Report on Proffered Cash Payments and Expenditures By Virginia's Counties, Cities and Towns 2017-2018



Commission on Local Government Commonwealth of Virginia

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REPORT OF THE COMMISSION ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT DISCLOSURE OF PROFFERED CASH PAYMENTS AND EXPENDITURES 2017 – 2018

INTRODUCTION

Section 15.2-2296 of the Code of Virginia authorizes governing bodies to accept proffers through conditional zoning. Localities under §15.2-2296 through §15.2-2300 have been authorized to accept proffers and the number of localities authorized to collect proffers as a form of conditional zoning has been expanded over the years. A proffer is a voluntary offer from a property owner as implied by §15.2-2296 Code of Virginia and can be an act, donation of money, a product or services¹ that limit or qualify how the property subject to the conditions will be used or developed. These conditions are in addition to the general, uniform regulations otherwise applicable to land within the same zoning district. Upon approval by the local governing body, the conditions become part of the rezoning and pass with the ownership of the property.² Cash proffers are a form of conditional zoning funding for new roads, schools, or other public facilities and services. Cash proffers can be used for onsite or offsite improvements to offset impacts from a new commercial or residential development.³

In 2016, the General Assembly passed new legislation addressing residential developments and cash proffers; stipulating that onsite or offsite proffers must be specifically attributable to a proposed new residential development and must directly address an impact to an offsite facility. A voluntary cash proffer is considered unreasonable unless the residential development created a need for one or more public facility improvements and the new development would receive a direct benefit from those improvements. Localities are only allowed to accept cash proffers for roads, schools, public safety or parks and recreation that would need improvements or a brand new facility as a direct impact of a new residential development. This limits how cash proffers can be used for residential developments, however; localities can still accept cash proffers for commercial developments for 11 different types of uses as listed under §15.2-2303.2 Code of Virginia.⁴

Section 15.2-2303.2 of the Code of Virginia directs the Commission on Local Government to annually collect data concerning local government revenues and expenditures resulting from the acceptance of voluntarily proffered cash payments. These cash proffers, comprise either (1) any money voluntarily proffered in writing signed by the owner of property subject to rezoning, and accepted by a locality pursuant to the authority granted by §15.2-2298 or §15.2-2303 of the Code of Virginia; or (2) any payment of money made pursuant to a development agreement entered into under the authority granted by §15.2-2303.1 of the Code of Virginia.

¹ Kamptner, Greg, The Albemarle County Land Use Law Handbook. (June 2017) Chapter 11, Page 11-1

² Virginia Citizens Planning Association and the Virginia Department of Housing and Community

Development, *The Language of Planning*, Community Planning Series, V (June, 1986), p. 10.

³ John H. Foote, "Planning and Zoning," *Handbook of Virginia Local Government Law*, ed. by Susan Warriner Custer, 2001 Edition, pp. 1-11 – 1-14.

⁴ Appendix A

Although the Code of Virginia has authorized every jurisdiction to use some form of conditional zoning since 1987, only localities meeting specific criteria may accept cash proffers. On the basis of these criteria and census data from 1990 through 2010, a total of 298 Virginia localities (89 counties, 36 cities, and 173 towns) were eligible to accept cash proffers during FY2017.⁵ The table below shows the statutory authority for and categories of localities eligible to accept cash proffers.

Statutory Authority	Types of Localities Eligible to Accept Cash Proffers
§15.2-2298	 With the exception of localities eligible under the terms of § 15.2-2303: Any locality with a decennial census growth rate ≥5%; Any city adjoining another city or county which had a decennial census growth rate ≥5%; Any towns located within a county which had a decennial census growth rate ≥5%; Any county contiguous with at least three counties which had a decennial census growth rate ≥5%; Any county contiguous with at least three counties which had a decennial census growth rate ≥5%; Any towns located within a county which was contiguous with at least three counties which had a decennial census growth rate ≥5%; Any towns located within a county which was contiguous with at least three counties which had a decennial census growth rate ≥5%;
§15.2-2303	 Any county with an urban county executive form of government (i.e., Fairfax County); Any town within a county with an urban county executive form of government; Any city adjacent to or completely surrounded by a county with an urban county executive form of government; Any county contiguous to a county with an urban county executive form of government; Any city adjacent to or completely surrounded by a county executive form of government; Any city adjacent to or completely surrounded by a county contiguous to a county with an urban county executive form of government; Any city adjacent to or completely surrounded by a county contiguous to a county with an urban county executive form of government; Any city adjacent to or completely surrounded by a county contiguous to a county with an urban county executive form of government; Any town within a county contiguous to a county with an urban county executive form of government; Any town within a county contiguous to a county with an urban county executive form of government; and Any county east of the Chesapeake Bay.
§15.2-2303.1	New Kent County.

⁵ U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1990 Census of Population, Number of Inhabitants, Table 4; U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 2000 Census of Population and Housing, Summary File 1 (SF 1) 100-Percent Data; U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 2010 Census Redistricting Data (Public Law 94-171) Summary File. Sec. 1-235, Code of Va. states that unless otherwise specified, unadjusted population statistics are to the used in determining the decennial growth rate. See Appendix B for the list of Virginia localities with statutory authority to accept cash proffers.

SURVEY ON THE USE OF PROFFERED CASH PAYMENTS

In July of 2018, Commission staff sent by electronic mail a survey⁶ to the chief administrative officers of the 162 localities that were required to report their acceptance of cash proffers during FY 2017-18. Each locality was requested to complete the survey by September 30, 2018.⁵ In October, additional follow up was made to the jurisdictions that had not responded to the initial request. All localities responded to the survey and as a result, there is a 100% response rate for FY2018.

The survey revealed that 36 (22%) of the 162 eligible localities (25 counties, 7 cities, and 4 towns) reported cash proffer collections during FY 2018. In FY2017 41 localities reported collecting and expending cash proffers, a drop by five localities over the past year. During the current period, the aggregate amount of cash proffers collected and expended by those jurisdictions was \$87,562,989 and \$75,351,846. Cash proffer collections decreased by 7.6% from FY2017 and expenditures decreased by 13.53%.

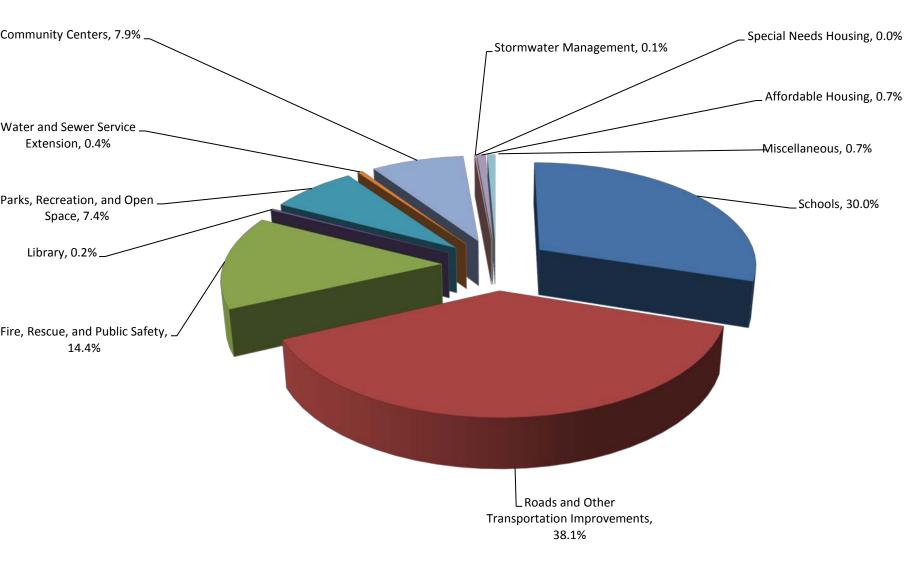
The survey results revealed that the majority of cash proffers expended for FY2018 were for roads and other transportation improvements (38.1%), schools (30%) and public safety (14.4%). These top three categories for expenditures are compliant with the new code section, §15.2-2303.4 which allows cash proffers to be proffered and expended towards schools, public safety, parks and recreation or roads and other transportation improvements. A chart depicting the allocation of expenditures to various improvement categories is provided on the next page. The chart still depicts the 11 categories authorized for cash proffers as seen in §15.2-2303.2 Code of Virginia due to code provisions that allow localities to hold cash proffers for up to twelve years before they need to be expended. Localities must start the process however (engineering, site construction, etc.) if they are to hold onto the proffered cash payments for up to 12 years. In addition, localities can still collect cash proffers for any of the categories listed in §15.2-2303.2 Code of Virginia for commercial developments.⁷

All responses from the FY2018 survey for individual local governments are reported in Appendix D. Appendix E include a chart of the revenues and expenditures for all localities for each fiscal year from FY 2000 through present.

⁶ Appendix C contains a copy of the electronic survey instrument. In 2003, the General Assembly enacted HB 2600, which changed the scope of the Commission's survey on the acceptance of cash proffers. The legislature exempted localities with a resident population of less than 3,500 from the reporting requirement. Because of that provision, only 37 of the 173 eligible towns must report on their acceptance of cash proffers

⁷ Appendix A

Proffered Funds Expended by Category of Use, FY 2017-2018



APPENDIX A

Section 15.2-2303.2, Code of Virginia

§ 15.2-2303.2. Proffered cash payments and expenditures.

A. The governing body of any locality accepting cash payments voluntarily proffered on or after July 1, 2005, pursuant to § 15.2-2298, 15.2-2303, or 15.2-2303.1 shall, within 12 years of receiving full payment of all cash proffered pursuant to an approved rezoning application, begin, or cause to begin (i) construction, (ii) site work, (iii) engineering, (iv) right-of-way acquisition, (v) surveying, or (vi) utility relocation on the improvements for which the cash payments were proffered. A locality that does not comply with the above requirement, or does not begin alternative improvements as provided for in subsection C, shall forward the amount of the proffered cash payments to the Commonwealth Transportation Board no later than December 31 following the fiscal year in which such forfeiture occurred for direct allocation to the secondary system construction program or the urban system construction program for the locality in which the proffered cash payments were collected. The funds to which any locality may be entitled under the provisions of Title 33.2 for construction, improvement, or maintenance of primary, secondary, or urban roads shall not be diminished by reason of any funds remitted pursuant to this subsection by such locality, regardless of whether such contributions are matched by state or federal funds.

B. The governing body of any locality eligible to accept any proffered cash payments pursuant to § 15.2-2298,15.2-2303, or 15.2-2303.1 shall, for each fiscal year beginning with the fiscal year 2007, (i) include in its capital improvement program created pursuant to § 15.2-2239, or as an appendix thereto, the amount of all proffered cash payments received during the most recent fiscal year for which a report has been filed pursuant to subsection E, and (ii) include in its annual capital budget the amount of proffered cash payments projected to be used for expenditures or appropriated for capital improvements in the ensuing year.

C. Regardless of the date of rezoning approval, unless prohibited by the proffer agreement accepted by the governing body of a locality pursuant to § 15.2-2298, 15.2-2303, or 15.2-2303.1, a locality may utilize any cash payments proffered for any road improvement or any transportation improvement that is incorporated into the capital improvements program as its matching contribution under § 33.2-357. For purposes of this section, "road improvement" includes construction of new roads or improvement or expansion of existing roads as required by applicable construction standards of the Virginia Department of Transportation improvement" means any real or personal property acquired, constructed, improved, or used for constructing, improving, or operating any (i) public mass transit system or (ii) highway, or portion or interchange thereof, including parking facilities located within a district created pursuant to this title. Such improvements shall include, without limitation, public mass transit systems, public highways, and all buildings, structures, approaches, and facilities thereof and appurtenances thereto, rights-of-way, bridges, tunnels, stations, terminals, and all related equipment and fixtures.

Regardless of the date of rezoning approval, unless prohibited by the proffer agreement accepted by the governing body of a locality pursuant to § 15.2-2298, 15.2-2303, or 15.2-2303.1, a locality may utilize any cash payments proffered for capital improvements for alternative improvements of the same category within the locality in the vicinity of the improvements for which the cash payments were originally made. Prior to utilization of such cash payments for the alternative improvements, the governing body of the locality shall give at least 30 days' written notice of the proposed alternative improvements to the entity who paid such cash payment mailed to the last known address of such

entity, or if proffer payment records no longer exist, then to the original zoning applicant, and conduct a public hearing on such proposal advertised as provided in subsection F of § 15.2-1427. The governing body of the locality prior to the use of such cash payments for alternative improvements shall, following such public hearing, find: (a) the improvements for which the cash payments were proffered cannot occur in a timely manner or the functional purpose for which the cash payment was made no longer exists; (b) the alternative improvements are within the vicinity of the proposed improvements for which the cash payments were proffered; and (c) the alternative improvements are in the public interest. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Virginia Public Procurement Act, the governing body may negotiate and award a contract without competition to an entity that is constructing road improvements pursuant to a proffered zoning condition or special exception condition in order to expand the scope of the road improvements by utilizing cash proffers of others or other available locally generated funds. The local governing body shall adopt a resolution stating the basis for awarding the construction contract to extend the scope of the road improvements. All road improvements to be included in the state primary or secondary system of highways must conform to the adopted standards of the Virginia Department of Transportation.

D. Notwithstanding any provision of this section or any other provision of law, general or special, no cash payment proffered pursuant to § 15.2-2298, 15.2-2303, or 15.2-2303.1 shall be used for any capital improvement to an existing facility, such as a renovation or technology upgrade, that does not expand the capacity of such facility or for any operating expense of any existing facility such as ordinary maintenance or repair.

E. The governing body of any locality with a population in excess of 3,500 persons accepting a cash payment voluntarily proffered pursuant to § 15.2-2298, 15.2-2303, or 15.2-2303.1 shall within three months of the close of each fiscal year, beginning in fiscal year 2002 and for each fiscal year thereafter, report to the Commission on Local Government the following information for the preceding fiscal year:

1. The aggregate dollar amount of proffered cash payments collected by the locality;

2. The estimated aggregate dollar amount of proffered cash payments that have been pledged to the locality and which pledges are not conditioned on any event other than time; and

3. The total dollar amount of proffered cash payments expended by the locality, and the aggregate dollar amount expended in each of the following categories:

Schools	\$
Road and other Transportation	Improvements \$
Fire and Rescue/Public Safety	\$
Libraries	\$
Parks, Recreation, and Open Space	\$
Water and Sewer Service Extension	\$
Community Centers	\$
Stormwater Management	\$
Special Needs Housing	\$
Affordable Housing	\$
Miscellaneous	\$
Total dollar amount expended	\$

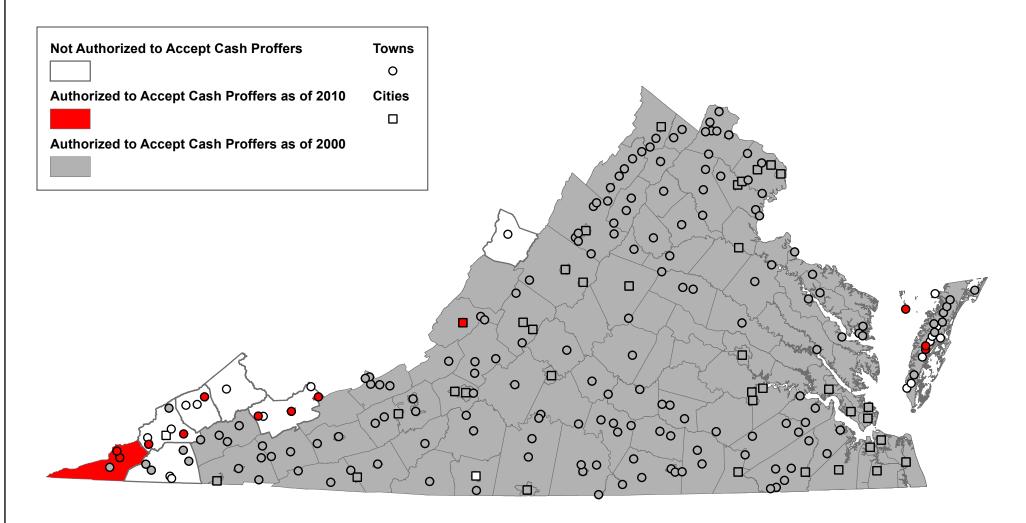
F. The governing body of any locality with a population in excess of 3,500 persons eligible to accept any proffered cash payments pursuant to § 15.2-2298, 15.2-2303, or 15.2-2303.1 but that did not accept any proffered cash payments during the preceding fiscal year shall within three months of the close of each fiscal year, beginning in 2001 and for each fiscal year thereafter, so notify the Commission on Local Government.

G. The Commission on Local Government shall by November 30, 2001, and by November 30 of each fiscal year thereafter, prepare and make available to the public and the chairmen of the Senate Local Government Committee and the House Counties, Cities and Towns Committee an annual report containing the information made available to it pursuant to subsections E and F.

APPENDIX B

Localities Eligible by Statute to Accept Proffered Cash Payments

Localities Authorized to Accept Cash Proffers in Virginia





Source: Virginia Department of Housing & Community Development, Commission on Local Government

	Principal Reas	son Eligible t	0_	Principal Reas	son Eligible t	<u>o P</u>	Principal Reason Eligible to			
<u>Name</u>	Accept Cas	sh Proffers	<u>Name</u>	Accept Ca	<u>sh Proffers</u>	<u>Name</u>	Accept Cash Proffers			
<u>CITIES</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2010</u>	CITIES (Cont'd)	<u>2000</u>	<u>2010</u>	COUNTIES (Cont'd)	<u>2000</u>	<u>2010</u>		
Alexandria	IIC	IIC	Richmond	IB	IB	Charles City	IA	ID		
Bristol	IB	IB	Roanoke	IB	IB	Charlotte	IA	ID		
Buena Vista	IB	IB	Salem	IB	IB	Chesterfield	IA	IA		
Charlottesville	IA	IB	Staunton	IB	IB	Clarke	ID	IA		
Chesapeake	IA	IA	Suffolk	IA	IA	Craig	IA	ID		
Colonial Heights	IA	IB	Virginia Beach	IA	IB	Culpeper	IA	IA		
Covington		IB	Waynesboro	IA	IA	Cumberland	IA	IA		
Danville	IB		Williamsburg	IB	IA	Dickenson				
Emporia	IA	IB	Winchester	IA	IA	Dinwiddie	IA	IA		
Fairfax	IIC	IIC				Essex	IA	IA		
Falls Church	IIC	IIC	COUNTIES			Fairfax	IIA	IIA		
Franklin	IA	IB	Accomack	lig	IIG	Fauquier	IA	IA		
Fredericksburg	IB	IA	Albemarle	IA	IA	Floyd	IA	IA		
Galax	IB		Alleghany	ID	IA	Fluvanna	IA	IA		
Hampton	IA	IB	Amelia	IA	IA	Franklin	IA	IA		
Harrisonburg	IA	IA	Amherst	IA	ID	Frederick	IA	IA		
Hopewell	IB	IB	Appomattox	IA	IA	Giles	ID			
Lexington	IB	IB	Arlington	IID	IID	Gloucester	IA	IA		
Lynchburg	IB	IA	Augusta	IA	IA	Goochland	IA	IA		
Manassas	IIE	IIE	Bath	IA	ID	Grayson	IA			
Manassas Park	IIE	IIE	Bedford	IA	IA	Greene	IA	IA		
Martinsville			Bland	IA		Greensville	IA	IA		
Newport News	IA	IB	Botetourt	IA	IA	Halifax	IA			
Norfolk	IB	IB	Brunswick	IA		Hanover	IA	IA		
Norton			Buchanan			Henrico	IA	IA		
Petersburg	IB	IB	Buckingham	IA	IA	Henry	ID			
Poquoson	IA	IA	Campbell	IA	IA	Highland				
Portsmouth	IB	IB	Caroline	IA	IA	Isle of Wight	IA	IA		
Radford	IB	IB	Carroll	IA		James City	IA	IA		

<u>F</u>	Principal Reas	son Eligible t	<u>o_</u>	<u>Princip</u>	al Reas	<u>D</u>	Principal Reason Eligible t				
<u>Name</u>	Accept Ca	<u>sh Proffers</u>	<u>Name</u>	Acce	ept Ca	<u>sh Proffers</u>	<u>Name</u>	Accept Cash Proffe			
COUNTIES (Cont'd)	2000	2010	COUNTIES (Cont'	d) 2	2000	2010	TOWNS (Cont'd)		2000	2010	
King and Queen	IA	ID	Rockingham		IA	<u>IA</u>	Blacksburg		IA	 IA	
King George	IA	IA	Russell		IA		Blackstone		IA	ID	
King William	IA	IA	Scott				Bloxom	*	IA		
Lancaster	IA	ID	Shenandoah		IA	IA	Bluefield			IA	
Lee		IA	Smyth		ID		Boones Mill	*	IA	IC	
Loudoun	IID	IID	Southampton		ID	IA	Bowling Green	*	IA	IA	
Louisa	IA	IA	Spotsylvania		IA	IA	Boyce	*	ID	IA	
Lunenburg	IA		Stafford		IA	IA	Boydton	*	IC		
Madison	ID	IA	Surry		IA	ID	Boykins	*	ID	IC	
Mathews	IA		Sussex		IA	ID	Branchville	*	IA	IC	
Mecklenburg	IA		Tazewell				Bridgewater		IA	IA	
Middlesex	IA	IA	Warren		IA	IA	Broadway		IA	IA	
Montgomery	IA	IA	Washington		IA	IA	Brodnax	*	IC		
Nelson	IA	ID	Westmoreland		IA	ID	Brookneal	*	IC	IC	
New Kent			Wise				Buchanan	*	IC	IC	
Northampton	lig	IIG	Wythe		IA	IA	Burkeville	*	ID	ID	
Northumberland	IA		York		IA	IA	Cape Charles	*			
Nottoway	ID	ID					Capron	*	IA	IC	
Orange	IA	IA	TOWNS				Cedar Bluff	*			
Page	IA	ID	Abingdon		IA	IA	Charlotte Court H	*	IC	IA	
Patrick	IA		Accomac	*	IA		Chase City	*	IC		
Pittsylvania	IA	ID	Alberta	*	IC		Chatham	*	IC	ID	
Powhatan	IA	IA	Altavista	*	IC	IC	Cheriton	*			
Prince Edward	IA	IA	Amherst	*	IA	ID	Chilhowie	*	ID		
Prince George	IA	IA	Appalachia	*			Chincoteague	*	IA		
Prince William	IID	IID	Appomattox	*	IC	IC	Christiansburg		IA	IA	
Pulaski	ID	ID	Ashland		IA	IA	Claremont	*	IC	IA	

	<u>Pr</u>	rincipal Reas	son Eligible t	<u>Principal Reason Eligible to</u>				<u>)</u>	<u>Pr</u>	incipal Reas	on Eligible
<u>Name</u>		Accept Cas	sh Proffers	<u>Name</u>		Accept Cas	<u>sh Proffers</u>	Name		Accept Cas	sh Proffers
Rappahannock		IA	IA	Bedford		IC	IC	Clarksville	*	IA	
Richmond		IA	IA	Belle Haven	*		IA	Cleveland	*	IC	IA
Roanoke		IA	IA	Berryville		ID	IA	Clifton	*	IIB	IIB
Rockbridge		IA	IA	Big Stone Gap			IA	Clifton Forge		ID	IC
TOWNS (Cont'd)		<u>2000</u>	<u>2010</u>	TOWNS (Cont'd)		<u>2000</u>	<u>2010</u>	TOWNS (Cont'd)		<u>2000</u>	<u>2010</u>
Clinchco	*			Glen Lyn	*	ID		Lovettsville	*	lif	IIF
Clinchport	*	IA		Gordonsville	*	IA	IC	Luray		IA	ID
Clintwood	*			Goshen	*	IA	IC	Madison	*	ID	IA
Coeburn	*		IA	Gretna	*	IC	ID	Marion		ID	
Colonial Beach		IC	IA	Grottoes	*	IA	IA	McKenney	*	IA	IA
Columbia	*	IC	IA	Grundy	*			Melfa	*	IA	
Courtland	*	IA	IC	Halifax	*	IA		Middleburg	*	IIF	IIF
Craigsville	*	IA	IC	Hallwood	*	IA		Middletown	*	IC	IA
Crewe	*	ID	ID	Hamilton	*	lif	IIF	Mineral	*	IC	IA
Culpeper		IA	IA	Haymarket	*	lif	IIF	Monterey	*		
Damascus	*	IA	IC	Haysi	*		IA	Montross	*	IC	IA
Dayton	*	IA	IA	Herndon		IIB	IIB	Mount Crawford	*	IA	IA
Dendron	*	IC	ID	Hillsboro	*	lif	IIF	Mount Jackson	*	IA	IA
Dillwyn	*	IC	IC	Hillsville	*	IA		Narrows	*	ID	
Drakes Branch	*	IC	IA	Honaker	*	IC	IA	Nassawadox	*		
Dublin	*	IA	IA	Hurt	*	IC	ID	New Castle	*	IA	ID
Duffield	*	IA	IA	Independence	*	IC		New Market	*	IA	IA
Dumfries		lif	IIF	Iron Gate	*	ID	IC	Newsoms	*	ID	IA
Dungannon	*	IA		Irvington	*	IA	ID	Nickelsville	*	IA	
Eastville	*	IA	IA	lvor	*	ID	IA	Occoquan	*	IIF	IIF
Edinburg	*	IC	IA	Jarratt	*	IA	IA	Onancock	*	IA	
Elkton	*	IA	IA	Jonesville	*	IA	IC	Onley	*		
Exmore	*		IA	Keller	*			Orange		IA	IA
Farmville		IA	IA	Kenbridge	*	IC		Painter	*		
Fincastle	*	IA	IC	Keysville	*	IA	ID	Pamplin City	*	IC	IA

	Pr	incipal Reas	son Eligible t	<u>o_</u>	<u>Pr</u>	incipal Rea	son Eligible t	Principal Reason Eligible to				
<u>Name</u>		Accept Cas	sh Proffers	<u>Name</u>		Accept Ca	sh Proffers	<u>Name</u>		Accept Ca	<u>sh Proffers</u>	
Floyd	*	IA	IC	Kilmarnock	*	IA	IA	Parksley	*	IA		
Fries	*	IC		La Crosse	*	IA		Pearisburg	*	IA		
Front Royal		IA	IA	Lawrenceville	*	IC	IA	Pembroke	*	IA		
Gate City	*			Lebanon	*	IC		Pennington Gap	*		IC	
Glade Spring	*	IC	IA	Leesburg		lif	IIF	Phenix	*	IC	IA	
Glasgow	*	IC	IA	Louisa	*	IA	IA	Pocahontas	*			
TOWNS (Cont'd)		2000	2010	TOWNS (Cont'd)		2000	2010	TOWNS (Cont'd)		2000	2010	
Port Royal	*	IC	IC	South Hill		IC	IA	Victoria	*	IC		
Pound	*	IA		St. Charles	*		IC	Vienna		IIB	IIB	
Pulaski		ID	ID	St. Paul	*	IC		Vinton		IC	IC	
Purcellville		IIF	IIF	Stanardsville	*	IA	IC	Virgilina	*	IC		
Quantico	*	IIF	IIF	Stanley	*	IA	IA	Wachapreague	*			
Remington	*	IA	IC	Stephens City	*	IC	IA	Wakefield	*	IC	ID	
Rich Creek	*	ID	IA	Stony Creek	*	IC	ID	Warrenton		IA	IA	
Richlands			IA	Strasburg		IA	IA	Warsaw	*	IA	IA	
Ridgeway	*	ID		Stuart	*	IC	IA	Washington	*	IC	IC	
Rocky Mount		IC	IA	Surry	*	IA	ID	Waverly	*	IC	ID	
Round Hill	*	IIF	IIF	Tangier	*		IA	Weber City	*			
Rural Retreat	*	IA	IA	Tappahannock	*	IA	IA	West Point	*	IC	IA	
Saltville	*	IC	IC	Tazewell			IA	White Stone	*	IC	ID	
Saxis	*			The Plains	*	IA	IC	Windsor	*	IC	IA	
Scottsburg	*	IC		Timberville	*	IA	IA	Wise	*			
Scottsville	*	IA	IC	Toms Brook	*	IA	IC	Woodstock		IA	IA	
Shenandoah	*	IC	IA	Troutdale	*	IA		Wytheville		IC	IA	
Smithfield		IA	IA	Troutville	*	IC	IC					
South Boston		IA		Urbanna	*	IC	IC					

NOTES:

* = Localities not required to report cash proffer activity. 2003 revisions to § 15.2-2303.2 limited the requirement for the reporting on the acceptance of proffered cash payments to only those localities with a population in excess of 3,500 persons or more. Thus, only 35 of the 177 eligible towns are required to report proffered cash payments.

I. Eligibility for acceptance of cash proffers under § 15.2-2298 (High-growth localities):

- A. any locality which had a decennial Census growth rate of 5% or more;
- B. any city adjoining another city or county which had a decennial Census growth rate of 5% or more;
- C. any towns located within a county which had a decennial Census growth rate of 5% or more; and
- D. any county contiguous with at least three counties which had a decennial Census growth rate of 5% or more, and any town located in that county.

II. Eligibility for acceptance of cash proffers under § 15.2-2303:

- A. any county with urban county executive form of government (i.e., Fairfax County);
- B. Any town within Fairfax County;
- C. any city adjacent to or completely surrounded by Fairfax County;
- D. any county contiguous to Fairfax County;
- E. any city adjacent to or completely surrounded by a county contiguous to Fairfax County;
- F. any town within a county contiguous to Fairfax County; and
- G. any county east of the Chesapeake Bay

III. Eligibility for acceptance of cash proffers under § 15.2-2303.1:

A. New Kent County

Localities in italics have never been authorized to accept cash proffers.

APPENDIX C

Survey Instrument for Local Government Revenues and Expenditures Derived from Proffered Cash Payments 2017–2018

FY2017-2018 Cash Proffer Survey

Virginia Commission on Local Government: Fiscal Year 2017-2018 Cash Proffer Survey

1. Please provide	your contact information: *
Locality Name	
Contact Name	
Position/Title	
Phone Number:	
Email Address	

2. Is your locality a City, County or Town? *



3. Did your locality accept cash proffers at any time during the 2017-2018 Fiscal Year?

If you answered "No" for the 2017-2018 Fiscal Year, additional information is <u>not</u> needed. *

A cash proffer is (i) any money voluntary proffered in a writing signed by the owner of property subject to rezoning, submitted as part of a rezoning application and accepted by a locality pursuant to the authority granted by Va. Code Ann. § <u>15.2-2303</u>, or § <u>15.2-2298</u>, or (ii) any payment of money made pursuant to a development agreement entered into under authority granted by Va. Code Ann. § <u>15.2-2303.1</u>. This does NOT include cash contributions imposed through conditional/provisional/special use permits as authorized by § <u>15.2-2286</u> (A)(3).



4. Enter the total amount of <u>cash proffer revenue collected</u> by the locality during the 2017-2018 fiscal year:

This is the total dollar amount of revenue collected from cash proffers in the specified fiscal year <u>regardless</u> of the fiscal year in which the cash proffer was accepted. Unaudited figures are acceptable.

5. Enter the estimated amount of <u>cash proffers pledged</u> during the 2017-2018 fiscal year by which <u>payment is conditioned only on time</u>:

These are cash proffers conditioned <u>only</u> on time (i.e. linked to a specific date or specified time following rezoning approval but NOT an unknown date such as at the time of certificate of occupancy) approved by the locality as part of a rezoning case. Unaudited figures for the specified fiscal year are acceptable.

6. Enter the total amount of <u>cash proffer revenue expended</u> by the locality during the 2017-2018 fiscal year:

This is the total dollar amount of public projects expended with cash proffer revenue in the specified fiscal year.

Unaudited figures are acceptable.

7. Indicate the purpose(s) and amount(s) (in whole numbers) for which the expenditures in the previous question were made: *

The Total amount at the bottom should equal the amount reported in question #6.

	Schools
	Roads and Other Transportation Improvements
	Fire and Rescue/Public Safety
	Libraries
	Parks, Recreation, and Open Space
	Water and Sewer Service Extension
	Community Centers
	Stormwater Management
	Special Needs Housing
	Affordable Housing
	Miscellaneous
Total : 0	

8. Please share any additional comments regarding any unique circumstances surrounding the information you provided in this survey.

APPENDIX D

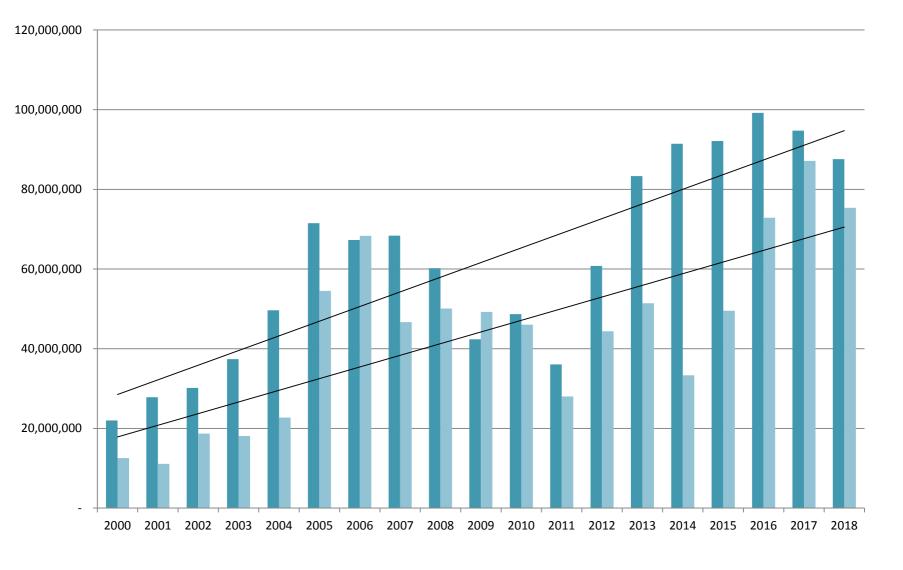
Summary of Survey Responses from Localities Accepting Proffered Cash Payments 2017 – 2018 Appendix D Summary of Survey Responses from Localities Accepting Proffered Cash Payments Fiscal Year 2017-2018

					Purpose and Amount For Which Cash Proffer Expenditures Were Made													
			То	tal Pledged						. aipese a		Parks,	Water and					
		Total Cash	Bu	it Payment	Total Cas	h		Roads and Other	Fire, Rescue,			Recreation,	Sewer			Special		
	Pro	offer Revenue		onditioned	Proffer Reve	nue		Transportation	and			and Open	Service	Community	Stormwater	Needs	Affordable	
Locality		Collected		nly on Time	Expende		Schools	Improvements	Public Safety	Libra	ry	Space	Extension	Centers	Management	Housing	Housing	Miscellaneous
Alles and a	ć	1.005 700	ć		ć 110			¢ 460.635	ć	ć		ć 205.250	<u>~</u>	~	<u>^</u>	¢	<u>^</u>	<u>^</u>
Albemarle Amelia	\$ \$	1,065,780 70,609	\$ \$	-	\$ 1,140,	L80 \$		\$ 169,635 \$ -	\$ 685,295 \$ -	\$ \$	-	\$ 285,250	\$- \$-	Ş -	\$ -	\$ - ¢	ş - ¢	Ş -
	ş Ş	,	ç	-	Ş		r -	ş - S -	ې - د	ş S	-	ې - د	ş - \$ -	ş -	э - с	ş - \$ -	ş -	э - с
Caroline Chesterfield	ş Ş	98,309 4,911,324	ş ç	-	> \$ 8,739,!		r -	+	\$ - \$ 363,200	+	-	ې - د	ې - د	ş - ¢	ş - ¢	ې د د	ş - ¢	ş - ¢
	ې \$		ç	-			, ,	ç <u>1</u> ,1,0,000		ş Ş	-	> -	ş -	ş -	э - с	ş - \$ -	ş -	э - с
Culpeper Fairfax	ş Ş	139,000 8,969,831	ې د	-	\$ 166, \$ 13,945,			\$ - \$ 10,079,568	\$ - \$ 20,331	ş S	-	\$ 166,875 \$ 1.608.922	ې - د	ş - ¢	ş - ¢	ې د د	\$ - \$ 549.994	ş - \$ -
			ç	-	\$ 15,945,: ¢	- 9	,,	\$ 10,079,508 \$ -	\$ 20,551 \$ -	ş S	-	\$ 1,006,922 ¢	ş - \$ -	ş -	э - с	ş - \$ -	\$ 549,994 ¢	э - с
Fauquier	\$ \$	782,320	Ş	-	\$ ¢ 2474		r -	7	+	ş S	-	> - ć 257.702	ş - \$ -	ş -	\$ - ¢	ş -	ş -	\$ - ¢
Frederick	ş Ş	1,139,315 9,600	ç	-	\$ 247,9	3/0 ;	r -	\$ (9,814) \$ -	ş - с	э ¢	-	\$ 257,792	ş - ¢	ş - ¢	э - с	ş - ¢	ş - с	э - с
Gloucester		,	ç	-	> ¢ 7507	- ;		•	ې - د	ې د	-	ې - د	ş -	ş -	э - с	ş -	ş -	э - с
Goochland Greene	\$ \$	672,717 2,000	Ş Ş	6,978,136	\$ 750,0 \$ 38,			\$ 550,000 \$ 38,116	\$ - \$ -	\$ \$	-	ې - د	ა - ¢	ა - ¢	ა - ¢	ş - \$ -	ა - ¢	ა - ¢
		,	Ŷ	-	. ,			. ,	Ŧ	Ŧ	-	ې - د	ş - \$ -	ş - \$ -	э - с	Ŧ	ş -	э - с
Hanover	\$ \$	866,828 380,275	\$ \$	- 1,487,523	\$ 3,188,	138 Ş		\$ 3,188,438 \$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$ \$	-	ې - د	ş - \$ -	ა - ¢	ა - ¢	\$- \$-	ა - ¢	ა - ¢
Isle of Wight			ې د		> ć 1.202		*	Ŷ	+	Ŧ	-	\$ - \$ 45.620	Ŷ	\$ - \$ 71 572	\$ - \$ 31 724	ş - \$ -	ş -	ş -
James City	\$	1,398,590	ş Ş	-	\$ 1,392,			\$ 38,437	\$ 41,147	ş. S	_,	+,	\$ 293,900 \$ -	\$ 71,572 \$ -	¢ 01)/21	Ť.	ş -	\$ - ¢
King William	\$	982,483	Ş	-	\$ 402,		- ,	\$ -	\$ -	+		\$ -	T	Ŷ	\$ -	ş -	ş -	ş -
Loudoun	\$	27,747,687	Ş	165,000	\$ 24,519,	1	r i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	\$ 7,823,126	\$ 8,675,939		,	\$ 2,105,093	ş -	\$ 5,902,655 \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	ş -	ş -
Louisa	\$	19,765	Ş	-	\$ 19, [°]			\$ -	\$ 19,765		-	\$- ¢	Ş -	Ş -	\$ - ¢	ş -	ş -	\$ - ¢
New Kent	\$	529,433	Ş	206,229	\$ 223,		- , -	\$ 139,340	Ş -	\$	-	ې - د	\$ -	ş -	ş -	ş -	ş -	ş -
Powhatan	\$	165,336	Ş	-	\$ 6 11 C40	- 9	r -	\$- \$3349323	\$ -	\$ \$ 16	-	\$ - \$ 1.016.481	ş - \$ -	Ş -	\$ - ¢ 27.150	ş - \$ -	ş -	\$ - ¢
Prince William	\$	23,053,471	Ş	-	\$ 11,640,		, 0,000,000	¢ 0,010,0 2 0	\$ 1,073,665	\$ 104	4,106	\$ 1,016,481	Ŷ	ş -	\$ 37,159	ş -	ş -	ş -
Rockingham	\$	45,500	Ş	-	\$	- 9		\$ -	Ş -	Ş	-	\$ -	\$ -	Ş -	ş -	Ş -	ş -	\$ -
Spotsylvania	\$	1,740,661	Ş	-	\$ 1,374,		r -	\$ 923,705	Ş -	Ş	-		\$ 20,000	\$ -	ş -	ş -	ş -	\$ 417,009
Stafford	\$	4,885,571	\$	-	\$ 209,			\$ 60,000	Ş -	\$		Ş -	Ş -	\$ -	Ş -	Ş -	Ş -	Ş -
Warren	\$	375,866	\$	-	\$ 122,				Ş -	\$	-	\$ 77,200	Ş -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	Ş -	Ş -
York Total Counties	ې \$	842,800 80,895,073	\$ \$	50,000 8,886,888	\$ 137,0 \$ 68,258,9		-	\$ 137,000 \$ 27,663,233	\$	\$ \$ 179	-	\$ 5,577,258	\$ - \$ 313,900	\$ - \$ 5,974,227	\$ - \$ 68,883	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ 549,994	\$ - \$ 417,009
Total Counties	Ş	80,895,075	Ş	0,000,000	⇒ 00,230,:	, 25	5 10,055,924	\$ 27,003,233	\$ 10,879,542	\$ 17:	9,225	\$ 3,377,238	\$ 515,900	\$ 5,974,227	\$ 00,005	ş -	\$ 545,554	\$ 417,009
Charlottesville	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$ 15,	000 \$	\$-	\$ 15,000	\$-	\$	-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Chesapeake	\$	2,845,383	\$	-	\$ 4,054,9	992 \$	\$ 3,951,350	\$ 103,642	\$-	\$	-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Fairfax	\$	345,240	\$	-	\$	- :	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$	-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Franklin	\$	24,287	\$	-	\$ 24,	287 \$	\$-	\$ 24,287	\$-	\$	-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Fredericksburg	\$	210,375	\$	-	\$ 31,	330 \$	\$-	\$ 31,330	\$-	\$	-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Manassas	\$	1,208,154	\$	-	\$ 502,	500 \$	\$ 500,000	\$ 2,500		\$	-		\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Suffolk	\$	501,316	\$	-	\$ 1,506,	774 \$	\$ 1,506,774	\$-	\$-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Total Cities	\$	5,149,756	\$	15,000	\$ 6,134,	383 (\$5,958,124	\$ 176,759	\$-	\$	-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-
Herndon	Ś	95,500	Ś	-	\$ 93,0	000	\$ 18,000	\$ -	\$ -	Ś	_	\$ -	Ś -	Ś -	ś -	Ś-	Ś -	\$ 75,000
Leesburg	Ś	1,196,997	ŝ	626,000	\$ 863,9			\$ 863,950	\$ -	ŝ	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Purcellville	Ś	224,644	Ś	-	÷ 303,			\$ -	Ŧ	Ś	-	۰ ۶ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Smithfield	Ś	1,020	Ŷ		\$ 1.	020		\$ -	\$ 1,020	Ŷ	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	ŝ -	\$ -
Total Towns	\$	1,518,161	\$	626,000	\$ 957,9			\$ 863,950				\$ -	Ŧ	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 75,000
										•			•		•	•	•	
GRAND TOTAL	\$	87,562,989	\$	9,527,888	\$ 75,351,	346 \$	\$ 22,612,048	\$ 28,703,942	\$ 10,880,362	\$ 179	9,223	\$ 5,577,258	\$ 313,900	\$ 5,974,227	\$ 68,883	\$-	\$ 549,994	\$ 492,009

APPENDIX E

Summary of Statewide Cash Proffer Revenues and Expenditures FY 1999 – 2000 through FY 2017 – 2018

Cash Proffer Revenues and Expenditures FY2000-FY2018



Revenues Expenditures