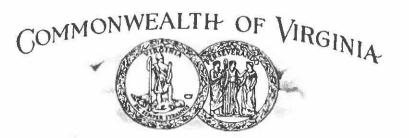
JEHMAL T. HUDSON COMMISSIONER



BERNARD LOGAN
CLERK OF THE COMMISSION
P.O. BOX 1197
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STATE CORPORATION COMMISSION

September 29, 2023

The Honorable Glenn Younkin Governor, Commonwealth of Virginia

The Honorable Richard L. Saslaw Chair, Senate Committee on Commerce and Labor

The Honorable Kathy J. Byron Chair, House Committee on Commerce and Energy

The Honorable Caren Merrick Secretary of Commerce and Trade

The Honorable Travis A. Voyles Secretary of Natural and Historic Resources

Members of the Virginia General Assembly

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Please find enclosed the Virginia State Corporation Commission's Annual Report on Energy Efficiency Programs and the Annual Report on the Feasibility of Achieving Energy Efficiency Goals pursuant to Chapter 1193 of the 2020 Virginia Acts of Assembly.

Please let us know if we may be of further assistance.

Respectfully submitted,

øehmal T. Hudson

Chairman

Enclosure

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

STATE CORPORATION COMMISSION

Reports to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the Chair of the Senate Committee on Commerce and Labor, the Chair of the House Committee on Commerce and Energy, the Secretary of Natural and Historic Resources, and the Secretary of Commerce and Trade



COMBINED REPORTS

INCLUDING:

Annual Report on Energy Efficiency Programs Pursuant to Chapter 1193 of the 2020 Virginia Acts of Assembly

Annual Report on the Feasibility of Achieving Energy Efficiency Goals Pursuant to Chapter 1193 of the 2020 Virginia Acts of Assembly

September 29, 2023

Table of Contents

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	ii
INTRODUCTION	1
Statutory Background	1
ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROGRAMS	2
VCEA EE Programs	4
Previous DSM Activities	7
Evaluation, Measurement, and Verification Proceeding	9
FEASIBILITY OF ENERGY EFFICIENCY GOALS	16
DEV	18
APCo	19
CLOSING	20
Appendix 1: 2023 DEV EM&V	
Appendix 2: Glossory of Terms	

Appendix 2: Glossory of Terms

Appendix 3: Pandemic-related Activities

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This document contains the combined reports ("Report") of the Virginia State Corporation Commission ("Commission") pursuant to Chapter 1193 of the 2020 Virginia Acts of Assembly. 1

The key highlights of this report include:

- In its third DSM application pursuant to the VCEA, Dominion filed for, and received approval of, five new energy efficiency programs. In addition, Dominion received approval of four program bundles. In its application, Dominion also presented its progress towards achieving the energy efficiency savings goals of the VCEA and the required proposed investment levels of the GTSA.²
- In calendar year 2022, APCo did not make an energy efficiency program filing.³ An APCo energy efficiency filing is expected in the fall of 2023.
- Calendar year 2022 was the first year in which the VCEA energy efficiency targets were in effect pursuant to Code § 56-596.2. The Commission received data related to the utilities' achievement of such targets in Dominion's third DSM application, as noted above, and in each utility's evaluation, measurement, and verification ("EM&V") reports.⁴

¹ Virginia Clean Economy Act ("VCEA"), 2020 Va. Acts chs. 1193, 1194. The VCEA explicitly references Phase I and Phase II utilities. For purposes of this report, the Commission will focus on Appalachian Power Company ("APCo") as a Phase I utility and Dominion Energy Virginia ("DEV" or "Dominion") as a Phase II utility. The Commission further notes that it has approved a requirement for Kentucky Utilities d/b/a Old Dominion Power Company ("KU/ODP") to file a comprehensive Demand-Side Management ("DSM") plan and surcharge by June 1, 2023. Kentucky Utilities Company d/b/a Old Dominion Power Company - For an Adjustment of Electric Base Rates, Case No. PUR-2021-00171, Doc. Con. Cen. No. 220540073, Final Order at 4 (May 5, 2022) ("2022 KU Final Order"). KU/ODP's plan is required to target at least a 0.02% decrease in total jurisdictional sales. Id. KU/ODP made the required filing on June 1, 2023, which was subsequently docketed as Case No. PUR-2023-00096. Application of Kentucky Utilities Company d/b/a Old Dominion Power Company for Implementation of a Demand-Side Management Program and Cost-Recovery Adjustment Clause, Case No. PUR-2023-00096, Doc. Con. Cen. No. 23030102, Order for Notice and Hearing (June 16, 2023).

² Petition of Virginia Electric and Power Company, For approval of its 2022 DSM Update pursuant to § 56-585.1 A 5 of the Code of Virginia, Case No. PUR-2022-00210, Doc. Con. Con. No. 230810132, Final Order (August 4, 2023) ("2022 DSM Update Final Order").

³ In its most recent DSM filing in 2021 ("2021 EE-RAC Proceeding"), APCo requested and received approval to move to a biennial filing cadence for its energy efficiency program activities *Application of Appalachian Power Company, For approval to continue rate adjustment clause, the EE-RAC, and for approval of a new energy efficiency program pursuant to §§ 56-585.1 A 5 c and 56-596.2 of the Code of Virginia, Case No. PUR-2021-00236, Doc. Con. Cen. No. 220720034, Final Order at 5 (July 15, 2022).*

⁴ APCo filed its most recent EM&V Report on May 1, 2023 in Case No. PUE-2014-00039 ("APCo's 2023 EM&V Report"). Dominion filed its most recent EM&V Report ("DEV's 2023 EM&V Report") on June 15, 2023 in Case No. PUR-2021-00247. The public version of documents filed with the Commission may be located on the

- According to its 2023 EM&V Report, Dominion anticipates having fallen short of the energy efficiency targets (1.23% achieved compared to the 1.25% target) in 2022 as measured on a "net" basis. This is a change from Dominion's projections presented in its third DSM proceeding, where it expected to meet the target in 2022 if measured on a "net" basis.
- Based on APCo's filings with the Commission, it expects to have met the energy savings targets in 2022 on a net basis and projects that it will be able to meet the 2023 goal on a net basis.⁷
- These results have not yet been subject to Commission review. The Commission will review these EM&V results as a part of each utility's upcoming energy efficiency filings and will provide additional data related to the feasibility of achieving these energy efficiency goals in future reports.

A glossary of terms is provided in Appendix 2.

Commission's website, <u>scc.virginia.gov/pages/Case Information</u>, by clicking "Docket Search," then clicking "Search by Case Information," and entering the appropriate case number in the appropriate box.

⁵ "Net" generally refers to changes in energy use that are induced by a particular energy efficiency program, *i.e.*, exclusive of free riders. A "free rider" is someone who would have installed an energy-efficiency measure absent any program incentive but receives the incentive anyway.

⁶ DEV'S 2023 EM&V Report at vii.

⁷ See, e.g., APCo witness Diebel's direct testimony, Schedule 2, filed in APCo's 2021 EE-RAC Proceeding with its Petition. Note, however, the Commission has not made any determinations regarding APCo's "achieved" savings at this time. Petition of Appalachian Power Company, For approval to continue rate adjustment clause, the EE-RAC, and for approval of new energy efficiency programs pursuant to §§ 56-585.1 A 5 c and 56-596.2 of the Code of Virginia, Case No. PUR-2021-00236, Doc. Con. Cen. No. 211180097, Petition (filed November 30, 2021).

INTRODUCTION

The Commission appreciates the opportunity to provide this update to the Governor and the General Assembly on energy efficiency and DSM-related matters. The Commission has conducted energy efficiency and DSM-related proceedings that are detailed below. In addition, the Commission's Staff has participated as stakeholders in multiple stakeholder meetings over the last year as required by recent legislation and Commission Order. Energy efficiency meetings, required by SB 966, SB 1605, and HB 2293, were held on February 22, 2022, June 21, 2022, October 12, 2022, February 24, 2023, and June 20, 2023, for DEV and on April 25, 2022, October 17, 2022, December 15, 2022, March 9, 2023, and September 12, 2023, for APCo.

Statutory Background

The statutory bases for this Report of the Commission on energy efficiency and DSM-related matters are the following:

- Energy Efficiency Programs: The VCEA added language to Code § 56-585.1 A 5 c directing the Commission to monitor and report to the General Assembly annually on the performance of all programs approved pursuant to Code § 56-585.1 A 5 c; ¹³ and,
- Feasibility of Energy Efficiency Goals: The VCEA added subsection B 3 to Code § 56-596.2. This subsection, among other things, directs that beginning October 1, 2022, and each year thereafter, the Commission shall review the feasibility of the energy efficiency program savings in Code § 56-596.2 and report to the Chairs of the House Committee on Commerce and Energy, the Senate Committee on Commerce and Labor, the

⁸ The Commission provides an update on Pandemic-related activities in Appendix 3 to this Report.

⁹ Petition Of Virginia Electric and Power Company, For approval of its 2021 DSM Update pursuant to § 56-585.1 A 5 of the Code of Virginia Case No. PUR-2021-00247, 2022 S.C.C. Ann. Rept. 384, Final Order (August 10, 2022) ("2021 DSM Update Final Order").

^{10 2018} Va. Acts ch. 296.

¹¹ 2019 Va. Acts ch. 398.

^{12 2019} Va. Acts ch. 397.

¹³ Prior to 2022, the Commission previously included this annual report as part of its December 1 Combined Reports.

Secretary of Natural and Historic Resources, and the Secretary of Commerce and Trade on such feasibility.

ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROGRAMS

The VCEA establishes energy efficiency savings targets for Phase I and Phase II utilities through 2025. After 2025, the Commission is directed to establish new energy efficiency targets.¹⁴ The targets through 2025 are as follows, expressed as a percentage of the average annual energy jurisdictional retail sales by that utility.

Year	Phase I Utility	Phase II Utility
2022	0.5%	1.25%
2023	1.0%	2.5%
2024	1.5%	3.75%
2025	2.0%	5.0%

The VCEA directs the Commission to award a margin for recovery on operating expenses for energy efficiency programs and pilot programs prior to January 1, 2022. After January 1, 2022, the VCEA directs the Commission to award a margin on energy efficiency program operating expenses in the applicable year if a Phase I or Phase II utility achieves total savings equal to the energy efficiency savings targets set forth above. Further, energy efficiency pilot programs

¹⁴ Subject to certain conditions, the Commission is prohibited from approving construction of any new utility-owned generating facilities that emit carbon dioxide as a by-product of combusting fuel to generate electricity unless the utility has already met the energy savings goals prescribed above and the Commission finds that supply-side resources are more cost-effective than demand-side or energy storage resources. Code § 56-585.1 A 5.

¹⁵ Code § 56-585.1 A 5 c.

¹⁶ *Id*.

are to be found in the public interest if they are of a limited scope, cost, and duration and intended to determine whether a new or substantially revised program is cost-effective.¹⁷

The VCEA also directs the Commission to monitor and annually report to the General Assembly on the performance of all energy efficiency programs approved pursuant to Code § 56-585.1 A 5 c, including each utility's compliance with the total annual savings required by Code § 56-596.2, as well as the annual and lifecycle net and gross 18 energy and capacity savings, related emissions reductions, and other quantifiable benefits of each program; total customer bill savings that the programs produce; utility spending on each program, including any associated administrative costs; and each utility's avoided costs and cost-effectiveness results.

In this regard, the Commission notes that APCo has filed two applications for approval of DSM programs since the effective date of the VCEA (July 1, 2020) and DEV has filed three applications, which are discussed further below. Due to the time involved for DEV and APCo to prepare and file applications, for the Commission to conduct associated proceedings, and for each utility to roll out and implement the DSM programs, and subsequently collect EM&V data, the Commission does not expect to be able to verify all of the reporting data outlined above until 2024, after the expected DSM proceedings in 2023 and early 2024 conclude. The Commission, however, has included key metrics related to existing DSM programs from each utility's most recent EM&V Report below.

¹⁷ *Id*.

¹⁸ "Gross" refers to savings that are expected to occur independent of an energy efficiency program's implementation, *i.e.*, inclusive of free riders.

VCEA EE Programs

DEV

In its first DSM application pursuant to the VCEA ("2020 DSM Update"), Dominion filed for, and received approval of, nine energy efficiency ("EE") programs, one demand response program (collectively referred to as Dominion's "Phase IX Programs"), and a two-year extension of an existing demand response program. Additionally, the Commission approved a rooftop solar program application filed pursuant to legislation approved during the 2019 General Assembly Session. The approved programs and associated cost caps are discussed below.

According to analysis provided by DEV in its 2020 DSM Update, DEV initially did not anticipate achieving the VCEA's energy savings targets beginning in 2023.²¹ As such, the Commission directed DEV to file, among other things, a long-term plan that included proposed program savings and budgets for the five-year period beginning January 1, 2022, sufficient to comply with the total energy savings targets in the VCEA and investment levels in the GTSA. The Commission also directed DEV to file a proposed plan and framework for consolidating, streamlining, and marketing the public-facing aspects of DEV's approved and proposed DSM programs to facilitate participation at the levels required to achieve the VCEA targets.²²

In its second DSM application pursuant to the VCEA ("2021 DSM Update"), Dominion filed for, and received approval of, nine EE programs (referred to as its Phase X Programs).²³ In

¹⁹ Petition of Virginia Electric and Power Company, For approval of its 2020 DSM Update pursuant to § 56-585.1 A 5 of the Code of Virginia, Case No. PUR-2020-00274, 2021 S.C.C. Ann. Rept. 350, Final Order (September 7, 2021) ("2020 DSM Update Final Order").

²⁰ *Id.*; 2019 Va. Acts ch. 748 (House Bill 2789).

²¹ See 2020 DSM Update Final Order at 11.

²² *Id.* at 11-12.

²³ Petition of Virginia Electric and Power Company, For approval of its 2021 DSM Update pursuant to § 56-585.1 A 5 of the Code of Virginia, Case No. PUR-2021-00247, 2022 S.C.C. Ann. Rept. 384, Final Order (August 10, 2022) ("2021 DSM Update Final Order").

addition to its 2021 DSM Update, Dominion also presented a long-term plan ("Long Term Plan") to comply with the total energy savings targets in the VCEA and investment levels in the GTSA, among other things, as required by the 2020 DSM Update Final Order. As part of that Long Term Plan, Dominion proposed restructuring its DSM portfolio and programs into approximately seven major programs, with seven sub-categories for distinct components and pathways. Dominion also committed to an annual investment of \$2.5 million from 2022 to 2026 directed toward improving customer awareness and marketing.²⁴ The Commission approved Dominion's proposed reorganization and consolidations of its DSM Portfolio consistent with Dominion's long-term plan.²⁵

In its third DSM application pursuant to the VCEA ("2022 DSM Update"), Dominion filed for, and received approval of, five EE programs (referred to as its Phase XI Programs), as well as four "program bundles." Dominion presented program bundles as a way to consolidate programs and program measures that would provide qualifying customers the opportunity to implement a wider variety of EE measures, with its goal being to provide a better customer experience and optimize participation in DEV's EE programs. Dominion also received approval to expand the eligibility of its Phase IX Agricultural Program to residential customers.

Regarding the implementation of the Long Term Plan, the Commission directed Dominion to provide an annual Project Management Plan detailing what DSM tasks were completed in the last twelve months, what tasks would be completed in the next twelve months, and what tasks remain to be completed, to fully implement the Long Term Plan. As discussed further below, as of its latest DSM proceeding, Dominion projected that it would not meet its 2023 VCEA-related

²⁴ Low program participation has historically served as a barrier to DSM program success.

²⁵ 2021 DSM Update Final Order at 6.

²⁶ 2022 DSM Update Final Order at 9-10.

savings goal on a net basis. However, as of the latest EM&V Report, Dominion no longer projects to meet the VCEA goals, including 2022, on a net basis.

APCo

In its first DSM application pursuant to the VCEA, APCo filed for, and received approval of, four EE programs, a demand response program, and a three-year voltage conservation pilot program.²⁷ Additionally, the Commission approved a five-year extension for two of APCo's existing DSM programs. The approved programs and associated cost caps are provided later in this Report.

In its second DSM application pursuant to the VCEA, APCo filed for, and received approval of, one EE program.²⁸ Additionally, APCo requested, and received, approval to move to a biennial filing cadence for its energy efficiency program activities. APCo stated that it did not anticipate the immediate need to initiate any new programs in the interim. The Commission required APCo to file, in the 2021 EE-RAC Proceeding docket, an updated report on program costs, revenues, participation, and other relevant information on or before November 30, 2022, and required the same report to be filed in the next docketed EE-RAC case.²⁹

As noted above, APCo received Commission approval to move to a biennial filing cadence and, thus, did not file a DSM-related application in 2022. As directed by the Commission, the Company filed an updated report on program costs, revenues, participation, and other relevant

²⁷ Petition of Appalachian Power Company, For approval to continue rate adjustment clause, the EE-RAC, and for approval of new energy efficiency programs pursuant to §§ 56-585.1 A 5 c and 56-596.2 of the Code of Virginia, Case No. PUR-2020-00251, 2021 S.C.C. Ann. Rept. 325, Order Approving Rate Adjustment Clause (July 29, 2021).

²⁸ Petition of Appalachian Power Company, For approval to continue rate adjustment clause, the EE-RAC, and for approval of new energy efficiency programs pursuant to §§ 56-585.1 A 5 c and 56-596.2 of the Code of Virginia, Case No. PUR-2021-00236, S.C.C. Ann. Rept. 371, Order Approving Rate Adjustment Clause (July 15, 2022) ("APCo's 2021 EE-RAC Final Order").

²⁹ *Id.* at 2-3, 6.

information on November 30, 2022. It should be noted that as of the 2021 EE-RAC Proceeding, APCo is projected to meet all of the 2022-2025 VCEA-related savings goals, on a net basis.³⁰

KU/ODP

As mentioned previously, the Commission required KU/ODP to file a comprehensive DSM plan, with a required target of at least a 0.02% decrease in total jurisdictional sales. As part of developing its DSM plan, KU/ODP was directed to initiate stakeholder meetings. KU/ODP held stakeholder meetings on August 10, 2022, October 13, 2022, March 15, 2023, and April 21, 2023. On June 1, 2023, KU/ODP filed for approval of a DSM pilot-program designed to benefit low-income customers, with an associated DSM rate mechanism. The hearing on KU's DSM application is scheduled to start on October 11, 2023 with an opportunity for public witnesses to testify and to continue on October 12, 2023 with the evidentiary hearing. The Commission will be able to provide additional information on any approved KU/ODP programs in 2024, after the conclusion of this proceeding.

Previous DSM Activities

Historically, the Commission has approved, allowed for the modification of, or extended numerous DSM programs for both DEV and APCo. A brief summary is provided below:

³⁰ See, e.g., APCo witness Diebel's direct testimony, Schedule 2, filed in APCo's 2021 EE-RAC Proceeding with its Petition. Note, however, the Commission has not made any determinations regarding APCo's "achieved" savings at this time. Petition of Appalachian Power Company, For approval to continue rate adjustment clause, the EE-RAC, and for approval of new energy efficiency programs pursuant to §§ 56-585.1 A 5 c and 56-596.2 of the Code of Virginia, Case No. PUR-2021-00236, Doc. Con. Cen. No. 211180097, Petition (filed November 30, 2021).

^{31 2022} KU Final Order at 4.

³² As noted above, this case has been docketed as Case No. PUR-2023-00096.

	Tabl	e 1.	
Dominion Energy Cases		ved/Extended rograms	Cost Caps Approved (In Million \$)
84	EE	Peak Shaving ³³	
Case No. PUE-2009-00081	4	1	\$102.3
Case No. PUE-2011-00093	6	1	\$149.2
Case No. PUE-2012-00100	1	1	\$75.2
Case No. PUE-2013-00072	4		\$71.6
Case No. PUE-2014-00071	2		\$20.0
Case No. PUE-2015-00089	1	1	\$23.5
Case No. PUE-2016-00111	1	1	\$40.8
Case No. PUR-2017-00129	1		\$12.6
Case No. PUR-2018-00168	11		\$225.8 ³⁴
Case No. PUR-2019-00201	14	2	\$186.0
Case No. PUR-2020-00274	9	2	\$130.5
Case No. PUR-2021-00247	9		\$140.0
Case No. PUR-2022-00210	7	2	145.0
Totals	70	11	\$1,182.5MM ³⁵
Appalachian Power Cases			
Case No. PUE-2014-00026	1	1	\$7.1
Case No. PUE-2014-00039	5		\$27.3
Case No. PUR-2017-00094	1	1	\$7.1
Case No. PUR-2017-00126	6	-	\$39
Case No. PUR-2019-00122	3		\$43.2
Case No. PUR-2020-00252	7	1	\$57.4
Case No. PUR-2021-00236	1		\$6.9
Totals	24	3	\$188.0MM ³⁶

³³ Pursuant to Code § 56-576, peak-shaving "means measures aimed solely at shifting time of use of electricity from peak-use periods to times of lower demand by inducing retail customers to curtail electricity usage during periods of congestion and higher prices in the electrical grid."

³⁴ Three programs (Smart Thermostat EE, Smart Thermostat DR, and Residential Customer Engagement) were approved for cost recovery by the Commission in Case No. PUR-2018-00168 and later withdrawn by Dominion. Dominion then reapplied for these same programs in Case No. PUR-2019-00201, and the Commission reapproved them.

³⁵ Note that the \$870 million investment level set by the GTSA applicable to DEV includes only energy efficiency programs, and only spending starting July 1, 2018. The \$1,182.5MM shown in the table includes cost caps for peak shaving and energy efficiency programs from the time DEV first began offering such programs. The proposed program costs associated with the Residential Smart Thermostat EE, Smart Thermostat DR, and Residential Customer Engagement programs are only counted one time in the total.

Evaluation, Measurement, and Verification Proceeding

On August 28, 2020, the Commission issued an Order Initiating Proceeding to address Dominion's methodologies used for conducting evaluation, measurement, and verification of energy savings of approved energy efficiency measures.³⁷ The EM&V Proceeding was also designed to address the creation of a "dashboard" to standardize the presentation of energy savings found in the utility's annual DSM EM&V reporting. Following a public hearing and the issuance of a Hearing Examiner's Report, the Commission issued its Final Order in the EM&V Proceeding on October 27, 2021.³⁸ The EM&V Proceeding Final Order adopted EM&V guidelines for Dominion's EE programs and implemented a dashboard that will provide a one-page overview of, among other things, Dominion's progress towards achieving the goals of the GTSA and VCEA, and its data concerning customer participation, energy savings, and customer bill savings. Additionally, the Commission required Dominion to evaluate the baselines used in the EM&V savings formulas and to increase coordination between Dominion's EM&V contractor and energy efficiency program designers.

On January 25, 2022, DEV and Commission Staff filed a joint letter regarding DEV's intent to conduct a study on the baseline savings assumptions used for measures included in two of DEV's DSM programs, as required by the EM&V Proceeding Final Order. DEV retained its EM&V

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³⁶ Note that the \$140 million investment level set by the GTSA applicable to APCo includes only energy efficiency programs, and only spending starting July 1, 2018. The \$188.0MM shown in the table includes cost caps for peak shaving and energy efficiency programs from the time APCo first began offering such programs.

³⁷ Commonwealth of Virginia ex rel. State Corporation Commission, Ex Parte: In the matter of baseline determination, methodologies for evaluation, measurement, and verification of existing demand-side management programs, and the consideration of a standardized presentation of summary data for Virginia Electric and Power Company, Case No. PUR-2020-00156, Doc. Con. Cen. No. 200830148, Order Initiating Proceeding (August 28, 2020) ("EM&V Proceeding").

³⁸ Commonwealth of Virginia ex rel. State Corporation Commission, Ex Parte: In the matter of baseline determination, methodologies for evaluation, measurement, and verification of existing demand-side management programs, and the consideration of a standardized presentation of summary data for Virginia Electric and Power Company, Case No. PUR-2020-00156, 2021 S.C.C. Ann. Rept. 260, Final Order (October 27, 2021) ("EM&V Proceeding Final Order").

contractor, DNV,³⁹ to conduct a study of the Phase VII Non-Residential Lighting Systems & Controls program and the Phase VII Residential New Construction program to be included in the 2023 EM&V Report.⁴⁰

DNV included the results of these studies in DEV's 2023 EM&V Report filed on June 15, 2023. In its reporting for the Non-Residential Lighting Systems & Controls program, DNV found that the baseline assumption for non-residential new construction lighting was 24% better than the Virginia Energy Conservation Code, and that the lighting baselines should be updated to reflect that difference. DNV also found that there is a high penetration of LED lighting and a market that has mostly transitioned to efficient lighting for new construction and retrofits.

In its reporting for the Residential New Construction program, DNV found that prior to the start of the program, only 5.4% of homes built in Virginia were ENERGY STAR certified and that participating builders stated they would have built 40% fewer ENERGY STAR certified homes, absent the program. DNV also found that many non-participating builders prioritize reducing upfront costs rather than energy efficiency, and that ENERGY STAR certified homes are typically marketed to high-income professionals or two-income households. DNV recommended that the program target non-participant builders to expand the program footprint and promotion of the program, and should use case studies and training materials show that benefits outweigh costs. 41

³⁹ DNV is an energy consulting firm contracted to provide Dominion with DSM portfolio and program design services as well as to conduct EM&V for Dominion's DSM programs.

⁴⁰ The Phase VII programs were approved as part of *Petition Of Virginia Electric and Power Company, For approval* to implement demand-side management programs and for approval of two updated rate adjustment clauses pursuant to § 56-585.1 A 5 of the Code of Virginia, Case No. PUR-2018-00168, S.C.C. Ann. Rept, 285, Order Approving Programs and Rate Adjustment Clauses (May 2, 2019). A list of all approved programs for each Phase, including Phase VII, is provided in Table 1.

⁴¹ See DEV's 2023 EM&V Report at Appendix J.

<u>DEV</u>

Dominion's currently approved and operating programs are listed below:⁴²

	Table 2.	
	Dominion Energy Active DSM Program	ns
Phase and Case No.	Program Name	Program Type
Phase II		
PUE-2011-00093	Non-Residential Distributed Generation Program	Demand Response
Phase IV		
PUE-2017-00071	Residential Income and Age Qualifying Program*	Energy Efficiency
Phase V		
PUE-2015-00089	Non-Residential Small Business Improvement Program	Energy Efficiency
Phase VI		
PUE-2016-00111	Non-Residential Prescriptive Program	Energy Efficiency
Phase VII		
PUR-2018-00168	Residential Appliance Recycling Program*	Energy Efficiency
	Residential Efficient Products Marketplace Program	Energy Efficiency
	Residential Home Energy Assessment Program*	Energy Efficiency
	Non-Residential Lighting Systems & Controls Program	Energy Efficiency
	Non-Residential Heating & Cooling Efficiency Program	Energy Efficiency
	Non-Residential Window Film Program*	Energy Efficiency
	Non-Residential Small Manufacturing Program*	Energy Efficiency
	Non-Residential Office Program*	Energy Efficiency
Phase VIII		
PUR-2019-00201	Residential Energy Efficiency Kits Program	Energy Efficiency
	Residential Electric Vehicle Program	Energy Efficiency
	Residential Electric Vehicle Program	Demand Response
	Residential Electric Vehicle Program	Peak Shaving
	Residential/Non-Residential Multi-Family Program	Energy Efficiency
	Residential New Construction Program	Energy Efficiency
	Residential Home Retrofit Program	Energy Efficiency

⁴² It should be noted that there is a lag between when a new program is approved, and when EM&V reporting for the approved program becomes available.

	Residential HB2789 (Heating and Cooling/Health and Safety) Program*	Energy Efficiency
	Non-Residential Midstream Energy Efficiency Products Program	Energy Efficiency
	Non-Residential Small Business Improvement Enhanced Program	Energy Efficiency
	Residential Customer Engagement Program	Energy Efficiency
	Residential Smart Thermostat Management Program	Energy Efficiency
	Residential Smart Thermostat Management Program	Peak Shaving ⁴³
	Residential Manufactured Housing Program	Energy Efficiency
	Non-Residential New construction	Energy Efficiency
	AC Cycling Extension	Peak Shaving
Phase IX		
PUR-2020-00274	Residential IAQHIP Program ⁴⁴	Energy Efficiency
	Residential Smart Home Program	Energy Efficiency
	Residential Virtual Audit Program	Energy Efficiency
	Residential Water Savings	Energy Efficiency
	Residential Water Savings	Demand Response
	Non-Residential Agriculture Program	Energy Efficiency
	Non-Residential Building Automation Program	Energy Efficiency
	Non-Residential Building Optimization Program	Energy Efficiency
	Non-Residential Engagement Program	Energy Efficiency
	Non-Residential Prescriptive Program	Energy Efficiency
	Non-Residential Distributed Generation Program Extension	Demand Response
Phase X		
PUR-2021-00247	Residential Income and Age Qualifying Home Energy Report	Energy Efficiency
	Non-Residential Income and Age Qualifying	Energy Efficiency
	Program for Health Care and Rental Property Owners	Energy Efficiency
	Small Business Behavioral	Energy Efficiency
	Non-Residential Data Centers and Server Rooms	Energy Efficiency
	Non-Residential Hotel and Lodging	Energy Efficiency
	Voltage Optimization	Energy Efficiency
	Enhancement of the Residential Income and Age Qualifying Home Improvement	Energy Efficiency
	Extension of the Non-residential Lighting Systems & Controls Program	Energy Efficiency
Phase XI		
PUR-2022-00210	Residential Customer Engagement	Energy Efficiency
	Residential Efficient Products Marketplace	Energy Efficiency

^{*}These programs have been rolled into the program bundles approved as part of Phase XI and will close at the end of 2023.

⁴³ Concerning the Residential Smart Thermostat Management Program, the energy efficiency component is the smart thermostat's ability to automatically adjust heating and cooling temperature settings in the home for optimal performance. The peak shaving component provides Dominion access to cycle the thermostat off during peak load events.

⁴⁴ The acronym "IAQHIP" stands for "Income and Age-Qualifying Home Improvement Program."

Residential Peak Time Rebate	Demand Response
Residential Electric Vehicle Telematics Program	Demand Response
Non-Residential Custom	Energy Efficiency
Residential Income and Age Qualifying Bundle	Energy Efficiency
Residential Home Retrofit Bundle	Energy Efficiency
Non-Residential Income and Age Qualified Bundle	Energy Efficiency
Non-Residential Prescriptive Bundle	Energy Efficiency

A summary of key findings of DEV's 2023 EM&V Report is reprinted and attached as Appendix 1 (Tables 2,3,4,5,6,7 DEV's 2023 EM&V Report). 45

<u>APCo</u>

APCo's currently approved and operating programs are listed below: 46

	Table 3.						
	Appalachian Power Active DSM Pro	ograms					
Case No.	Program Name	Program Type					
PUE-2014-00026	Low-Income Weatherization	Energy Efficiency					
	Peak Reduction	Demand Response					
PUR-2017-00126	eScore	Energy Efficiency					
	Bring Your Own Thermostat	Demand Response					
	Commercial and Industrial Lighting	Energy Efficiency					
	Commercial and Industrial Standard	Energy Efficiency					
	Small Business Direct Install	Energy Efficiency					
PUR-2019-00122	Low Income Single Family	Energy Efficiency					
	Low Income Multifamily	Energy Efficiency					
PUR-2020-00252	Business Energy Solutions	Energy Efficiency					
	Bring Your Own Thermostat Extension	Demand Response					
	Home Performance	Energy Efficiency					
	Efficient Products	Energy Efficiency					
	Energy Efficiency Kits	Energy Efficiency					
	Home Energy Reports	Energy Efficiency					
	Small Business Direct Install Extension	Energy Efficiency					
	Volt VAR Optimization Pilot Program	Energy Efficiency					

⁴⁵ This data was provided by DEV and has not yet been reviewed or validated by the Commission.

⁴⁶ The findings and determinations of the EM&V Proceeding discussed above are only applicable to DEV.

13

A summary of the key findings from APCo's 2023 EM&V Report is reprinted below (Tables 1-3 and 1-4 for Residential and Commercial & Industrial ("C&I") Programs, respectively, from APCo's 2023 EM&V Report):⁴⁷

Table 1-3 Summary of Residential Portfolio Energy Savings

Program Name	Ex Ante kWh Savings	Ex Post Gross kWh Savings	Gross kWh Savings Realization Rate	Ex Post Net kWh Savings	Estimated Net-to- Gross Ratio	Lifetime Net Ex Post kWh Savings
Home Performance Program	2,253,209	1,357,239	60%	1,230,687	91%	17,114,782
Low-Income Single-Family Program	1,366,348	1,213,006	89%	1,213,006	100%	13,755,363
Low-Income Multifamily Program	961,822	564,165	59%	564,165	100%	5,596,150
Efficient Products Program	14,544,378	11,646,522	80%	8,326,219	71%	112,563,491
Energy Efficiency Kits Program	3,343,551	2,913,569	87%	2,733,029	94%	28,086,139
Home Energy Reports Program	23,102,091	26,612,523	115%	26,612,523	100%	26,612,523
Bring Your Own Thermostat Program	74,982	74,982	100%	189,881	253%	189,881
Residential Portfolio Totals	45,646,381	44,382,007	97%	40,869,510	92%	203,918,330

Table 1-4 Summary of Residential Portfolio Peak Demand Impacts

Program Name	Ex Ante Gross kW Savings	Ex Post Gross kW Savings	Gross Realization Rate	Ex Post Net kW Savings	Net- to- Gross Ratio
Home Performance Program	1,578.86	227.20	14%	210.05	92%
Low-Income Single Family-Program	438.75	221.72	51%	221.72	100%
Low-Income Multifamily Program	155.68	164.71	106%	164.71	100%
Efficient Products Program	1,444.86	1,074.53	74%	987.64	92%
Energy Efficiency Kits Program	195.13	243.77	125%	226.49	93%
Home Energy Reports Program	5,042.72	5,094.06	101%	5,094.06	100%
Bring Your Own Thermostat Program	5,608.84	5,608.84	100%	5,608.84	100%
Residential Portfolio Totals	14,464.84	12,634.83	87%	12,513.51	99%

⁴⁷ This data was provided by APCo and has not yet been reviewed or validated by the Commission.

Table 1-3 Summary of C&I Portfolio Energy Savings

Program Name	Expected kWh Savings	Gross Realized kWh Savings	Gross Realization Rate	Net Realized kWh Savings	Net-to- Gross Ratio	Net Lifetime kWh Savings
Business Energy Solutions Program	10,683,944	9,836,076	92%	8,802,494	89%	130,532,318
Small Business Direct Install Program	1,737,018	1,512,611	87%	1,297,479	86%	15,268,271
Opt Out Customers	28,289,230	28,289,230	100%	28,289,230	100%	28,289,230
C&I Portfolio Totals	40,710,193	39,637,917	97%	38,389,203	97%	174,089,819

Table 1-4 Summary of C&I Portfolio Peak Demand Impacts

Expected kW Savings	Gross Realized kW Savings	Gross Realization Rate	Net Realized kW Savings	Net-to- Gross Ratio	
1,959.47	2,065.81	105%	1,652.32	80%	
417.67	559.03	134%	420.54	75%	
-	7:	N/A	54	N/A	
2,377.14	2,624.84	110%	2,072.86	79%	
	kW Savings 1,959.47 417.67	Expected	Expected kW Savings Savings Savings Savings 1,959.47 2,065.81 105% 1134% N/A	Expected Realized Realized Realization Rate Savings Savings 1,959.47 2,065.81 105% 1,652.32 417.67 559.03 134% 420.54 1.05% 1,652.32 1.05%	

FEASIBILITY OF ENERGY EFFICIENCY GOALS

Pursuant to Code § 56-596.2 B, a Phase I and Phase II utility must each implement energy efficiency programs and measures to achieve the following total annual energy savings:

For a Phase I utility:

- In calendar year 2022, at least 0.5 percent of the average annual energy jurisdictional retail sales by that utility in 2019;
- In calendar year 2023, at least 1.0 percent of the average annual energy jurisdictional retail sales by that utility in 2019;
- In calendar year 2024, at least 1.5 percent of the average annual energy jurisdictional retail sales by that utility in 2019; and
- In calendar year 2025, at least 2.0 percent of the average annual energy jurisdictional retail sales by that utility in 2019.

For a Phase II utility:

- In calendar year 2022, at least 1.25 percent of the average annual energy jurisdictional retail sales by that utility in 2019;
- In calendar year 2023, at least 2.5 percent of the average annual energy jurisdictional retail sales by that utility in 2019;
- In calendar year 2024, at least 3.75 percent of the average annual energy jurisdictional retail sales by that utility in 2019; and
- In calendar year 2025, at least 5.0 percent of the average annual energy jurisdictional retail sales by that utility in 2019.

Additionally, for the time period 2026 through 2028, and for every successive three-year period thereafter, the Commission is directed to establish new energy efficiency savings targets. The VCEA further directs the Commission to annually review the feasibility of the energy efficiency program savings in Code § 56-596.2 and report on such feasibility.⁴⁸

⁴⁸ Enactment Clause 4 of the 2021 Va. Acts of Assembly ch. 263 (Spec. Session 1) further provides that: "the State Corporation Commission may exclude energy jurisdictional retail sales related to zero-emission vehicles and hybrid electric vehicles from energy jurisdictional retail sales calculated pursuant to § 56-596.2 of the Code of Virginia."

As shown above, calendar year 2022 is the first year that the energy efficiency targets are in effect. Neither APCo nor DEV's results for 2022 have yet been subject to Commission review. The Commission will review these EM&V results as a part of each utility's upcoming energy efficiency filings and will provide additional data related to the feasibility of achieving these energy efficiency goals in future reports.

As noted above and discussed further below, as of its latest EM&V Report filing, Dominion does not currently project to meet its VCEA related savings goals on a "net" basis for any of the 2022-2025 years, or on a gross basis in 2024-2025. In the 2022 DSM Update proceeding, Dominion indicated, among other things, that "it has been unable to solicit enough cost-effective DSM programming from the market to cover the shortfalls in the Company's projected savings, making the path to achieving the VCEA goals substantially more difficult." With regard to APCo, on a "net" basis, it projects to meet all of its annual VCEA related savings goals.

On the issue of whether net or gross savings should be used to measure compliance with the energy efficiency targets, the Commission's Final Order in Dominion's 2021 DSM Update found that:

Determining whether [Dominion] has achieved the 2022 total annual savings percentage in Code § 56-596.2 B will require a factual analysis based on a separate record, which has yet to be developed and which is not yet before us for such purpose. Under the statute, that required factual analysis is not articulated in terms of "gross" or "net" savings, which are neither referenced nor defined therein. Rather, Dominion has the burden to establish, on a factual basis, the "total combined kilowatthour savings achieved by" its energy efficiency and demand response programs and measures.

In this regard, the definition of "achieved" is: "1 a : to bring to a successful conclusion : carry out successfully : accomplish ... 2 : to get as the result of exertion : succeed in obtaining or gaining : win, reach, attain." Accordingly, based on the plain language thereof, when Dominion seeks findings on the savings achieved for purposes of this

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⁴⁹ 2022 DSM Update Final Order at 11.

statute, [Dominion] must factually establish the amount of savings that occurred as the result of its programs and measures.

FN33: For example, to the extent the term "free riders" factually represents specific savings that can be reasonably identified, and that were *not* achieved as a result of Dominion's programs and measures, such savings do not fall within the plain language of this statute.⁵⁰

DEV

In its most recent EM&V Report, DEV provided data related to its expected achievement of the VCEA's energy efficiency goals. As demonstrated in column "DSM %," DEV does not currently project meeting the VCEA targets on a net basis in 2022-2025, nor on a gross basis in 2024-2025. That data is reprinted below:⁵¹

Table 1

at Meter	YEAR	VCEA Target MWh	VCEA Target %	DSM1-8 MWh	DSM9 MWh	DSM10 MWh	DSM11 MWh	DSM12 MWh*	Opt-Outs MWh	DSM %**
-	2022	852,892	1.25%	776,335	4,154	-	٠	-	58,754	1.23%
Ne	2023	1,705,783	2.50%	951,859	75,741	128,063	-	,	59,855	1.8%
-	2024	2,558,675	3.75%	1,052,964	149,344	321,505	6,321		60,955	2.3%
	2025	3,411,567	5.00%	1,052,341	214,222	508,467	17,694	33,662	62,055	2.8%

Table 2

at Meter	YEAR	VCEA Target MWh	VCEA Target %	DSM1-8 MWh	DSM9 MWh	DSM10 MWh	DSM11 MWh	DSM12 MWh*	Opt-Outs MWh	DSM %**
SS	2022	852,892	1.25%	1,220,054	4,781		-		58,754	1.9%
2	2023	1,705,783	2.50%	1,414,902	87,751	154,418	-		59,855	2.5%
ပ	2024	2,558,675	3.75%	1,518,443	176,763	372,158	6,321	-	60,955	3.1%
	2025	3,411,567	5.00%	1,516,260	255,015	570,460	17,694	40,228	62,055	3.6%

⁵⁰ 2021 DSM Update Final Order at 8-9.

⁵¹ Evaluation Measurement and Verification Report For Virginia Electric and Power Company, Case No. PUR-2021-00247, page vii, (June 15, 2023). This report may be located on the Commission's website, scc.virginia.gov/pages/Case Information, by clicking "Docket Search," then clicking "Search by Case Information," and entering the case number, PUR 2021-00247, in the appropriate box.

APCo

In APCo's 2021 EE-RAC Proceeding, it provided the below data related to its expected achievement of the VCEA energy efficiency goals based on net savings:⁵²

	Net Savings											
	2015-2020		C&I		Total DSM		VCEA	VCEA				
	Persistent	Previous	Customer	Opt Out	Forecast	DSM %	Target	Target %				
Year	Savings	Programs	Pilot	Customer	MWh	MWh	MWh	MWh				
2022	153,187	141,915		37,734	332,836	460.6%	72,260	0.5%				
2023	148,610	227,389	11,964	37,734	425,697	294.6%	144,521	1.0%				
2024	143,033	305,926	23,929	37,734	510,622	235.5%	216,781	1.5%				
2025	136,745	373,956	35,893	37,734	584,328	202.2%	289,041	2.0%				

In APCo's 2021 EE-RAC Proceeding, the Commission approved APCo's request to extend the period between EE-RAC filings from one to two years.⁵³ APCo was, however, required to provide "updated reporting on program costs, revenues, participation, and other relevant information, on or before November 30, 2022."⁵⁴ APCo submitted this letter on November 30, 2022, as required. The Commission expects to receive updated data on the utility's progress towards achieving the VCEA targets in its upcoming DSM proceeding expected this year. According to APCo's 2023 EM&V Report, for program year 2022, APCo reports achieving, on a net basis, approximately 40,869 megawatt-hours ("MWh") in residential energy savings and 38,389 MWh in non-residential savings, for a total of 79,258 MWh.

⁵² These are APCo's estimates provided in APCo's witness Diebel's direct testimony, Schedule 2, in APCo's 2021 EE-RAC Proceeding and have not been determined by the Commission to be the "achieved" savings at this time. Petition of Appalachian Power Company, For approval to continue rate adjustment clause, the EE-RAC, and for approval of new energy efficiency programs pursuant to §§ 56-585.1 A 5 c and 56-596.2 of the Code of Virginia, Case No. PUR-2021-00236, Doc. Con. Cen. No. 211180097, Petition (filed November 30, 2021).

⁵³ APCo's 2021 EE-RAC Final Order at 5.

⁵⁴ *Id.* at 4.

CLOSING

The Commission appreciates the opportunity to provide this update to the Governor and the General Assembly on energy efficiency and DSM-related matters. The Commission has conducted energy efficiency and DSM-related proceedings that are detailed herein. In particular, in 2023, the Commission approved five new programs for DEV as well as four program bundles. In addition, the Commission's Staff has participated as stakeholders in multiple stakeholder meetings over the last year as required by recent legislation and Commission Order. The Commission also includes herein information related to the utilities' progress towards the energy efficiency targets contained in Code § 56-596.2. The Commission will review these EM&V results as a part of each utility's upcoming energy efficiency filings and will provide additional data related to the feasibility of achieving these energy efficiency goals in future reports.

The Commission will continue to monitor each of the specified areas for reporting and stands ready to provide any additional information or assistance if requested.

APPENDIX 1

DEV EM&V Tables

Table 1. Virginia program avoided costs in Program Year 2022

	Avoided	Costs	Avoided T&D Demand Costs								
				Transmission		Distribution					
Average (\$/kWh)	Capacity (\$/kW- year)	Reserve Margin Forecast Pool Requirement (FPR) (%)	Avoided Transmission Cost (\$/kW- year)	Avoided Transmission Summer Split (%)	Avoided Transmission Winter Split (%)	Avoided Distribution Cost (\$/kW-year)	Summer Split	Avoided Transmission Winter Split (%)			
\$0.03	\$31.94	10%	\$31.95	0%	100%	\$18.14	50%	50%			

Table 2. Virginia summary program metrics - participation and financial of residential and income and age qualified programs (cumulative through December 31, 2022) $^{9,\,10,\,11,\,12}$

		6	Particip	ation			Financial		
	Program	Program Operation Years	Participants (in 1,000's)	No. Measures (in 1,000's)	Expenditures (\$M)	Administrative Expenditures (\$M)	Budget (\$M)	Spending as % of Budget	Program cost per participant
	Appliance Recycling	4	5.03	5.03	\$1.78	\$0.08	\$6.52	27%	\$355
	Home Energy Assessment	4	19	1,039	\$16	\$0.73	\$16	98%	\$835
27120000000	Customer Engagement	3	303	303	\$3.93	\$0.17	\$3.84	102%	\$13
Residential Energy Services	Manufactured Housing	3	0.01	0.05	\$1.32	\$0.06	\$2.86	46%	\$219,920
	Multifamily	3	1.64	10	\$1.43	\$0.06	\$3.95	36%	\$869
	Home Retrofit	3	0.15	0.55	\$1.78	\$0.08	\$3.18	56%	\$11,914
	Virtual Energy Audit	2	2.15	84	\$0.67	\$0.03	\$4.21	16%	\$312
	Efficient Products Marketplace	4	14,810	14,810	\$31	\$1.39	\$30.57	102%	\$2.10
	Electric Vehicle Energy Efficiency and Demand Response	3	0.30	0.30	\$0.57	\$0.03	\$0.74	78%	\$1,920
Residential	Kits	3	55	109	\$2.59	\$0.11	\$3.88	67%	\$47
Efficient Products	Smart Home	2	0.02	0.09	\$0.73	\$0.03	\$2.05	36%	\$48,657
	Water Savings	2	0.06	0.06	\$0.27	\$0.01	\$0.79	34%	\$4,306
	Thermostat Purchase and WeatherSmart	3	11	12	\$2.25	\$0.10	\$2.37	95%	\$196
Residential New Construction	New Construction	3	3.58	3.58	\$3.92	\$0.17	\$8.78	45%	\$1,096
Residential Sub-To	tal		15,212	16,376	\$68.35	\$3.05	\$90	76%	\$4.49
	HVAC Health and Safety	3	7.00	12	\$21	\$0.94	\$22	98%	\$3,046
Income & Age Qualifying	Income and Age Qualifying Energy Efficiency	2	4.73	28	\$5.87	\$0.25	\$7.43	79%	\$1,240
	Income and Age Qualifying Solar	2	0.01	0.01	\$0.21	\$0.01	\$11	1.97%	\$29,589
Income and Age Qu Total	ualifying Home Improvement Sub-		12	40	\$27	\$1.19	\$40	69%	\$2,334

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Table 3. Virginia summary program metrics - participation and financial of non-residential programs (cumulative through December 31, 2022)

	The state of the s	Ę	Partici	pation			Financial	10.00	
	Program	Program Operation Years	Participants (in 1,000's)	No. Measures (in 1,000's)	Expenditures (\$M)	Administrative Expenditures (\$M)	Budget (\$M)	Spending as % of Budget	Program cost per participant
	Prescriptive	6	2.84	522	\$33	\$1.68	\$29	115%	\$11,712
	Prescriptive Enhanced	2	0.37	15	\$5.69	\$0.24	\$4.23	134%	\$15,535
Non-Residential	Heating and Cooling Efficiency	4	0.13	1.75	\$2.82	\$0.13	\$6.83	41%	\$22,574
General Products	Lighting Systems & Controls	4	0.99	129	\$11	\$0.50	\$8.95	121%	\$11,012
& Services	Small Manufacturing	4	0.02	0.20	\$1.68	\$0.07	\$4.57	37%	\$83,766
	Window Film	4	0.07	102	\$1.15	\$0.05	\$1.64	70%	\$16,641
	Midstream Energy Efficiency Products	3	0.12	0.64	\$1.38	\$0.06	\$3.79	36%	\$11,499
	Small Business Improvement Enhanced	3	0.90	16	\$5.95	\$0.26	\$7.22	82%	\$6,621
Non-Residential	Agricultural Energy Efficiency	2	0.00	15	\$0.49	\$0.02	\$0.91	54%	\$163,950
Targeted Sector	New Construction	3	0.00	0.00	\$1.11	\$0.05	\$2.29	48%	N/A
	Multifamily	3	0.01	0.35	\$0.40	\$0.02	\$0.90	45%	\$80,803
N Biddi-l	Office	4	0.08	0.92	\$2.10	\$0.09	\$4.28	49%	\$25,883
Non-Residential Building	Building Optimization	2	0.002	0.10	\$0.51	\$0.02	\$1.10	46%	\$255,199
Automation & Controls	Building Automation System	2	0.00	0.00	\$0.43	\$0.02	\$0.96	45%	N/A
Controls	Engagement	2	0.00	0.00	\$0.61	\$0.03	\$1.54	40%	N/A
Non-Residential Su	ıb-Total		5.51	803	\$68	\$3.24	\$78	88%	\$12,408
Total			15,229	17,219	\$164	\$7.48	\$208	79%	\$11

Table 4. Virginia summary program metrics - benefit cost ratios of residential and income and age qualified programs (cumulative through December 31, 2022) 13

	B		Benefit Cos	t Ratios		Filing
	Program	Participant	Utility	TRC	RIM	Year
Residential						
	Appliance Recycling	19.22	0.98	0.90	0.22	2023
	Home Energy Assessment	25.06	8.46	5.94	0.35	2023
	Customer Engagement	12.87	1.80	1.41	0.40	2023
Residential Energy Services	Manufactured Housing	1.48	0.12	0.11	0.09	2023
	Multifamily	1.48	0.66	0.35	0.26	2023
	Home Retrofit	7.05	2.48	1.92	0.44	2023
	Virtual Energy Audit	61.15	4.07	8.08	0.26	2023
	Efficient Products Marketplace	++	15.83	18.74	0.27	2023
	Electric Vehicle Energy Efficiency and Demand Response	0.66	0.11	0.06	0.08	2023
Residential Efficient	Kits	++	0.45	2.03	0.17	2023
Products	Smart Home	1.54	0.35	0.21	0.15	2023
	Water Savings	4.98	1.22	1.04	0.25	2023
	Thermostat Purchase and WeatherSmart	3.72	1.34	0.89	0.38	2023
Residential New Construction	New Construction	3.33	2.09	1.21	0.40	2023
	Smart Cooling Rewards	++	0.42	1.00	0.42	2021
Residential Demand	Electric Vehicle Rewards	136.42	1.31	2.22	1.31	2019
Response	Smart Thermostat Rewards	9.37	0.47	0.59	0.46	2023
	Water Savings Demand Response	4.99	1.79	1.60	0.33	2020
Income and Age Quali	fying					
	HVAC Health and Safety	2.34	0.29	0.37	0.18	2023
Income & Age Qualifying	Income and Age Qualifying Energy Efficiency	++	0.73	0.73	0.27	2023
	Income and Age Qualifying Solar	++	0.20	0.20	0.13	2023

Table 5. Virginia summary program metrics - benefit cost ratios of non-residential programs (cumulative through December 31, 2022)¹⁴

	Branner		Benefit Co	st Ratios		Filing
	Program	Participant	Utility	TRC	RIM	Year
Non-Residential			- 2			
	Prescriptive	1.08	0.20	0.15	0.14	2020
	Prescriptive Enhanced	4.88	2.21	2.21	0.62	2023
Non-Residential	Heating and Cooling Efficiency	18.92	39.23	18.27	1.14	2023
General Products &	Lighting Systems & Controls	29.77	11.09	9.12	0.56	2022
Services	Small Manufacturing	20.59	6.16	5.76	0.48	2023
	Window Film	2.97	0.80	0.59	0.32	2023
	Midstream Energy Efficiency Products	1.62	3.92	1.68	1.11	2023
	Small Business Improvement Enhanced	2.62	0.76	0.60	0.29	2023
Non-Residential	Agricultural Energy Efficiency	1.10	0.21	0.16	0.15	2023
Targeted Sector	New Construction	2.84	1.21	1.20	0.50	2019
	Multifamily	4.76	1.77	1.39	0.41	2023
	Office	10.55	1.46	1.56	0.30	2023
Non-Residential	Building Optimization	17.88	6.61	5.95	0.65	2023
Building Automation & Controls	Building Automation System	7.91	5.83	4.92	1.27	2020
	Engagement	++	1.90	3.07	0.85	2020
Non-Residential Demand Response	Distributed Generation	++	0.86	2.56	0.82	2023

Table 6. Virginia summary program metrics - energy impacts of residential and income and age qualified programs (cumulative through December 31, 2022)

					Energy Im	pacts	2.214		
			Gross	Impacts			Net	Impacts	
	Program			Lifetime Gross Energy Savings (MWh)	Total Summer Gross Peak Demand Reductions (MW)	Total Annualized Net Energy Savings (MWh/yr)	Cumulative Net Energy Savings (MWh)	Lifetime Net Energy Savings (MWh)	Total Summer Net Peak Demand Reductions (MW)
	Appliance Recycling	3,591	6,982	28,739	0.54	2,155	4,189	17,243	0.32
	Home Energy Assessment	40,230	53,204	502,980	2.85	11,357	13,253	141,991	0.83
Residential Energy	Customer Engagement	111,682	101,814	113,652	0.00	13,741	12,056	14,068	0.00
Residential Energy Services	Manufactured Housing	1.23	1.11	15	0.00	1.10	1.00	13	0.00
	Multifamily	429	324	10,962	0.11	386	291	9,866	0.10
	Home Retrofit	335	304	7,204	0.10	302	273	6,484	0.09
	Virtual Energy Audit	1,973	600	27,038	0.16	1,184	360	16,223	0.10
	Efficient Products Marketplace	443,638	739,516	7,360,182	41	252,747	458,307	4,193,557	23
	Electric Vehicle Energy Efficiency and Demand Response	40	26	396	0.00	32	21	317	0.00
Residential Efficient	Kits	6,883	5,880	41,391	0.60	4,130	3,528	24,835	0.36
Products	Smart Home	8.09	1.78	50	0.00	6.87	1.51	43	0.00
	Water Savings	98	14	1,156	0.01	88	13	1,041	0.01
	Thermostat Purchase and WeatherSmart	3,275	2,369	21,375	0.50	2,689	1,896	17,100	0.47
Residential New Construction	New Construction	7,101	4,996	161,789	3.17	6,178	4,346	140,756	2.76
Residential Sub-Te	otal	619,282	916,033	8,276,930	49	294,995	498,536	4,583,537	28
	HVAC Health and Safety	2,341	2,073	30,780	0.39	1,872	1,658	24,624	0.32
Income & Age Qualifying	Income and Age Qualifying Energy Efficiency	3,096	1,093	63,727	0.69	2,477	874	50,982	0.55
	Income and Age Qualifying Solar	35	2.29	763	0.01	28	1.83	610	0.01
Income and Age G Total	Income and Age Qualifying Home Improvement Sub- Total		3,168	95,270	1.10	4,377	2,534	76,216	0.88

Table 7. Virginia summary program metrics - energy impacts of non-residential programs (cumulative through December 31, 2022)

					Energy Im	pacts			
		-00	Gross	Impacts		ALC:	Net I	mpacts	
	Program	Total Annualized Gross Energy Savings (MWh/yr)	Cumulative Gross Energy Savings (MWh)	Lifetime Gross Energy Savings (MWh)	Total Summer Gross Peak Demand Reductions (MW)	Total Annualized Net Energy Savings (MWh/yr)	Cumulative Net Energy Savings (MWh)	Lifetime Net Energy Savings (MWh)	Total Summer Net Peak Demand Reductions (MW)
	Prescriptive	82,173	191,312	526,765	17	41,761	104,720	267,505	12
	Prescriptive Enhanced	8,848	932	86,689	5.60	7,963	839	78,020	5.04
Non-Residential	Heating and Cooling Efficiency	13,237	8,941	198,577	3.28	9,266	6,259	139,004	2.29
General Products	Lighting Systems & Controls	68,319	111,966	695,668	9.80	38,122	62,477	388,183	4.50
& Services	Small Manufacturing	4,998	1,396	61,644	0.61	4,498	1,256	55,479	0.54
	Window Film	510	813	5,104	0.08	408	650	4,084	0.06
	Midstream Energy Efficiency Products	1,690	438	32,751	2.04	1,521	394	29,476	1.83
	Small Business Improvement Enhanced	7,549	6,130	77,044	1.53	6,622	5,373	67,597	1.19
Non-Residential	Agricultural Energy Efficiency	4,981	2,012	298,905	0.79	4,831	1,952	289,938	0.77
Targeted Sector	New Construction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Multifamily	166	6.28	1,408	0.02	149	5.65	1,267	0.02
Non-Residential	Office	5,552	3,050	38,875	0.07	4,997	2,745	34,987	0.06
Building	Building Optimization	1,798	129	8,994	0.05	1,618	116	8,095	0.04
Automation &	Building Automation System	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Controls	Controls Engagement		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Non-Residential S	ub-Total	199,821	327,126	2,032,424	41	121,757	186,787	1,363,633	29
Total		824,574	1,246,327	10,404,624	91	421,130	687,857	6,023,386	58

Table 8. Virginia summary program metrics - other impacts of residential and income and age qualified programs (cumulative through December 31, 2022)

			Other Imp	acts	4
	Program	Bill Savings (\$M/year)	Carbon Emissions Avoided (Metric Tons CO ₂ /yr)	O&M NEIs (\$M/year)	Water Savings (Mgal/year)
	Appliance Recycling	\$0.18	2,073	\$0.00	0.00
	Home Energy Assessment	\$1.58	23,405	\$3.34	2.62
	Customer Engagement	\$6.47	66,336	\$0.00	0.00
Residential Energy Services	Manufactured Housing	\$0.00	0.71	\$0.00	0.00
	Multifamily	\$0.05	247	\$0.15	0.00
	Home Retrofit	\$0.01	192	\$0.00	0.01
	Virtual Energy Audit	\$0.24	1,158	\$0.32	6.57
	Efficient Products Marketplace	\$18	235,126	\$8.32	30.52
	Electric Vehicle Energy Efficiency and Demand Response	\$0.00	23	\$0.00	0.00
Residential	Kits	\$0.43	4,158	\$0.09	2.43
Efficient Products	Smart Home	\$0.00	4.84	\$0.00	0.00
	Water Savings	\$0.01	57	\$0.00	0.00
	Thermostat Purchase and WeatherSmart	\$0.22	1,911	\$0.00	0.00
Residential New Construction	New Construction	\$0.65	4,158	\$0.00	0.00
Residential Sub-To	otal	\$28	338,849	\$12.22	42
	HVAC Health and Safety	\$0.12	1,331	-\$0.01	0.00
Income & Age Qualifying	Income and Age Qualifying Energy Efficiency	\$0.39	1,801	\$0.04	1.99
	Income and Age Qualifying Solar	\$0.00	21	\$0.00	0.00
Income and Age Q	ualifying Home Improvement Sub-Total	\$0.51	3,153	\$0.04	1.99

Table 9. Virginia summary program metrics - other impacts of non-residential programs (cumulative through December 31, 2022)

			Other Imp	acts	
	Program	Bill Savings (\$M/year)	Carbon Emissions Avoided (Metric Tons CO₂/yr)	O&M NEIs (\$M/year)	Water Savings (Mgal/year)
	Prescriptive	\$0.03	49,337	\$0.00	0.00
	Prescriptive Enhanced	\$0.92	5,246	\$0.00	0.00
Non-Residential	Heating and Cooling Efficiency	\$0.63	7,612	-\$0.47	0.00
General Products	Lighting Systems & Controls	\$1.85	40,422	\$0.08	0.00
& Services	Small Manufacturing	\$0.41	2,864	\$0.00	0.00
	Window Film	\$0.01	309	\$0.00	0.00
	Midstream Energy Efficiency Products	N/A	992	-\$0.55	1.06
	Small Business Improvement Enhanced	\$0.61	4,661	\$0.17	0.00
Non-Residential	Agricultural Energy Efficiency	\$0.61	2,891	\$1.28	0.00
Targeted Sector	New Construction	N/A	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Multifamily	\$0.02	95.67	\$0.00	0.00
Non-Residential	Office	\$0.49	3,155	\$0.00	0.00
Building	Building Optimization	\$0.10	1,003	\$0.00	0.00
Automation &	Building Automation System	N/A	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
Controls	Engagement	N/A	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
Non-Residential S	ub-Total	\$5.69	118,588	\$0.52	1.06
Total		\$34.53	460,589	\$13	45

APPENDIX 2

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

APCo Appalachian Power Company

Code of Virginia

Commission Virginia State Corporation Commission

DEV Virginia Electric and Power Company d/b/a Dominion Energy Virginia

DNV An energy consulting firm under contract with Dominion

Dominion Virginia Electric and Power Company d/b/a Dominion Energy Virginia

DSM Demand Side Management

EE Energy Efficiency

EM&V Evaluation, Measurement and Verification

General Assembly Virginia General Assembly

GTSA Grid Transformation and Security Act, Chapter 296 of the 2018

Acts of Assembly

IAQHIP Income and Age-Qualifying Home Improvement Program

MWh Megawatt-hour

Staff State Corporation Commission Staff

VCEA Virginia Clean Economy Act, Chapters 1193 and 1194 of the 2020

Acts of Assembly

Pandemic-related Activities

The Commission has previously reported on its response to the public health concern related to the spread of the coronavirus, or COVID-19. Through several orders, the Commission directed regulated electric, natural gas, and water and sewer companies in Virginia to suspend service disconnections through October 5, 2020, affording the General Assembly and the Governor time to address the economic impact on utility customers legislatively.⁵⁵ Thereafter, in a November 2020 Special Session, the General Assembly enacted budget legislation further prohibiting utility shut-offs during the then state of emergency declared by the Governor, subject to certain conditions and limitations.⁵⁶ This budget legislation also directed the Commission to distribute \$100 million of Virginia's portion of the coronavirus relief funds ("CRF") received under Public Law 116-136: Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, to electric, natural gas, and water and sewer utilities, including municipal utilities, throughout the Commonwealth to offset utility customer billing arrearages due to COVID-19.⁵⁷ Relatedly, budget legislation enacted by the General Assembly during a 2021 Special Session directed the Commission, in coordination with the Department of Housing and Community Development, to distribute \$120 million of additional coronavirus relief funds received by Virginia under Public Law 117-2: American

⁵⁵ Commonwealth of Virginia, ex rel. State Corporation Commission, Ex Parte: Temporary Suspension of Tariff Requirements, Case No. PUR-2020-00048, 2020 S.C.C. Ann. Rept. 467, Order Suspending Disconnection of Service and Suspending Tariff Provisions Regarding Utility Disconnections of Service (March 16, 2020); 2020 S.C.C. Ann. Rept. 467, Order Extending Suspension of Service Disconnections (April 9, 2020); 2020 S.C.C. Ann. Rept. 469, Order on Suspension of Service Disconnections (June 12, 2020); 2020 S.C.C. Ann. Rept. 473, Order on Moratorium (August 24, 2020); 2020 S.C.C. Ann. Rept. 475, Additional Order on Moratorium (September 15, 2020).

⁵⁶ See, House Bill 5005, 2020 Va. Acts, Special Session I, ch. 56 (Item 4-14)

⁵⁷ See, House Bill 5005, 2020 Va. Acts, Special Session I, ch. 56 (Item 479.10). See also, House Bill 1800, 2021 Va. Acts, Special Session I, ch. 552 (modifying pertinent provisions in Item 479.10).

Rescue Plan Act of 2021 ("ARPA"). ⁵⁸ These funds were also distributed to Virginia's utilities (as identified above) to offset utility customer billing arrearages due to COVID-19. The Commission and its Staff continue to provide oversight of these CRF and ARPA distributions. Additionally, and at the General Assembly's direction, the Commission since 2020 has submitted annual reports to the General Assembly and the Executive Branch detailing current utility customer billing arrearages and utility service disconnections. ⁵⁹ The annual submission of these reports will continue through 2023.

⁵⁸ See, House Bill 7001, 2021 Va. Acts, Special Session II, ch. 1 (Item 479.20).

⁵⁹ See, House Bill 5005, 2020 Va. Acts, Special Session I, ch. 56 (Item 4-14).