#### Accounts Receivable

#### **Executive Summary**

The Code of Virginia § 2.2-4800 et seq. requires the Department of Accounts, along with the Office of the Attorney General, to oversee. report on. and monitor the Commonwealth's accounts receivable program. In order to carry out this responsibility, DOA has issued policies and procedures accounting, on collecting, reporting, and writing off accounts receivable. addition, DOA provides technical In assistance to agencies and institutions and uses statistical analyses and audit reports to monitor the ongoing effectiveness of agencies in managing their accounts receivable.

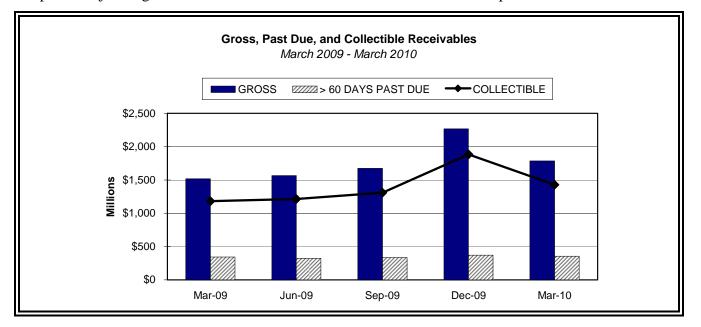
In an effort to present more meaningful information, DOA continues to exclude data from the tables (except for the final table on past due receivables) from the Department of Taxation, consisting largely of statutory assessments and non-filers assessments, and the circuit and district courts, which report judgments and fines with extremely low collection statistics.

Commonwealth agencies and institutions reported adjusted gross receivables of \$1.78

billion at March 31, 2010, with \$1.43 billion considered collectible. Receivables over 60 days past due as of March 31, 2010, totaled \$355.0 million. Of that amount, \$19.7 million was placed with private collection agencies, \$30.9 million was placed with the Division of Debt Collection and \$304.4 million was retained in-house for additional collection efforts.

It is important to note that the adjusted state receivables largely consist of unemployment taxes, tuition and fees, and billings for several indigent care programs, which present numerous special challenges in collection. "Trade receivables" typical of the private sector, which are generated by billings for the provision of goods and/or services, make up only a small portion of the state's receivables.

Further, the majority of the significant outstanding receivable balances have statutory or other restrictions specifying the distribution of any collections. The collection of the outstanding receivable balances would not provide additional resources to fund the Commonwealth's operations.



As of March 31, 2010, agencies expected to collect \$1.43 billion (80 percent) of the \$1.78 billion adjusted gross receivables. About 2 percent is due to the General Fund, primarily for benefit recoveries and sales of permits.

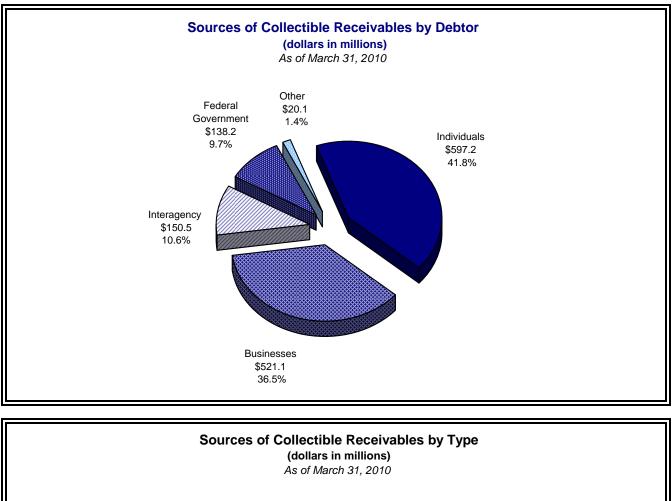
The balance, which contains Medicaid penalties that are no longer revertible, is due to several nongeneral funds.

## **Collectible Receivables by Fund**

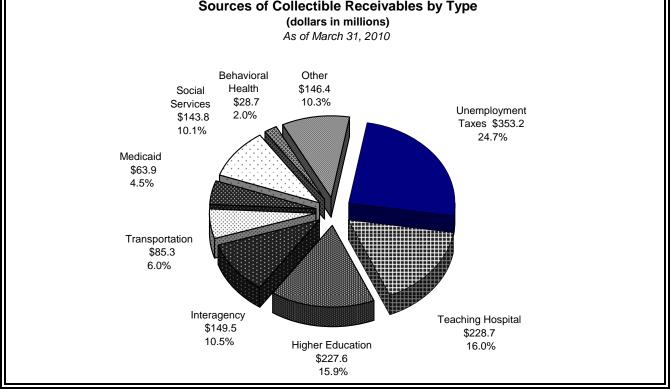
Not Including Circuit Courts, District Courts, or Department of Taxation As of March 31, 2010

Fund	Source	Amount	Percent
General Fund 2%	Medicaid - Current Recoveries Social Services Labor and Industry Inspections State Police Permits Corrections Other	\$ 10,907,609 3,229,972 712,660 1,586,235 1,138,946 8,918,431	40% 11% 3% 6% 4% 32%
	Subtotal	 26,493,853	96%
	Interagency Receivables	1,050,180	4%
	Total General Fund Collectible	\$ 27,544,033	100%
Nongeneral Funds 98%	Medicaid - Dedicated Penalty Fees Medicaid - Federal Reimbursements Unemployment Taxes * Transportation Child Support Enforcement Federal Government DBHDS Patient Services Hospital Enterprise Higher Education Other	\$ 50,076,585 2,870,463 353,170,084 85,250,980 123,885,489 26,187,561 28,704,686 228,748,345 73,994,590 227,608,754 49,547,443	4% 1% 25% 6% 9% 2% 2% 16% 5% 16% 4%
	Subtotal	1,250,044,980	90%
	Interagency Receivables	149,461,507	10%
	Total Nongeneral Fund Collectible	\$ 1,399,506,487	100%
All Funds	Grand Total	\$ 1,427,050,520	100%

\* Note: The Virginia Employment Commission provides Unemployment Taxes Information.



## **Summary of Receivables by Source**



Not counting Taxation and the Courts, ten agencies account for 85 percent of the Commonwealth's adjusted gross and 83 percent of the adjusted collectible accounts receivable balances.

#### Accounts Receivable Summary Not Including Circuit Courts, District Courts, or Department of Taxation Quarter Ended March 31, 2010

Agency		Gross	 llowance for Incollectible Accounts	Collectible		
Virginia Employment Commission	\$	397,296,406	\$ 39,821,449	\$	357,474,957	
University of Virginia Medical Center Department of Social Services		299,117,966 374,044,480	17,721,929 223,548,305		281,396,037 150,496,175	
Department of Transportation		81,725,620	1,432,843		80,292,777	
Department of Medical Assistance Services		99,808,254	35,930,970		63,877,284	
State Lottery Department		60,852,918	-		60,852,918	
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University		61,967,577	2,522,074		59,445,503	
University of Virginia - Academic Division		50,652,862	1,779,409		48,873,453	
Virginia Information Technologies Agency		42,679,349	-		42,679,349	
Virginia Commonwealth University		42,251,876	4,074,567		38,177,309	
Total	\$	1,510,397,308	\$ 326,831,546	\$	1,183,565,762	
All Other Agencies		274,126,900	30,642,142		243,484,758	
Grand Total	\$	1,784,524,208	\$ 357,473,688	\$	1,427,050,520	

In addition to internal administrative collection efforts, agencies have three other collection tools available to them. These are computerized matching and debt setoff programs at the Departments of Taxation, Lottery and Accounts, private collection agencies, and the Attorney General's Division of Debt Collection.

DOA requires state agencies and institutions to use the computerized matching and debt setoff programs for receivables that are 30 days or more past due. DOA also requires the use of private collection agencies on delinquent accounts that are 60 days or more past due which are not sent to the Attorney General's Division of Debt Collection. The Office of the Attorney General requires state agencies and institutions to send accounts of \$3,000 or more and 60 days or more past due to the Division of Debt Collection.

These additional collection tools recovered \$78.4 million during the quarter ended March 31, 2010. The Division of Debt Collection contributed \$1.5 million. Private collection agencies collected \$2.6 million, and the debt setoff programs (Tax, Comptroller's and Lottery) collected \$74.3 million.

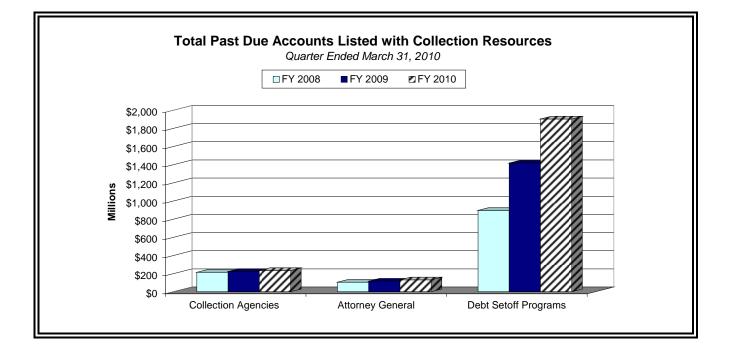
Private collection agencies returned \$6.7 million of accounts to agencies, and the Division of Debt Collection discharged \$2.5 million of accounts and returned \$2.2 million of accounts to agencies.

# **Collectible Receivables Over 60 Days Past Due**

Not Including Circuit Courts, District Courts or the Department of Taxation As of March 31, 2010

Agency		Total Over 60 Days		With Collection Agency		With Attorney General		Retained by State Agency	
Department of Social Services	\$	128,863,260	\$	2,610	\$	-	\$	128,860,650	
Virginia Employment Commission		46,400,696		8,701,753		9,662,340		28,036,603	
University of Virginia Medical Center		38,531,198		-		-		38,531,198	
Department of Medical Assistance Services		28,494,136		701,010		1,121,672		26,671,454	
Department of Transportation		21,986,906		1,685,160		11,312,149		8,989,597	
Department of Behavioral Health									
and Developmental Services		12,245,726		-		-		12,245,726	
Virginia Information Technologies Agency		11,126,442		-		-		11,126,442	
University of Virginia - Academic Division		10,258,332		307,734		44,247		9,906,351	
Virginia Commonwealth University		7,076,581		8,345		403,649		6,664,587	
Department of General Services		5,862,594		-		-		5,862,594	
TOTAL	\$	310,845,871	\$	11,406,612	\$	22,544,057	\$	276,895,202	
All Other Agencies		44,162,754		8,298,572		8,370,572		27,493,610	
TOTAL OVER 60 DAYS	\$	355,008,625	\$	19,705,184	\$	30,914,629	\$	304,388,812	
Uncollectible Amounts Placed for Collection,									
Including Accounts Written Off		2,492,203,783		214,243,655		99,713,480		2,178,246,648	
TOTAL COLLECTION EFFORTS	\$	2,847,212,408	\$	233,948,839	\$	130,628,109	\$	2,482,635,460	

Note: The additional amounts retained by agencies are placed for collection with several debt setoff collection programs.



#### Comptroller's Debt Setoff (CDS) Program

CDS is one of the debt setoff programs used by agencies to collect past due accounts receivable owed to the State, primarily by businesses and individuals acting in a business capacity. Under CDS, a payment made by the State to the debtor may be withheld, in full or in part, to satisfy the debt owed to the State. CDS collected \$2.6 million through the fourth quarter of FY 2010. Please note the amount reported is before any refunds.

#### **Receivable Trend Data**

One way to measure an agency's effectiveness at collecting its accounts receivable is to look at how efficient collection procedures are on accounts that are more than 60 days past due. The following

table looks at trend percentages of receivables over 60 days past due as a percentage of gross receivables for the agencies with the largest amounts over 60 days past due.

#### Percentage of Gross Receivables Over 60 Days Past Due

		Compa	arative
Agency	Percent at 3/31/10	Percent at 12/31/09	Percent at 9/30/09
Department of General Services	52%	55%	23%
Department of Social Services	34%	35%	35%
Department of Medical Assistance Services	29%	33%	36%
Department of Transportation	27%	53%	26%
Virginia Information Technologies Agency	26%	23%	21%
University of Virginia - Academic Division	20%	4%	6%
Virginia Commonwealth University	17%	3%	9%
University of Virginia Medical Center	13%	15%	10%
Virginia Employment Commission	12%	48%	44%
Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services	27%	25%	24%
Statewide Average - All Agencies	20%	16%	20%

Another way to measure agency debt collection effectiveness is to compare amounts collected to amounts billed. The table below presents trend percentages for the ten agencies with the highest collectible accounts receivable balances. In total, these ten agencies are responsible for 83 percent of the Commonwealth's collectible receivables balances. as adjusted to exclude the Department of Taxation and the circuit and district courts. Percentages over 100 percent indicate the collection of prior balances as well as current billings.

In evaluating these percentages it is important to understand that the percentages may fluctuate based on how the different agencies conduct their business and the cycles that those businesses typically follow.

The statewide average of 98 percent indicates that for every \$1 billed during the quarter ended March 31, 2010, the state collected 98 cents. This rate is two percent less than last year, and five percent less than the March 31, 2008 quarter.

#### **Collections as a Percentage of Billings**

		Comparative		
Agency	Percent 3/31/2010	Percent 3/31/2009	Percent 3/31/2008	
Virginia Commonwealth University	269%	257%	256%	
University of Virginia - Academic Division	226%	188%	177%	
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University	223%	226%	210%	
Virginia Information Technologies Agency	101%	100%	95%	
Department of Social Services	96%	90%	95%	
State Lottery Department	93%	96%	113%	
Department of Transportation	84%	95%	92%	
Virginia Employment Commission	52%	41%	35%	
Department of Medical Assistance Services	39%	43%	70%	
University of Virginia Medical Center	31%	29%	35%	
Statewide Average - All Agencies	98%	100%	103%	

The following individual accounts receivable narratives describe agency collection programs and related trend information:

# Department of Medical Assistance Services (DMAS)

DMAS is responsible for overseeing service delivery to eligible recipients, and reviewing and auditing the providers of a variety of federally and State funded health care programs. These programs include Medicaid, Family Access to Medical Insurance Security (FAMIS), and State and Local Hospitalization (SLH) programs.

DMAS' collectible accounts receivable of \$63.9 million at March 31, 2010, is a \$1.6 million increase over the \$62.3 million reported at March 31, 2009. Over the same period, total past due receivables of \$36.1 million have decreased by \$8.8 million.

# University of Virginia Medical Center (UVAH)

UVAH provides primary and specialty health care for Central Virginia by operating a 500 bed hospital, a School of Medicine, and over twenty research centers. The majority of its receivables consist of Medicaid and Medicare reimbursements and payments from third party insurers.

UVAH collectible receivables of \$281.4 million at March 31, 2010, were a \$42.4 million increase from the \$239.0 million reported the previous year. Past due receivables increased by \$8.4 million to \$111.8 million at March 31, 2010.

# Virginia Employment Commission (VEC)

VEC is responsible for paying unemployment insurance benefits to workers who have become unemployed. VEC also provides employment assistance for job seekers and analyzes and reports on a variety of labor market information.

VEC collectible receivables were \$357.5 million at March 31, 2010, an increase of \$139.5 million from the previous year. Total past due receivables were \$50.8 million, a \$10.3 million increase over last year. VEC collects employer tax receivables in-house. The Attorney General's Office is involved in contested cases. Unemployment benefit overpayments to individuals are referred to private collections agencies after in-house efforts have produced no results and when debtors have left the state.

# Virginia Information Technologies Agency (VITA)

VITA is the state's central information technologies provider. VITA operates the information technology infrastructure for much of State government, providing both hardware and services. VITA also procures hardware and software for agencies and institutions of higher education.

VITA reported collectible receivables at March 31, 2010, of \$42.7 million, which is a decrease of \$4.2 million reported in the previous year. Most of these receivables are due from other state agencies. As of March 31, 2010, \$11.1 million was over 60 days past due, an increase of \$2.5 million from the previous year.

#### State Lottery Department (SLD)

The State Lottery Department is an independent agency responsible for operating the State's on-line lottery and scratch-off games and actively participates in three multi-state games, Mega Millions, PowerBall and Win for Life. Retail merchants who sell the State Lottery games are covered by surety bonds and deposit Lottery receipts into bank accounts approved by the State Treasurer.

At March 31, 2010, the State Lottery reported net receivables of \$60.9 million, a \$6.5 million increase from the previous year. Billings decreased by \$681,530 and collections decreased by \$6.7 million during the March 31, 2010 quarter when compared to the March 31, 2009 quarter. At March 31, 2010, the State Lottery had \$126,401 that was over 60 days past due. The total amount owed is covered by surety bonds.

## **Department of Education (DOE)**

Education acts as the pass-through agency for state and federal education funds and determines the allocation of funds to local school divisions under the Direct Aid to Public Education Program. Localities file expenditure reimbursement requests with the Department who then reviews the claims for accuracy and correctness. Eligible expenditures under federal grants are paid by DOE, which then draws down the money from the U. S. Department of Education.

At March 31, 2010, DOE had no accounts receivable due from the Federal government under Direct Aid to Public Education. This is consistent with the prior year.

# Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University (VPISU)

VPISU is one of the Commonwealth's largest universities and one of two land grant institutions in the state. At March 31, 2010, the University reported net collectible receivables of \$59.4 million, a \$4.9 million decrease over the prior year. At the same time, total past due receivables of \$7.7 million decreased by \$1.2 million over the prior year.

The University uses a variety of collection methods to encourage payments. At March 31, 2010, VPISU had \$3.5 million of accounts over 60 days past due. \$1.5 million was placed with the Attorney General's Division of Debt Collection, another \$937,777 was placed with private collection agencies and \$1.7 million was subject to additional in-house efforts.

## Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services (DBHDS)

DBHDS operates 16 facilities around the State to treat patients. These facilities account for nearly all of the department's receivables, consisting primarily of fees due for patient care. DBHDS bills third party insurers and patient assistance programs such as Medicare and Medicaid whenever they are available. In other cases, the Department looks to responsible family members and tangible real and personal property for payment. When property is located, a lien is filed in the local courts so that when estates are liquidated, DBHDS can recover some of the costs involved in a patient's care. At March 31, 2010, the Department reported collectible receivables of \$28.7 million, a \$343,915 decrease over the previous year. \$18.5 million was past due, with \$12.2 million being over 60 days past due. Total past due receivables increased by \$2.5 million over the year, and accounts over 60 days past due increased by \$2.9 million. At March 31, 2010, the Department had a total of \$5.7 million of accounts placed with the Attorney General and \$622,350 listed in Taxation's Debt Setoff Programs.

## Department of Transportation (VDOT)

Depending upon how a particular road construction project is funded, VDOT receives payments from a variety of sources. These include the federal government, local government units, and for damage repairs, responsible parties or their insurers. The majority of VDOT receivables stem from these sources.

At March 31, 2010, VDOT reported \$80.3 million of collectible receivables, an increase of \$31.2 million from the prior year. VDOT also reported \$39.1 million total past due and \$22.0 million being over 60 days past due. Past due receivables increased by \$4.8 million over the year, while receivables over 60 days past due decreased by \$4.5 million. VDOT reports that the large majority of the accounts over 60 days past due continue to be amounts owed by cities, counties and towns that are participating on long-term construction projects with the department and where the local fund shares are provided by local debt financing.

VDOT reported placing \$11.3 million of their accounts over 60 days past due with the Attorney General's Division of Debt Collection, and \$1.7 million with private collection agencies.

#### Department of Social Services (DSS)

Social Services provide financial assistance to eligible individuals and families through 121 local departments of social services. The assistance programs include the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), Medicaid, Food Stamps, and Community Services Block Grants. In addition to the assistance programs, DSS is the federally mandated state agency to provide child support enforcement assistance. Child support paid for children receiving money from an assistance program is required to be paid to reimburse the federal and state funds which provide the assistance. Overpayments assistance benefits from ineligible of participants must also be repaid to the originating funds. Receivables due from the Federal government usually are the Federal share of assistance payments and allowable cost recoveries made through the local offices during the preceding month.

At March 31, 2010, DSS reported gross receivables of \$374.0 million, an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$223.5 million and collectible receivables of \$150.5 million. Past due receivables totaled \$130.9 million, of which \$128.9 million was over 60 days past due.

Of these amounts, the Division of Child Support Enforcement (DCSE) was responsible for \$325.2 million (87 percent) of the gross receivables, \$201.4 million (90 percent) of the allowance for doubtful accounts and \$123.9 million (82 percent) of the collectible receivables.

From March 31, 2009, to March 31, 2010, gross receivables decreased \$1.5 million and collectible receivables decreased by \$3.9. Total past due receivables increased by \$748,846 and receivables over 60 days past due increased by \$1.1 million.

# Department of Rail and Public Transportation (DRPT)

DRPT is responsible for overseeing Virginia's railroads, providing funding and project resources for public transportation, and researching feasible alternatives for commuters. DRPT works closely with VDOT, the railroads, local governments, the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority, and the Federal Transit Authority.

At March 31, 2010, DRPT had gross and net receivables of \$3.8 million. The majority of this money is due via an interagency transfer from VDOT. DRPT had no past due receivables at March 31, 2010.

## Virginia Commonwealth University (VCU)

VCU, based in Richmond, offers 211 degree programs to over 32,000 students in a variety of fields ranging from accounting to pharmacy at both undergraduate and graduate levels.

At March 31, 2010, VCU had \$38.2 million of collectible receivables, an \$8.0 million increase from March 31, 2009. Total past due accounts were \$7.7 million, a \$669,455 increase from March 31, 2009. Accounts over 60 days past due (\$7.1 million) increased by \$1.3 million from the prior year. Billings increased by \$959,651 to \$74.3 million and collections increased by \$11.6 million to \$199.9 million for the March 31. 2010 quarter. when compared to the March 31, 2009 quarter.

The following table is prepared to present the March 31, 2010, aging information in conformity with the provisions of Section 2.2-603.E.(ii) of the *Code of Virginia*.

Taxation and the Circuit and District Courts accounted for 82 percent (\$2.47 billion) of the

Commonwealth's total \$3.0 billion past due accounts receivable at March 31, 2010. Another 18 agencies accounted for 17 percent (\$501.7 million), leaving 71 other agencies to comprise the last one percent at \$33.0 million.

Agency	Total Past Due	1	to 180 Days Past Due	18	1 to 360 Days Past Due	Over One Year
Department of Taxation Localities' Circuit and District Courts	\$ 1,889,758,625 575,944,684	\$	214,655,001 33,616,621	\$	258,079,959 70,183,027	\$ 1,417,023,665 472,145,036
Total - Taxation Assessments and Court Fines and Fees	\$ 2,465,703,309	\$	248,271,622	\$	328,262,986	\$ 1,889,168,701
All Other Large Dollar Agencies:						
Department of Social Services	130,878,917		6,243,394		6,229,704	118,405,819
University of Virginia Medical Center	111,778,573		97,229,110		8,099,422	6,450,041
Virginia Employment Commission	50,778,006		14,064,056		11,548,475	25,165,475
Department of Transportation	39,064,941		24,906,209		1,621,641	12,537,091
Department of Medical Assistance Services	36,123,548		11,765,316		4,200,874	20,157,358
Department of Health	23,631,085		22,178,416		265,162	1,187,507
Department of Behavioral Health			, ,		,	, ,
and Developmental Services	18,451,614		15,033,010		9,803	3,408,801
Virginia Information Technologies Agency	15,121,991		6,998,309		3,602,134	4,521,548
University of Virginia - Academic Division	14,083,391		10,901,333		2,511,933	670,125
State Corporation Commission	11,408,054		10,552,750		764,215	91,089
Virginia Community College System	9,509,290		7,519,375		1,087,544	902,371
Virginia Polytechnic Institute & State University	7,741,171		5,468,276		1,125,138	1,147,757
Virginia Commonwealth University	7,685,241		3,307,391		1,556,257	2,821,593
Department of General Services	7,245,551		2,336,814		3,168,455	1,740,282
George Mason University	6,348,890		5,188,476		1,100,824	59,590
Department of Conservation & Recreation	4,895,535		4,881,025		4,260	10,250
Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission	3,520,374		708,699		1,176,799	1,634,876
Department of State Police	3,447,129		1,879,744		537,919	1,029,466
Total - Largest Dollar Volume Agencies	\$ 501,713,301	\$	251,161,703	\$	48,610,559	\$ 201,941,039
All Other Agencies	32,958,922		23,623,083		3,438,609	5,897,230
Grand Total Past Due Receivables	\$ 3,000,375,532	\$	523,056,408	\$	380,312,154	\$ 2,097,006,970

#### Agencies with the Largest Volume of Past Due Receivables As of March 31, 2010



6/30/10 Quarterly Report