

COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA

Department of Medical Assistance Services

CHERYL ROBERTS DIRECTOR

SUITE 1300 600 EAST BROAD STREET RICHMOND, VA 23219 804/786-7933 804/343-0634 (TDD) www.dmas.virginia.gov

October 15, 2025

MEMORANDUM

TO: The Honorable Mark D. Sickles

Chair, Joint Subcommittee on Health and Human Resources Oversight

The Honorable R. Creigh Deeds

Vice Chair, Joint Subcommittee on Health and Human Resources Oversight

FROM: Cheryl Roberts

Director, Virginia Department of Medical Assistance Services

SUBJECT: Report on the hospital readmissions July 2020-March 2025

This report is submitted in compliance with 288.AA. of the 2025 Appropriations Act, which states:

The Department of Medical Assistance Services shall amend the State Plan for Medical Assistance Services under Title XIX to modify the definition of readmissions to include cases when patients are readmitted to a hospital for the same or a similar diagnosis within 30 days of discharge, excluding planned readmissions, obstetrical readmissions, admissions to critical access hospitals, or in any case where the patient was originally discharged against medical advice. If the patient is readmitted to the same hospital for a potentially preventable readmission then the payment for such cases shall be paid at 50 percent of the normal rate, except that a readmission within five days of discharge shall be considered a continuation of the same stay and shall not be treated as a new case. Similar diagnoses shall be defined as ICD diagnosis codes possessing the same first three digits. The department shall have the authority to implement this reimbursement change effective July 1, 2020, and prior to the completion of any regulatory process undertaken in order to effect such change. The department shall report quarterly on the number of hospital readmissions, the cost, and the primary diagnosis of such readmissions to the Joint Subcommittee for Health and Human Resources Oversight.

Should you have any questions or need additional information, please feel free to contact me at 804-664-2660.

CR/wf Enclosure

Pc: The Honorable Janet V. Kelly, Secretary of Health and Human Resources





Report on the hospital readmissions, July 2020-March 2025

October 2025

Report Mandate:

Item 288.AA. of the 2024 Appropriations Act states: The Department of Medical Assistance Services shall amend the State Plan for Medical Assistance Services under Title XIX to modify the definition of readmissions to include cases when patients are readmitted to a hospital for the same or a similar diagnosis within 30 days of discharge, excluding planned readmissions, obstetrical readmissions, admissions to critical access hospitals, or in any case where the patient was originally discharged against medical advice. If the patient is readmitted to the same hospital for a potentially preventable readmission then the payment for such cases shall be paid at 50 percent of the normal rate, except that a readmission within five days of discharge shall be considered a continuation of the same stay and shall not be treated as a new case. Similar diagnoses shall be defined as ICD diagnosis codes possessing the same first three digits. The department shall have the authority to implement this reimbursement change effective July 1, 2020, and prior to the completion of any regulatory process undertaken in order to effect such change. The department shall report quarterly on the number of hospital readmissions, the cost, and the primary diagnosis of such readmissions to the Joint Subcommittee for Health and Human Resources Oversight.

same or a similar diagnosis within 30 days of discharge, excluding planned readmissions, obstetrical readmissions, admissions to critical access hospitals, or in any case where the patient was originally discharged against medical advice

Users can access the dashboard on the DMAS website (Workbook: GA Hospital Readmissions) and filter results by Calendar Year and view all the Primary diagnoses on hospital readmissions.

Background

The Hospital Readmissions Dashboard presents a quarterly report of the number of hospital readmissions, the cost, and the primary diagnosis of such readmissions when patients are readmitted to a hospital for the

Table 1, Hospital Readmissions from December 2023 – March 2025, the cost, and top primary diagnosis of the readmissions.

GA Hospital Readmissions

Data Last Refreshed: 10/12/2025 8:35:05 AM

Calendar Year

| Readmission | ns by MCO and r | nonth | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------------|--------|--------|---------|--------|------------|-----|-------------|
| Month | Aetna | Anthem | Molina | Sentara | United | VA Premier | FFS | Grand Total |
| 2023-12 | | 38 | | 208 | 17 | | 19 | 282 |
| 2024-01 | | 38 | | 59 | 10 | | 17 | 124 |
| 2024-02 | | 40 | | 113 | 16 | | 16 | 185 |
| 2024-03 | | 52 | | 120 | 19 | | 12 | 203 |
| 2024-04 | | 41 | | 117 | 13 | | 23 | 194 |
| 2024-05 | | 41 | | 99 | 10 | | 24 | 174 |
| 2024-06 | | 40 | | 91 | 10 | | 11 | 152 |
| 2024-07 | | 48 | | 124 | 11 | | 23 | 206 |
| 2024-08 | | 49 | | 114 | 13 | | 16 | 192 |
| 2024-09 | | 57 | | 101 | 10 | | 14 | 182 |
| 2024-10 | | 33 | | 100 | 12 | | 23 | 168 |
| 2024-11 | | 46 | | 115 | 14 | | 22 | 197 |
| 2024-12 | | 45 | | 115 | 18 | | 14 | 192 |
| 2025-01 | | 44 | | 110 | 21 | | 20 | 195 |
| 2025-02 | | 34 | | 78 | 19 | | 22 | 153 |
| 2025-03 | 2 | 43 | | 77 | 25 | | 28 | 175 |
| Grand Total | 202 | 2,009 | 192 | 3,813 | 694 | 3,386 | 843 | 11,139 |

| Cost of Readmissions | |
|----------------------|--------------|
| Health Plan | Dollars paid |
| Aetna | \$2,067,401 |
| Anthem | \$13,243,889 |
| Molina | \$1,576,274 |
| Sentara | \$20,750,765 |
| United | \$4,649,796 |
| VA Premier | \$17,018,362 |
| FFS | \$6,490,065 |
| Grand Total | \$65,796,552 |

Primary diagnoses associated with readmissions

| Primary Diagnoses | F | Count of Claims | Dollars paid |
|--|---|-----------------|--------------|
| Alcohol dependence, uncomplicated | | 837 | \$422,102 |
| Opioid dependence, uncomplicated | | 751 | \$321,039 |
| Sepsis, unspecified organism | | 684 | \$6,287,706 |
| Hb-SS disease with crisis, unspecified | | 510 | \$2,578,704 |
| Type 1 diabetes mellitus with ketoacidos | | 380 | \$1,378,065 |
| Hyp hrt & chr kdny dis w hrt fail and st | | 359 | \$2,590,222 |
| Encounter for antineoplastic chemotherap | | 203 | \$1,914,960 |
| Alcohol dependence with withdrawal, unsp | | 198 | \$534,845 |
| Hypertensive heart disease with heart fa | | 197 | \$1,135,991 |
| Schizoaffective disorder, bipolar type | | 180 | \$1,059,001 |
| Alcoholic cirrhosis of liver with ascite | | 149 | \$1,131,930 |
| Acute and chronic respiratory failure wi | | 140 | \$1,117,763 |
| Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease w | | 137 | \$691,723 |
| Alcohol induced acute pancreatitis witho | | 117 | \$415,040 |
| Major depressy disorder, recurrent sever | | 114 | \$625,143 |

About DMAS and Medicaid

The mission of the Virginia Medicaid agency is to improve the health and well-being of Virginians through access to high-quality health care coverage. The Department of Medical Assistance Services (DMAS) administers Virginia's Medicaid and CHIP programs for over 2 million Virginians. Members have access to primary and specialty health services, inpatient care, dental, behavioral health as well as addiction and recovery treatment services. In addition, Medicaid long-term services and supports enable thousands of Virginians to remain in their homes or to access residential and nursing home care.

Medicaid members historically have included children, pregnant women, parents and caretakers, older adults, and individuals with disabilities. In 2019, Virginia expanded the Medicaid eligibility rules to make health care coverage available to more than 600,000 newly eligible, low-income adults.

Medicaid and CHIP (known in Virginia as Family Access to Medical Insurance Security, or FAMIS) are jointly funded by Virginia and the federal government under Title XIX and Title XXI of the Social Security Act. Virginia generally receives an approximate dollar-for-dollar federal spending match in the Medicaid program. Medicaid expansion qualifies the Commonwealth for a federal funding match of no less than 90% for newly eligible adults, generating cost savings that benefit the overall state budget.