas of Accomplishment	Performance Highlights
Educational Gains	Twelve thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (12,879) students, or 44 percent, completed their educational functioning levels, and another 6,761, or 23 percent, completed their educational functioning levels and advanced one or more levels.
Performance Targets	Virginia programs exceeded target performance levels in 9 out of 11 educational functioning levels: ABE Beginning Literacy, ABE Beginning Basic Education, ABE Intermediate Low, ABE Intermediate High, ASE Low, ESL Beginning Literacy, ESL Beginning, ESL Intermediate High, and ESL High Advanced. The two levels where Virginia did not meet performance targets were ESL Intermediate Low and ESL Low Advanced.
GED Completers	Thirteen thousand four hundred twenty (13,420) students earned their GED credentials.
GED Credentials	Eighty-five percent (85 percent) of students exiting GED Certificate programs attained their GED credentials.
External Diploma Credentials	Ninety-four percent (94 percent) of students exiting the External Diploma Program attained their External Diploma.
High School Diploma Credentials	Eighty-nine percent (89 percent) of students exiting high school diploma programs attained their high school diploma.

## ADULT BASIC EDUCATION (ABE)

Educational Functioning Level	Performance Highlights
ABE Beginning Literacy	Forty-five percent (45 percent) of enrolled students in ABE Beginning Literacy completed their educational functioning level, exceeding the 25 percent target performance level by twenty percentage points.
ABE Beginning Basic Education	Forty-eight percent (48 percent) of enrolled students in ABE Beginning Basic Education completed their educational functioning level, exceeding the 41 percent target performance level by seven percentage points.

Educational Functioning Level	Performance Highlights
ABE Intermediate Low	Forty-seven percent (47 percent) of enrolled students in ABE Intermediate Low completed their educational functioning level, exceeding the 46 percent target performance level by one percentage point.
ABE Intermediate High	Forty-seven percent (47 percent) of enrolled students in ABE Intermediate High completed their educational functioning level, exceeding the 42 percent target performance level by five percentage points.

## ADULT SECONDARY EDUCATION (ASE)

Educational Functioning Level	Performance Highlight
ASE Low	Fifty-nine percent (59 percent) of enrolled students in ASE Low completed their educational functioning level, exceeding the 49 percent target performance level by ten percentage points.

## ENGLISH FOR SPEAKERS OF OTHER LANGUAGE (ESOL)

Educational Functioning Level	Performance Highlights
ESL Beginning Literacy	Thirty-nine percent (39 percent) of enrolled students in ESL Beginning Literacy completed their educational functioning level, exceeding the 35 percent target performance level by four percentage points.
ESL Beginning	Forty percent (40 percent) of enrolled students in ESL Beginning completed their educational functioning level, exceeding the 36 percent target performance level by four percentage points.
ESL Intermediate Low	Forty-two percent (42 percent) of enrolled students in ESL Intermediate Low completed their educational functioning level. Virginia's target performance level was 44 percent. Capturing the educational gains of this group is a major challenge because of the transient nature of many of the ESL students. Many of these students were not present for the administration of a post-test.
ESL Intermediate High	Forty percent (40 percent) of enrolled students in ESL Intermediate High completed their educational functioning level, exceeding the 38 percent target performance level by two percentage points.
ESL Low Advanced	Twenty-four percent (24 percent) of enrolled students in ESL Low Advanced completed their educational functioning level. Virginia's target performance level was 34 percent. Capturing the educational gains of this group is a major challenge because many of these adults are better educated, seeking employment, or working multiple jobs. As a result, these adults may not be available for a post-test.

Educational Functioning Level	Performance Highlights
ESL High Advanced	Twenty-seven percent (27 percent) of enrolled students in ESL High Advanced completed their educational functioning level, exceeding the 12 percent target performance level by 15 percentage points.

Follow-up Measure	Performance Highlights
Obtaining a	Eighty-five percent (85 percent) of students with a goal of obtaining a high school diploma
High School	or GED reached their goal one quarter after leaving class, exceeding the 70 percent target
Diploma or GED	level by 15 percentage points.
Credential	
Enter Employment	Twenty-nine percent (29 percent) of students with a goal to enter employment reached their goal one quarter after exit. Virginia's target performance level was 58 percent. The counts of those employed are always lower than the actual number because of challenges with data matching. Virginia Employment Commission (VEC) data are used for matching purposes. Individuals reported by the VEC include only those employed in Virginia and represent less than four quarters of employment matching data. Many individuals may be working in neighboring states or for cash, barter or otherwise "off-the-books." Additionally, the strength of the employment data is dependent on adult students providing valid social security numbers, which is not always the case.
Retain Employment	Fifty-two percent (52 percent) of students with a goal to retain employment reached their goal three quarters after leaving class, exceeding the 30 percent target by 22 percentage points.
Enter Post- secondary Education or Training	Twenty-two percent (22 percent) of students with a goal to enter post-secondary education or training reached their goal one quarter after leaving class. Virginia's target performance level was 50 percent. State Council of Higher Education in Virginia (SCHEV) data are used for matching purposes. The data collection period for SCHEV does not cover two quarters of the adult education fiscal year. As a result, this figure does not represent the total number entering post-secondary education or training. In addition, adults seeking post-secondary education and training may be attending programs not recognized by SCHEV or programs in other states. Acceptance into the military is an additional indicator not captured in the post-secondary match.

#### FOLLOW-UP OUTCOME MEASURES

Progress in Virginia's adult education programs includes improved achievement in education functioning level completion and surpassing state goals to retain employment and obtain a high school diploma or GED.

#### STATE MANAGEMENT OF PERFORMANCE DATA

OAEL has reached the **exemplary quality level**, the highest level recognized by the U. S. Department of Education, in its management of state data for the NRS. OAEL has procedures and systems that promote the highest levels of data validity and reliability, including systems for verifying data accuracy from local programs, systems for monitoring data collection and analyses, and corrective systems to improve data on an ongoing basis. State procedures indicate a focus on continuous improvement of the quality and accuracy of data.